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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. IV. NO. 20 BOMBAY: MONDAY, JANUARY 24, 1916. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden	Tons.
SUNDAY.				
Jan. 16				
23rd ,,	Saxon	6000	Arabia	8000
30th Feb.	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	...	...
6th ,,	Saxon	6000	Karmala	9000
13th ,,	Kashmir	9000	...	...
27th ,,	Saxon	6000	Khybe	9000
5th March	Sardinia	7000	...	...
12th ,,	Medina	12500	...	...
19th ,,	Caledonia	8000	...	...
26th ,,	Saxon	6000	Mongolia	10000
2nd April	Sashgar	9000	...	...
9th ,,	Saxon	6000	Malwa	11000
16th ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	...	...
23rd ,,	Saxon	6000	Khiva	9000
30th ,,	Karmala	9000	...	...

To Colombo, Straits, China and Japan & Yokohama shipping at Colombo for Australia, &c.

Date. About	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo	Tons.
Jan 16				
27th ,,	Nankin	7000	Mongolia	10000
10th Feb	Novara	7000	Malwa	11000
24th ,,	Mantua	7000	Mooltan	10000

For accommodation and further information apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers.	Destination.
*24th Jan.	Dhakla	Karachi direct
4th Feb.	Barbera	London (Limited accommodation one class only)
29th ,,	Palamcotta	East and South Africa via Port Sunder
29th ,,	Lhasa	Karachi direct connecting with Dwarka at Karachi for Gulf passengers only.
31st ,,	Aviemoor	Malabar Coast, Colombo and Rangoon

* or later on arrival of English Mail

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with Messrs. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.).
Incorporated in Japan.
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Yokogawa Maru	K. Ogura	4166	14th Jan	26th Jan.
Chichibu Maru	S. Murakami	5280	31st Jan	12th Feb
Yokohama Maru	H. Nojiri	4098	1st Feb.	13th Feb.
Bombay Maru	T. Terada	4625	14th Feb.	23rd Feb.

For Freight apply to:—
T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.
NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 273,600.
Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN.
via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures.
SS. LuzonMaru	4075	T. Miyata	15th Jan.	25th Jan.
Saigon Maru	4538	T. Watanabe	31st ,,	10th Feb.
Java Maru	4499	T. Fuchigami	22nd Feb.	3rd Mar.

For Freight apply to
Y. ASAI,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,
Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,
28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,
BOMBAY.
Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bathroom Fittings, etc.

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE)
SPRING SAILINGS, 1916.
HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Cairo.	A & C	7672	....	30th Jan.
City of Exeter	A & C	9372	....	20th Feb.
City of Paris	A & C	9239	20 Mar.	16th Mar.
City of Marseilles.	A & C	8250	20th Apr.	18th Apr.

Fares:	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	555	882	420	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,033	480	720
Liverpool	690	996	450	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	942	..	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

A. and C. class steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—
KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bate and Sons, Agency.
Karachi.—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

The *Bombay Chronicle* is sold at *one anna* throughout India at the following stations:
AGRA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
AHMEDABAD.—Sha Surajmal Chunilal.
AHMEDABAD.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
AHMEDNAGAR.—La Croix & Co. St. Anne's.
AHMEDNAGAR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
AJMER.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BADNERA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BANDRA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BARODA.—M. C. Kothari.
BARODA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
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BHOPAL.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
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BHUSAVAL.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BINA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BOMBAY.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BROACH.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
DEOLALI.—Nusserwanji & Sons.
DELHI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
DELHI.—The Elhence, Agency
DHARWAR.—Higginbotham & Co.
DHOND.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
GWALIOR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
HUBLI.—Higginbotham & Co.
HYDERABAD Dn.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
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ITARSI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
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KALYAN.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
KALYAN.—Proprietor, Refreshment Room, Kalyan Station.
KHANDWA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
KIRKEE.—La Croix & Co.
KOLHAPUR CITY.—S. A. Kulkarni & Co.
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LONAVLA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
MUNMAD.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
MATHERAN.—Shapurji Nowroji & Co.
MHOW.—Sorabji Maneckji.
MHOW.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
MUTRA JUNCTION.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NAGPUR.—"Maharashtra" Office.
NAGPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NEEMUCH.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NERAL.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NADIAD.—Dalsukhram Keshavram Pandya, Esq.
POONA.—Shaik Abdulla Mohamed.
POONA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
PURNEA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
RUTLAM.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SECUNDERABAD Dn.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SIMLA.—Ram Sharanlal.
SHOLAPUR.—Dhonde Brothers.
SHOLAPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SURAT.—Changanlal Motiram, Kellapia.
SURAT.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
THANA.—Jamshed and Fredoon Irani, opposite Railway Station.
WADHWAN.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
WADI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.

NOTICE

The Manager would be glad to receive applications for Sale agencies at Stations not included in the above lists.

SHIPPING

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains'	Leave Bombay, about
S.S. Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne R.D., R.N.R.	1st Mar. 1916.
S.S. Castalia	6888	Wm. Kelso	9th ,, ,,
S.S. Olympia	5124	Alex. Andrew	18th ,, ,,
S.S. Scindia	5106	R. Erskine	27th ,, ,,

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	867
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information, regarding passage apply to the undersigned:—
W. & A. GRAHAM, Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,175,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London E.C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp	Kampale
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Point)	
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter, periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.
(SCOTLAND.)
B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMPS OIL	B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL	B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES	B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street,
P. O. Box 203. Telephone Nos. 101 & 1439.

BANKING

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON
BRANCHES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Do Hongkew
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Taingtau
Hongkong	Peking	Yloilo
	Penang	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,00 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial Cities in Europe India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON
Agent.
40, Churchgate Street.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
12, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital	£1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	£562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£562,500
Reserve Fund	£500,000

Head Office: 15, Gracechurch Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS.
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK LTD.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.
Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah (Calcutta), Delhi, Rangoon, Madras Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur Kota Bharu (Kelantan), Penang, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 5,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 3 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.).
Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen. 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen. 20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Lisoyang	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	Calcutta	San Francisco
Darien (Dalney)	London	Shanghai
Hankow	Lyons	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Fengtien (Mukden)	Tiehling
Hong-Kong	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
Los Angles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsinanfu.
	Pekin	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interests is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE BARODA.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 20,00 000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 3,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSIT.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH-CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent., per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
Bankers to the Government in Busra.
SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and 7th last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 15,75,950
Reserve Funds	Rs. 11,21,562

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches.
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshwar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought collected, and discounted

For other particulars and rules or business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter).

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.
38, Bishopgate London, E.C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Bombay	Medan	Manila
Calcutta	(Sumatra)	Cebu
Madras	Singapore	Hoilo
Rangoon	Malacca	Hong-Kong
Colombo	Kwala-Lumpur	Canton
Karachi	(F.M.S.)	Foochow
Amritsar	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Delhi	Sereniban (F.M.S.)	Tientsin
Penang	Bangkok	Tsingtau
Puket	Batavia	(North China)
Taiping (F.M.S.)	Sourabaya	Hankow
Ipoh (F.M.S.)	Saigon	Yokohama
	Haiphong	Kobe

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amount above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities, Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.
Post Box No. 24.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.
Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

FELICE CORNAGLIA
BOMBAY AND POONA.

Caters for large and small parties in his usual recherche style.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

83-85, *MEDOWS STREET*
7, *ESPLANADE ROAD* } *BOMBAY.*

ARSENAL ROAD, POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia"—Telephone No. 24.

SPECIAL SORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES, may be had on application to—

The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

ALL forms of Leprosy, Leucoderma, sores, piles, patches and various blood impurities cured in four weeks. Rs. 5 per week. Two day's medicines gratis for trial. LILY COTTAGE, Simla, Calcutta. 568

CAMBRIDGE Preliminary and Junior classes for girls only (all nationalities). Apply to the Principal, St. Teresa's School, Girgaum Tram Terminus.

Scripture not compulsory.

MAHABALESHWAR VICTORIA HOTEL "Mrs. Myne and three children have stayed for seven weeks. We have been very comfortable; the rooms are large and airy. The food good and the servants civil."

Also well situated bungalows to be let. Apply to ADURJI & BROS. 2764 B

RS. 10 REWARD.—Strayed from 1st floor, the Anchorage, Apollo Bunder, on the morning of Thursday, 20th instant, a small, thick-set, wire-haired fox terrier dog answering to the name "Winkie"—had on a leather collar at the time. White with some black spots on body and a little tan on ears and muzzle. The above reward will be given to any one restoring the dog to above address on or before Thursday, 27th January. 2970

WANTED

WANTED—Orders for your Daily Bazaar Supply. We are the cheapest and experts in Bombay markets. Apply KAPADIA & Co., No. 123, Crawford Market Compound. 511

WANTED.—To purchase a quantity of decent, serviceable second hand furniture, etc. Apply to Box No. 10, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 2810

WANTED an experienced ENGLISH NURSE for 2 little girls, aged 6 and 1 yr. 9 mths. No Ayah. Salary Rs. 40. Apply Mrs. PEARSON, c/o. Executive Engineer, B. B. and C. I. Ry., Bandikui, Rajputana. 1000

WANTED an ASSISTANT in the Audit and Accounts Department of H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways Company, Limited, Salary Rs. 350 to Rs. 500, British Government Currency, rising by annual increment of Rs. 50.

Applicants to state age, nationality and qualifications, giving details of experience. Copies of testimonials to accompany application. Knowledge of railway accounts preferred. Personal interview of the selected candidate may be required.

Applications to reach THE CHIEF ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR by the 31st January 1916. 1001

WANTED the following TEACHERS for the Godfrey English School, Maihar State, E. I. R.:—

(i) A Sanskrit Pandit on Rs. 20 p.m. A Madhyama passed candidate will be preferred.

(ii) A qualified Drawing Master (English) on Rs. 15 p.m.

(iii) A certified Gymnastic Master on Rs. 15 p.m.

Applications stating age, caste and qualifications should be forwarded with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned to THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS. 1003

WANTED.—A QUALIFIED SUB-OVERSEER for the Hubli Municipality on pay Rs. 30 rising up to Rs. 40 on approved service plus Rs. 6 allowance. Knowledge of Kanarese is necessary. Applicants should state their age, qualification and experience and send in their applications with testimonials so as to reach the undersigned not later than the 20th of February, 1916.

K. G. GUNJIKAR,
Chief Officer,
Hubli Municipality.

Hubli, 21st January, 1916.

WANTED.—Two CHARGEMEN for Perambur Workshops who have a thorough knowledge of Lathe and Machine work and who are capable of efficiently supervising a large staff of workmen.

2. Men with experience of supervising and who have held positions of responsibility will be preferred. Salary offered Rs. 5-8-0 to Rs. 7-0-0 a day according to qualification and experience.

3. Applications which must state clearly the age and nationality of the applicant, the salary now drawn and full details as to training and experience accompanied with true copies of certificates should be addressed to the LOCO, and CARRIAGE SUPERINTENDENT, M. and S. M. Railway, Perambur, not later than February 3rd.

4. Selected candidates must be prepared to join at once. 803

WANTED—By large business house a good STENOGRAPHER. Apply to box No. 715, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2969

WANTED.—By educated Frenchman, Pupils desirous of learning French quickly and thoroughly. Address: MONSIEUR FALLOFIELD, Clarke House Wodehouse Road. 900

WANTED—A reliable man as a Depot Manager. Apply with testimonials stating lowest salary to Box No. 713, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2960

WANTED a PARSI or INDIAN CHRISTIAN LADY for the family of a Ruling Chief. Must be able to teach Euclid, Algebra, Arithmetic. Please apply stating salary required to Box No. 709, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2934

WANTED.—For State Zanana Hospital experienced EUROPEAN LADY DOCTOR with English qualifications. Salary Rs. three hundred (300) and free house and Conveyance. Apply with copies of testimonials to JUDICIAL SECRETARY, Rampur State, U.P. 800

WANTED.—A TEACHER for Mathematics and Science, for the Karachi Grammar School. A trained B.Sc preferred. Must be a good disciplinarain and have had teaching experience. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with copies of testimonials to THE HEAD MASTER, Karachi Grammar School. 802

WANTED.—An ENGINEERING GRADUATE as STATE ENGINEER to hold charge of the Public Works Department on a salary of Rs. 150 per month, with a fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 40. Apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, Feudatory State, Rajnandgaon, B. N. Railway. 801

WANTED—A PRINCIPAL for the proposed Mathuradas Karsandas Natha Bhatia High School. Must be an able Graduate holding superior degrees with an educational experience and well qualified to start, organize and conduct a model High School in Bombay. Good salary to a suitable man. Apply SECRETARIES, 33-39, Manordas Street, Fort, Bombay. 2968

WANTED.—A MUNSHI for British Consulate, Mascat. Pay Rs. 150 p.m. and free quarters.

Qualifications.—Good knowledge of Arabic. Gujarati and English, and some acquaintance with Court Work.

Apply, with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, to MAJOR H. STEWART, C.I.E., Political Agent, and H. B. M. Consul, Mascat, Arabia. 801

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE, combined four stories, at New Kazi Street, near Null Bazar Police Chawki. Apply Box No. 551, "Bombay Chronicle." 1009

NEW STANDARD WALL AUTO-WHEELS, Price Rs. 250 each. For full particulars apply to Messrs. SURAJ, INDORE. 2865

SPECIAL REDUCED PRICES.—613 pairs gents Black Box Hide Albert Slippers, stout machine sewn, bark tanned soles, medium round toes. In sizes 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

Reduced price Rs. 2/6.

THE CHROME LEATHER Co.,
612—9 Madras.

ABOUT 2,000 pairs of handcuffs are available for sale at half price, viz. Re. 1 per pair. Those who wish to purchase should apply to the INSPECTOR-GENERAL of POLICE, Central Provinces, Nagpur. favourable rates for quantities will be considered. 2973

A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR SERIOUS STAMP-COLLECTORS.—Want to sell a highly specialized collection of British India stamps containing entire sheets and blocks and rarities; a collection of Great Britain stamps, rich and magnificent; and a collection of Colonials containing Queen, King Edward and King George stamps. A rare opportunity not likely to recur. Apply "A.B.C.," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1006

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—A nice large airy room with bath-room attached, etc., also it has got a separate entrance. Apply to Box No. 1111, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1006

TO LET—Well ventilated and breezy FLAT, Sussex Road, near Victoria Gardens. Large rooms with verandah. For rent and other particulars apply to Mr. S. S. PERRY, Arsenal Road, Poona, or to the Mali on premises.

TO LET—Half flat fully furnished, Crockery, Cutlery &c., consisting of drawing and dining room, large and small bed-room. Use of kitchen, separate entrance. Rent Rs. 160, E. L. & F. and latest Sanitary arrangements. Apply to Box No. 4, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1010

Ambition and health go hand in hand. Health fails, ambition wanes. Kasagra, the delightful liquid laxative, cures constipation, keeps your health good and your spirits high. D 11

NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay for supplies of materials and execution of works as noted below for a period of one year from 1st March, 1916, to 28th February, 1917, *or alternatively* for 3 years from 1st March, 1916, to 28th February, 1919:—

Name of work or supply.	Date of receipt of tender.
(a) Supply of road metal	Upto 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Wednesday the 2nd February 1916.
(b) „ „ sand.	
(c) Supply of carts and bullock pairs.	Upto 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Monday the 7th February 1916.
(d) Repairing and painting, &c., Kerosine Oil street lamps in the City.	Do.

2. Forms of Contracts and all other particulars can be obtained free of charge on application to the undersigned.

3. It is particularly requested that any firm tendering for contracts should intimate while submitting the tender the names of the partners constituting the firm.

4. Tenders delivered to Officers other than the Municipal Commissioner or the Chief Accountant of this Municipality will not be considered.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

JAMES W. MACKISON,
B.Sc., M. Inst. C.E.,
Executive Engineer,
Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 22nd January, 1916. 2974

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

LECTURES ON ARYAN ANTIQUITIES BY THE REV. DR. JAMES HOPE MOULTON.

THE Rev. Dr. JAMES HOPE MOULTON, M.A. (Cantab.), D. Lit. (Lond.), D.D. (Edin., Ber. and Gron.) D. C. L. (Dur.), Greenwood Professor of Hellenistic Greek and Indo-European Philology in the Victoria University of Manchester, will deliver a course of six lectures on "Aryan Antiquities" in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall of the University at 6 p.m. on the following days:—

Lecture I—Our Aryan Forefathers—Wednesday, 26th January.
Lecture II—The Great Migrations—Thursday, 10th February.
Lecture III—Aryans in Iran and India—Thursday, 17th February.
Lecture IV—Aryan Social and Religious Institutions—Thursday, 24th February.
Lecture V—Zoroaster—Thursday, 2nd March.
Lecture VI—The "Zoroastrian Period" in Indian History—Thursday, 9th March.

2. The Vice-Chancellor will preside on the occasion of the first lecture.

3. The lectures are open to the public.

By order,
FARDUNJI M. DASTUR
University Registrar.

Bombay, 22nd January, 1916. 2967

AMBAJI-TARANGA LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of 15,000 narrow gauge, half round Country Teak or Babul Wood only sleepers size 5in. by 9in. by 4½in. (or 5in. by 7in. by 4½in. if square), will be received by the Undersigned up to 12 Noon on Monday, the 31st January, 1916.

Tenderers should state the railway stations at which sleepers will be offered for inspection.

An earnest money amounting to Rs. 1,000 should accompany each Tender. Conditions of Contract, Specifications and the Tender Form can be obtained from the Undersigned on a payment of Rs. 2.

The Undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

BHALCHANDRA & NAGINDAS.
4th Bruce Lane, Fort.
Bombay, 17th January, 1916. 2971

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the following articles required at the Jamalpur pumping station.

1200 Dermatine "D" shaped valves each 10 1/8 inches long x 4 3/16 inches wide x ½ inch thick with slot 4 1/8 inches x 1 inch wide in one instalment about the beginning of April.

Tenders with earnest money at one per cent. of the contract amount should reach the Municipal Commissioner on or before 31st January 1916, at 5-0 p.m. The contractor will have to depcsit 5 per cent. of the contract amount.

(Sd.) J. A. SHILLIDY,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the city of Ahmedabad.

Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad, 20th January, 1916.

S. S. "LICHTENFELS."

CONSIGNEES of cargo ex s. s. "LICHTENFELS", which has been ordered through hostile firms, but the delivery of which has not yet been taken, are informed that unless they apply for delivery to Messrs. S. D. Billimoria & Co., Public Accountants, 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, before 31st January 1916, the goods in question will be disposed of by the Controller of Hostile Trading Concerns in such manner as he deems proper. The Controller will not be responsible for any liability in respect of such goods.

P. S. MELLOR,
Controller of Hostile Trading Concerns.
Bombay, 17th January, 1916. 2941

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Petty articles from 1st April 1916, to 31st March, 1917, will be received by the Undersigned up to 12 Noon on THURSDAY, the 24th February, 1916.

Form of tender and Schedules can be had on application to the undersigned in writing on payment of Rupee one without which the application will not be attended to.—

(Sd.) T. G. PEACOCKE, Lt.-Col.,
Supdt. Remount Depot, Ahmednagar. 2972

AUCTION SALE

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT and G. I. P. Ry. LISTS.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

Residence Telephone No. 696.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.

On THURSDAY, the 27th January at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the ground floor of the Holland House next to the Hotel Majestic, Colaba Causeway the very valuable high class substantial and wellpolished household and office teak and blackwood furniture consisting of dining tables for 6 persons dining chairs, double meatsafes dinner waggons sideboards, marble top centre tables, tapestry leather lined drawing room spring cushioned suites of sofas and chairs, mahoganised artistic mirrored cabinets, easy and low chairs, English rocking chairs, Curzon chairs, easels, sewing machines, square tiled and wooden top teapoys, phonographs with records, fancy vases, revolving book cases, office chairs, writing and office tables, ladies writing tables, bookstands, carpets, large size glass screens, single and double glass and panel door almirahs, rich iron and brass bedsteads dressing chests of drawers, dressing tables, marble topped washing tables, towel horses, baba easy chairs, dirty cloth baskets, umbrella stands, hatstands, verandah benches, iron folding chairs for the garden, table lamps, English dinner sets, rich glassware and crockeryware etc., etc., the property of the proprietor, the International Provision Stores Co., including that of others.

The above furniture is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR CYCLE TYRES.

On TUESDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their offices at 53, Medow Street, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. Rustomji Dorabji Roeinton.

Motor Cycle Tyres of different sizes.

The tyres are on view at the offices of the Auctioneers.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 24th January 1916.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

24-26, BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY MONDAY THE 24TH JANUARY, AT 2 P.M., (S. T.).

Auction Sale of Provisions for Indian Troops, Packing Cases, and other Stores, at No. 12 Shed, Alexandra Docks.

Under instructions from the Embarkation Supply Officer, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will THIS DAY MONDAY, the 24th day of January, 1916, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at No. 12 Shed, Alexandra Docks:—

A lot of provisions for Indian Troops, consisting of atta, ghee, parched gram, powa, dates, turmeric, tea, chillies, goor, gunny bags, and unserviceable articles.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 24th January, 1916.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET FORT.

AUCTION SALE of 20 F.P. Bales, Machine Gin Pulgaon Cotton.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 24th January 1916, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at the G. I. P. Railway Company's Good Depot. Colaba, next to Tramway Company's Stable, on account of the Insurance office concerned, the following damaged cotton:—

20 F.P. bales machine gin, Pulgaon cotton, slightly damaged by fire and water.

MENESSE & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 24th January 1916.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache, and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant, Headache relieved immediately. C 15

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON WASTE SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will TOMORROW TUESDAY, the 25th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Union Mill, Parel, on account of the concerned.

A large quantity of dropping No. 1, 2, 3 mixed good waste, stripping, roving ends bondas, card cotton and slivers, cotton fly etc., slightly damaged by fire and water.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, ETC. AT PALLI HILL, BANDRA.

On SUNDAY, the 30th day of January, 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Palli Hill, Bandra valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware best platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board, and dumbwaiters hall and table lamps, drawing room sofas and chairs, fancy teapoys, carpets, hanging lamps, fancy vases, brass bedstead, single and double iron bedsteads, almyrahs, chest of drawers, dressing and wash hand tables, cloth and gown presses easy chairs, teapoys copper utensils, etc., etc., the property of J. L. Symons, Esq., of Messrs. James Finlay and Co, Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF CHROME LEATHER BELTING, PICKY BANDS AND HELVETIA LACES.

Under instructions from H. M. Mehta the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 923 of 1915, (B. R. Parelwala vs. P. D. Achariya and others), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, THIS DAY MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at their rooms:—

20 rolls of assorted width 1in., 1¼in., 1¾in., 2in., 3in., 3¼in., and 4in. chrome leather belting.

1 cwt. chrome picky bands.
2 cwt. chrome and Helvetia laces.
The above is now on view.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT NARAYEN DABHOLKAR ROAD, LAND'S END, MALABAR HILL, KNOWN AS "SABOO PALACE."

Under instructions from the Executor and Trustee of the last Will and Testament of the late Mr. Mahomed Haji Saboo, with a view to wind up the estate of the said deceased, and to utilise the surplus in charity, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th January, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of Government Leasehold ground with the messuage, bungalow or dwelling-house, stables and out-houses, standing thereon, situate at Malabar Hill, on the west side of Narayan Dabholkar Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6,796 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the said Narayan Dabholkar Road, on or towards the West by the Sea shore, on or towards the North by the property belonging to the estate of Panalal Poonamchand, on or towards the South by a public passage and beyond that by the property of Gulji Sanghani, which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 93, New No. 16414, Old Survey No. 8-29 and New Survey No. 7231, and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward, Ward No. 3350, Street No. 15 and are known by the name of Saboo Palace.

Private offers for the said property will be received by Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Executor and Trustee of the Will of Mr. Mahomed Haji Saboo and by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and by the Undersigned.

For further particualrs and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Executor and Trustee of the Will of Mr. Mahomed Haji Saboo, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUNGALOW WITH OUT-HOUSES AT GILDER LANE, FORAS ROAD.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on MONDAY, the 14th proximo, sell by public auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises on account of the concerned the following:—

All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold New Salt Batty Land or ground forming a portion of a larger piece with the messuage tenement or bungalow and out-houses standing thereon situate lying and being on the East side of Gilder Lane without the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,152 square yards or thereabouts and situated within the registration sub-district of Bombay which said premises are registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector Old No. 82 New No. D/13581 Old Survey No. 92 New Survey No. 1D/7010 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 2826 (1a) Street No. 1A Gilder Lane and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Hirjibhoy Dossabhoy Shroff on or towards the South by the property of Bai Navazbai D. Bharucha on or towards the West by the said Gilder Lane and on or towards the East by Government ground.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LAND AT GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

Under instructions from the owner, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, (if not previously sold by private contract) the undermentioned piece of VALUABLE LEVEL LAND

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & Co.,—(*Contd.*)

suitable for erecting RESIDENTIAL QUARTERS, MOTOR WORKS, GODOWNS, etc., within easy reach of tram and train.

To be sold on the premises on SUNDAY, the 20th FEBRUARY, 1916, at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

All that piece or parcel of Free hold Land or ground, situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at GOWALIA TANK ROAD, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under D Ward No. 3378 (1-2) and Street Nos. 33—35 and 35A; containing by admeasurement 3,636, three thousand six hundred and thirty six square yards or thereabouts (be the same or less) registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 662 Old Survey No. 53 and New Survey Nos. 1/7055, 4/7055 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the East by the property of the late Mrs. Muncherji Edulji Adenwalla, and on the West partly by the property formerly of Mr. M. N. Kirtikar and now of Mr. Tribhovandas Vurjevandas, and partly by the property of Messrs. L. P. DeSouza and Sons; on the North by the property known as "Shastri Hall"; and on the South by the Gowalia Tank Road which said premises are in the occupation of the Vendor's Tenants and partly used as the play-ground of the Proprietary and Fort High School.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. P. N. Wadia, at the office of "The Hon'ble Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Trust Settlement 1872." Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 24th January, 1916.

AMUSEMENTS

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY.

Favourite Resort of the elite of Bombay.

6-45 P. M. TO-NIGHT 10 P. M.

A Splendid Cinema Programme!

The Gorgeous French Drama:

"RICHELIEU"

A marvellous film study of the great CARDINAL and the COURT LIFE of LOUIS XII. One of the most ambitious and clever historical pictures ever screened.

The Inimitable MAX LINDER in

THE PERSUASIVE POWERS OF A REVOLVER

The farcical story of an American Millionaire who makes Max accept his daughter at the point of a revolver.

Another laughter-maker from Paris:

YOUTH MUST HAVE ITS DAY.

Showing what marvellous things one can learn when one is young and how secrets are kept by gossips.

PATHE GAZETTE

brought by the last Mail.

Prices: Rs. 1-8; Re. 1; As. 8 & 4.
Box Seats Rs. 2.

SATURDAY NEXT:

THE CHARLES HOWITT AND A. PHILLIPS' COMPANY IN "MILESTONES"

A mixture of Art. Humour, Sentiment and Pathos.

MONDAY 31st.
Hall Caine's Great Drama
"THE PRODIGAL SON"

TUESDAY 1st FEB.
The Thrilling Canadian Drama
THE LAND OF PROMISE.

WEDNESDAY 2nd FEB.
The Charming Mystical Comedy
"A MESSAGE FROM MARS"

THURSDAY 3rd FEB.
The Screaming Farce:
"WHAT THE BUTLER SAW"

FRIDAY 4th FEB.
Somerset Maugham's Charming Comedy
"JACK STRAW"

SATURDAY 5th FEB.
Martin Harvey's
Great Classic Drama:
"THE BREED OF THE TRESHAMS"
The Rat .. ..Charles Howitt,

Prices Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 & Ans. 8.
Booking at ROSE & Co.

OPEN AIR DANCE
AT THE
BOMBAY GAS COY'S
SOCIAL CLUB,
CHINCHPOOGLY—PAREL,
ON
Saturday, 5th February, 1916
at 9-30 p. m.
Admission Gent. Rs. 2 with Ladies.
V. N. PINTO, Hon. Ent. Sec

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on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS

IMPERIAL CINEMA

TO-NIGHT.

"THE POISONED ROOM" and **"THE VAMPIRE"**

Being 5th and 6th Episodes of

"THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE"

The most entertaining and interesting series of films. Each episode absolutely complete in itself.

PATHE'S GAZETTE (Latest.)

"WHEN MICE MAKE MERRY"

Comic Cartoon by Bray.

"THE BELGIAN SHEEP DOG"

Educational series.

"FRESH FROM THE FARM"

Phunfilm Comic.

Time:—7. 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. nightly.

PRICES:—Boxes 6 Seats .. .. Rs. 9 0 | 1st Class .. .. .. As. 8
Balcony Seats .. .. Rs. 1 8 | 2nd „ .. .. .. „ 4
Reserved .. .. .. Re. 1 0 | 3rd „ .. .. .. „ 2

OLYMPIA CINEMA

Sandhurst Road. 'Phone 1266

TO-NIGHT! ***TO-NIGHT!!***

6,000 feet. 6,000 feet.

THE QUEST! **QUEST!**

OR

AN ANGEL IN A DREAM

Don't Forget To See

SATURDAY, 29TH JANUARY,

"BROKEN COIN"

55,000 feet. WITH 55,000 feet.

Rs. 1,000 CASH PRIZE Rs. 1,000

TIME AND PRICE AS USUAL.

6-30 EXCELSIOR THEATRE 10 p.m.

To-night the most vigorous slice of history ever filmed

"SPARTACUS"

OR, THE REVOLT OF THE ROMAN GLADIATORS

This film, 6,000 feet, long had the great honour of being shown before

THEIR MAJESTIES KING GEORGE AND QUEEN MARY.

A true story of history 100 years B.C. "SPARTACUS" a man of magnificent physique rose from a captured slave to be a great Roman General. The escape of the slaves over a mountain precipice when surrounded by the Roman Legions is one of the most daredevil exploits ever acted before a camera.

TO-MORROW, Jan. 25th, MAURICE E. BANDMANN presents

"THE SCAMPS." FROM THE VICTORIA PALACE, London, in a Merry Vaudeville Entertainment.

SEE "The SCAMPS" Choral Society! "The SCAMPS" Picture Palace!
The largest and most original Concert Party Touring.

Prices: Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 & 1. Plan at ROSE & Co.

NEW

ALEXANDRA CINEMA

NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
'Phone 1882.

TO-NIGHT ***TO-NIGHT***

The Greatest Mystery Moving Picture Serial:

THE BLACK BOX

First Instalment. 8,000 Feet.

The most extraordinary serial achievement ever known in film line. Conceived by master minds and produced on a colossal scale. It is totally different in creation, in conception, and in treatment.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY:—7, 8-45, & 10-30, (S.T.)
USUAL HALF RATES. NO ADVANCE.
Illustrated complete Booklet 1 Anna.

SKATING RINK

Daily Sessions and Children's Matinee as usual

SPORTS ON SKATES.

TUESDAY 25th JANUARY 1916.

USUAL SKATING SESSION AT 9-30.

SPORTS TO COMMENCE 10-15.

After which general skating until midnight.

1 **WALTZING**, Two steps and fancy skating competition.
2 **AFFINITY RACE FOR LADIES AND GENTS**—Tea Race.
3 **EVENT FOR GENTLEMEN**—"Musical Chairs."
4 **AFFINITY RACE**—The Gentlemen skating backwards, the Lady forwards, three times round.
5 **BAZAAR ACCOUNTS RACE**—6 Entries.
6 **A STEEPLE CHASE**—8 Entries.
7 **OBSTACLE RACE FOR RINK BOYS**-3 Laps

FRIDAY, 28TH JANUARY

SKATING AND DANCING.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

AN EXHIBITION will be held of the Society in the TOWN HALL. Last day for receiving pictures is THURSDAY noon 17th February. For particulars and prospectus apply to

HON. SEC. PROF. O. V. MULLER, M.A., I.E.S.,
2569 Elphinstone College, Fort.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE ROYAL YAKUTI

(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting It restores strength, and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills, Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

CHEAP RATES—THOROUGH WORK—SPECIAL SUPERVISION.

If you want your mortor cars thoroughly repaired, overhauled without any trouble and worry, and under the prompt and personal supervision of an automobile expert please send your mortor to.

N. S. GUNMAKER,

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEER,
Corner of Grant Road, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Jan. 21.
Aviemoor — Williams — Moulmein
Jan. 22.
Akbar — March — Jeddah
Orna — Legrand — Rangoon
23.
Peking Scandinavia — Melchior — Gothenburg.
Palamcotta — — Durban,

DEPARTURES.

Jan, 22,
River Arexes — Finlay — Baltimore
Ascot — Pendred — Nagapatam
Tenshin Maru — Yamazaki — Kobe
Lhasa — King — Karachi
Jan. 23.
Mandala — Swanson — London

Jan. 22.

S. S. Java Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Java Maru left Kobe for Bombay on the 21st instant via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo.

S. S. Rangoon Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Rangoon Maru left Singapore for Hongkong (Homeward bound) on the 21st instant.

S. S. Bombay Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Bombay Maru left Hongkong for Singapore on the 21st instant.

S. S. Elysia:—The Anchor Line steamer Elysia homeward bound arrived at Suez on the 21st instant.

S. S. Aviemoor:—The steamer Aviemoor, 2,382 tons, Captain C. Williams, arrived here on Friday evening from Moulmein, which port she left on the 7th instant, wtih a cargo of timber and general goods on board.

S. S. Mandala:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Mandala 5,189 tons, Captain C. Swanson, sailed on Sunday for London, with the English Mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lhasa:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa, 951 tons, Captain C. R. King, left Bombay on Saturday for Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Orna:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Orna, 2,996 tons, Captain J. Legrand, arrived here on Saturday from Rangoon, with general goods on board.

S. S. Peking Scandinavia:—The steamer Peking Scandinavia, 2,217 tons, Captain H. B. Melchior, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Ethenburg, with a general cargo and passengers on board.

S. S. City of Exeter:—The Ellerman Line's steamer City of Exeter outward bound arrived at Port Said on the 21st instant.

Saturday, 21st Jan. 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Perla .....Ross.....W. & A. G. & Co
M. Nairung.....T. M. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Irrawadi.....B. S. N. Co
Ponani.....B. S. N. Co
Satranji .....B. S. N. Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Bellview.....Churchill.....W. & A. G. & Co
4 Sardar.....Weeks.....P. G. S. N. Co
9 Luzon Maru.....Mivata.....O. S. K-ishu
10 & 11 Yetorofu Maru..Oguna.....N. Y. Kaisha

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Nankin.....Manfrey.....P. & O.S N. Co
4 City of Lahore.....Haldlay.....K. Nixon & Co
6 Silksworth Hall.....Williams.....L. Dreyfus & Co
17 Salsette .....Armitage.....P. & O. Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Akbar.....March.....T. M. & Co
Aviemoor.....Williams.....
Isle of Mull .....Weeks .....
Flor-de-Dia .....Nacoda .....G. Bhimji
Kowelt .....Wilson.....T. M. & Co
Orna.....Legrand.....M. M. & Co
Palamcotta.....M.M. & Co
Peking Scandinavia....Melchior.....

EXPORTS

Jan. 22.

FOR LONDON.

Berbera (s) 6,000 cwt. saltpetre Ralli Bros, 200 bales hemp H. Govindji.

Berbera (s) 28 cases opium M. M. & Co., 49 cwt. cajunuts Hegerb Subaji, 1,480 cwt. saltpetre M. R. Tata & Co., 230 bales hemp J. Rustomjee & Co., 280 bales hemp M. E. Omrigar & Co., 1,050 cwt. kismiss R. Jiwandas & Co., 8,267 cwt. cotton seed Ralli Bros, 1,000 cwt. poppyseed Ralli Bros, 4,000 cwt. rapeseed Ralli Bros, 9,000 cwt. linseed Volkart Bros, 8,000 linseed Louis Dreyfus & Co., 2,500 cwt. linseed A. Durst & Co., 80 cwt. poppyseed A. Durst & Co., 100 cwt. casein A. Durst & Co., 174 chests indigo Chartered Bank of I. A. and China.

FOR KOBE.

Yetorofu Maru (s) 176 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 100 bales cotton K. H. Kayani & Co., 3,500 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

Nankin (s) 92 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 1,100 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nankin (s) 150 bales cotton twist David Sassoon & Co.

FOR MOJI.

Yetorofu Maru (s) 500 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

Nankin (s) 200 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

FOR HULL.

Bellview (s) 650 cwt. cottonseed Volkart Bros, 2,000 cwt. cottonseed A. Khimji.

FOR HONGKONG.

Nankin (s) 300 cwt. myrabollams M. Cursetji 750 cwt. myrabollams C. M. Bheshania & Co., 250 cwt. myrabollams L. Hurjiwan, 11 cwt. almond in shell L. Hurjiwan, 56 cwt. old buffer pickers L. Hurjiwan, 34 cwt. fishmaws E. Moledina, 81 cwt. sharkfins E. Moledina, 31 cwt. sharfins A. Chagla & Co., 10 cases butter B. K. Mody, 100 cwt. olibanum P. Jethabhoy, 300 cwt. myrabollams P. Jethabhoy.

FOR OSAKA.

Nankin (s) 500 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.
Luzon Maru (s) 200 bales cotton Bruel & Co.,

FOR YOKAICHI.

Luzon Maru (s) 300 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Luzon Maru (s) 500 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

FOR NAGASAKI.

Yetorofu Maru (s) 300 bales cottom M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Yetorofu Maru (s) 300 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Nankin (s) 92 bales goat and sheep skins Cox's Shipping Agency.

Yetorofu Maru (s) 400 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 22nd January 1916 was 30.166 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given over.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Jan. 22.

The cold weather disturbance travelling eastwards into north-east India has given light rain in Upper Assam and extreme north Burma. The temperature remains high in north-west India.

Forecast:—Local rain in Assam and a few falls in Bengal and north Burma.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 22nd January 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the south-west Punjab and the extreme north and clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual. Day temperature is 7deg. to 10deg. F. in excess; night temperature is also above normal at Multan and Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature has risen and is now in excess over the whole division.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess at Karachi and normal or in defect elsewhere. Day temperature is in excess except in lower Sind; night temperature is also above normal in upper Sind and west Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear in Kathiawar and lightly or moderaely clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in Kathiawar. Day temperature has become normal; night temperature continues in excess.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Day temperature is in excess in the north-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are very lightly clouded in north Hyderabad and clear elsewhere.

General Remarks.—The depression has moved out of the reporting area. Weather has been dry and is likely to continue so generally.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on SATURDAY, the 22nd of January 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st November to date.	Rainfall. Departure, 1st November to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire						
Do. (21st)	63.0	47.0	81	2.40		—4.58
Jask						
Do. (21st)	75.6	59.8	77	0.40		—1.67
Muskat						
Do. (21st)	73.6	67.2	55	0.27		—1.27
PUNJAB—						
Multan	76.0	48.8	54	0.13		—0.41
Rawalpindi	71.2	39.7	55	0.19		—2.50
Lahore	75.1	46.2	71	0.17		—1.00
Hissar	80.6	44.1	63	0.02		
Ambala	77.7	45.5	68	0.28		—1.86
Delhi	77.5	52.0	57	0.02		—1.09
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	79.6	50.6	58	0		—0.74
Mainpuri	78.8	47.4	57	0.01		—1.00
Jhansi	85.9	52.8	47	0.24		—0.58
Cawnpore	76.0	49.1	90	0.02		—0.99
Allahabad	78.6	49.2	79	0.14		—1.02
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	78.7	49.4	50	0		—0.36
Karachi	78.3	61.4	77	0		—0.57
Ajmer	75.6	45.6	62	0.05		—0.63
Jaipore	78.5	47.0	55	0.11		—0.56
Kotah	81.9	58.3	33	0		—0.47
Mount Abu	65.2	51.4	43	0		—0.50
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	82.4	55.3	81	0		—0.16
Dwarka	81.3	69.7	77	0.19		0.00
Veraval	78.1	62.5	83	0		—0.41
Rajkot	83.4	55.3	88	0		—0.29
Bhavnagar Para	83.6	62.8	84	0		—0.32
Surat	84.5	60.7	75	0		—0.19
Ahmedabad	84.8	62.0	67	0		—0.21
Deesa	85.8	59.0	55	0		—0.23
Neemuch	78.7	51.8	55	0.06		—0.40
Indore	81.5	54.6	58	0.06		—0.01
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	82.1	52.3	69	0.15		—1.20
Saugor	81.0	56.4	46	0.09		—1.35
Hoshangabad	84.3	54.4	60	0.12		—1.03
Khandwa	84.2	55.3	67	0.63		—0.31
Akola	88.6	56.4	50	1.72		0.28
Amroati	86.8	58.1	47	0.45		—0.91
Nagpur	85.1	57.9	54	0.16		—1.36
Chanda	87.5	58.2	68	0.62		—0.61
Raipur	84.2	57.6	72	0.33		—0.48
KONKAN—						
Bombay	88.0	70.0	83	0.09		—0.43
Ratnagiri	84.9	66.3	63	0.31		0.20
Mormugao	82.3	68.7	90	0.94		—0.22
Karwar	85.3	63.0	92	1.07		—0.85
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	89.8	52.1	56	0.16		—0.60
Ahmednagar	85.0	54.3	60	3.40		2.34
Poona	87.8	53.7	79	0.33		—0.74
Sholapur	87.6	59.3	42	1.27		—0.21
Bijapur	87.4	59.9	45	0.43		—0.77
Belgaum	84.1	54.3	70	1.71		—0.18
Ahmedabad	84.1	56.3	51	1.82		0.78
Nizamabad (Indore)	88.1	57 6	57	0.88		0.06
Hyderabad	86.1	60.2	79	0.79		—0.41
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	84.2	68.4	73	8.17		4.88
Calicut	84.4	68.9	88	13.29		7.08
Cochin	89.4	71.0	72	3.84		0.47
Colombo	90.5	71.2	76	27.84		7.66
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	81.4	64.0	92	20.73		14.53
Bellary	88.3	59.9	55	7.28		5.10
Cuddapah	87.6	56.3	56	0.44		4.85
Madras	85.0	65.0	82	21.24		1.53
Bangalore	82.3	57.5	90	3.60		0.08
Coimbatore	87.4	65.6	80	6.76	1	459 4
Trichinopoly	89.6	68.6	80	12.73		.69*
Negapatam	83.9	78.5	78	24.23		—3

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock

Day of week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean time. h. m.	Depth. on Still. ft. in.	Day of Month	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time. h. m.	Depth. on Still. ft. in.
	Jan.			Jan.		
Sat.	22	m 0 34	28 10	22	m 6 40	18 5
		0 28a	26 5		6 17a	16 3
Sun.	23	m 1 1	28 9	23	m 7 8	18 1
		1 4a	26 6		6 47a	16 7
Mon.	24	m 1 28	26 6	24	m 7 36	17 10
		1 41a	26 5		7 16a	17 4
Tues.	25	m 1 57	28 2	25	m 8 6	17 8
		2 21a	26 1		7 49a	18 2
Wed.	26	m 2 27	27 7	26	m 8 41	17 3
		2a 25	26 8		8 29a	19 3
Thur.	27	m 3 1	26 11	27	m 9 24	17 7
		4 9a	25 3		9 19a	20 6
Fri.	28	m 3 42	26 3	28	m 10 21	17 7
		5 23a	25 0		10 31a	21 8

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Jan.	Sunrise	Sunset
„ 22 (Saturday)	„ 7h. 15m.	„ 6h. 26m.
„ 23 (Sunday)	„ 7h. 15m.	„ 6h. 27m.
„ 24 (Monday)	„ 7h. 15m.	„ 6h. 27m.
„ 25 (Tuesday)	„ 7h. 15m.	„ 6h. 28m.
„ 26 (Wednesday)	„ 7h. 15m.	„ 6h. 29m.
„ 27 (Thursday)	„ 7h. 15m.	„ 6h. 29m.
„ 23 (Friday)	„ 7h. 14m.	„ 6h. 29m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

New Moon	5 January 1916	10h.	1-30 a.m.
First Quarter	12 „ „	9h.	7-6 a.m.
Full Moon	20 „ „	1h.	59-0 p.m.
Last Quarter	„ „	6h.	5-1 a.m.

Dull headache, brain in a muddle, easily irritated. Take Stearns' Headache Cure; one wafer brings a smile. Easy to carry, easy to take. C 17

THE INDIANS AT MARSEILLES

SKETCHES BY AN ARTIST.

Mdlle. Massia Bibikoff, who is a pupil of Detaille, the famous battle-painter, was fortunate enough to be permitted to make a number of sketches in the camp of the Indian contingent at Marseilles last year writes the "Indiaman." While doing so she kept a diary of her experiences, and this and her sketces are contained in "Our Indians at Marseilles," which has been translated for English readers by Mr. Leonard Huxley. The volume contains as an introduction M. Maurice Barres's article on the Indian troops, in which the distinguished Academician gives a vivid account of his impressions of the Indian soldiers in France and Flanders. In a fine passage he says:—

When they came over in November and December and saw the wide, soaking plains, where never a mountain broke the horizon to give them their direction, a depression seemed at first to fall upon their spirits. Did the rain and cold make them shiver in silence, as our Africans so often do? Did they suspect some devilment in the appalling uproar of the big German guns? Be that as it may, the first ray of sunlight cheered them anew. It was an unexpected form of war, but still it was war.

The Pare Borely was the first object of the authoress's attentions. There she found the men pitching camp, but despite the apparent chaos contrived to find some excellent subjects to sketch. In fact, Mdlle. Bibikoff's sketch-book proved a source of embarrassment on occasions, as the Indians crowded round as soon as she raised her pencil. When the troops left the Pare Borely Mdlle. Bibikoff visited the four other camps in the neighbourhood of Marseilles. Of these one was too difficult of access for practical work. The situation of two others was such as to dull the flow of inspiration, and only at La Peune were the conditions exactly as desired. It was there that the majority of the fifty sketches in the book were made, and in the letterpress she describes her experiences there.

FIRST IMPRESSION OF A MAHARAJA.

She was introduced to General Sir James Willcocks, who seemed "a tall, slight man, extremely young in appearance," and by him to the Maharaja Sher Singh, whose regiment she greatly desired to visit. Her first impression of the Maharaja is vividly expressed:—

I kept discreetly apart while the General talked to an Indian officer, constantly raising his hand to his cap. I could not see the officer's face, for in side view it was almost entirely hidden by his thick turban But he turned towards me—and it was like a gleam of sunlight. Never in my life had I seen a handsomer man.

With the Maharaja's permission, Mdlle. Bibikoff was permitted to sketch a number of the soldiers in his regiment, and also himself. In return she and her mother were privileged to purchase a number of requisites for the regiment in Marseilles.

Those who know India will appreciate to the full Mdlle. Bibikoff's sparkling little sketches of camp life. Many of them are charming vignetts, suggestive in every detail of the East, and the artist is to be congratulated upon the facility with which she has assimilated the atmosphere of her subject. Mdlle. Bibikoff's account of her experiences is almost equally happy. She has a gift for neat and graceful phraseology, and she transcribes what she sees with all the glowing enthusiasm of youth. Occasionally she has fallen into misconceptions with regard to Indian customs, but that is, after all, an excusable fault in one whose knowledge of India is at best scanty.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay 21st January, 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.		
Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr ..	29.914	Inches.
Temperature of Air	75.9	degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68.9	„
Dew point	65.5	„
Relative humidity of Air.....	0.707	„
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky, cloudy—10)	1.0	„
Maximum Temperature of Air	83.0	„
Minimum do. do	70.3	„
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	NNE,ENE,WNW,NW,NNW,	
Ve ment of Wind do- do.	160	Miles.

KING EDWARD'S FORESIGHT.

PRESENT DAY CONFLICT SEEN 40 YEARS AHEAD.

A striking tribute to the far-seeing faculties of the late King Edward and his exact appreciation of the designs of Germany and Austria is contained in a letter written forty years ago by Gambetta, and now published for the first time. Writing to M. Ranc, formerly Senator for Corsica, the illustrious statesman said: "Affairs concerning Russia become more numerous and more important every day. I.—(Was Lord Lyons, Ambassador in Paris then?) keeps the Prince of Wales posted daily as to the difficulties raised and encountered by that Power. Russia's political dreams will be impeded by Austria, who has already assumed a hostile attitude. She is influencing Rumania. Can you imagine, in the course of time, Austria allying herself with Rumania and Turkey against Russia? What a conflict.

"The Prince of Wales, however, foresees it. He does not share the hostility shown by a portion of the British nation towards Russia. He opposes with all his young authority the application of measures which might be prejudicial to her. I discern in him the makings of a great statesman. It is clear that Bismarck wishes for an alliance with the Austrians. Before long, I can see Russia and England with us, if only we follow a reasonable home policy."

Perhaps you have some special engagement, have a headache and afraid to go. You needn't be. Stearns' Headache Cure makes the going possible. C 1

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Forty-full page Pictures.
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Thirty-two Stories, Articles, Verse.

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Insist on the signature "J. ESPIC" on each cigarette.

It goes down easily.—Not pills. They stick in your throat. Kasagra, the liquid laxative and constipation cure, tastes so good that you want more, But a small dose does the work. D 2

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool, Jan. 21st.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	6,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	1,000
" " Sales of East Indian ..	..
" " Imports	2,000
Mid. Americans	8.09— 3
Egyptian F. G. F.	11.25—10
New York 11 a. m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	Mar. 12.23—6
	July 12.59—5
New Orleans 10 a.m. ..	Mar 12.07—6
	July 12.54—6
New York Official noon call	Mar. 12.24
	July 12.60

Liverpool, Jan. 22nd.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	5,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	500
" " Sales of East Indian ..	..
" " Imports	13,000
Mid Americans	8.21
Egyptians F. G. F. ..	11.35

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 22nd.

Estimated Sales	6,000
Total Imports	13,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
Jan.	7.95	8.01
Jan.-Feb.	7.94	8.00
Feb.-March	7.92	7.98
March-April	7.89	7.95
April-May	7.85	7.91
May-June	7.81	7.87
June-July	7.77	7.83
July-Aug.	7.74	7.80
Aug.-Sept.	7.62	7.68
Sept.-Oct.	7.43	7.49
Oct.-Nov.	7.37	7.43
Nov.-Dec.	7.30	7.36
Dec.-Jan.	7.26	7.32
Jan.-Feb.	7.22	7.28

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 21st.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	Advance on previous close.
Jan.	7.95	6
Jan.-Feb.	7.94	5
Feb.-March	7.92	5
March-April	7.89	5
April-May	7.85	6
May-June	7.81	5
June-July	7.77	5
July-Aug.	7.74	6
Aug.-Sept.	7.62	5
Sept.-Oct.	7.43	3
Oct.-Nov.	7.37	3
Nov.-Dec.	7.30	3
Dec-Jan.	7.26	3
Jan.-Feb.	7.22	3

Liverpool, Jan. 22nd.

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
Jan.	7.95	7.99
Jan.-Feb.	7.94	7.98
Feb.-Mar.	7.92	7.96
Mar.-April.	7.89	7.93
April-May	7.85	7.89
May-June.	7.81	7.85
June-July.	7.77	7.81
July-Aug.	7.74	7.77
Aug.-Sept.	7.62	7.65
Sept.-Oct.	7.43	7.48
Oct.-Nov.	7.37	7.41
Nov.-Dec.	7.30	7.34
Dec.-Jan.	7.26	7.30
Jan.-Feb.	7.22	7.26

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Jan. 21st,

M. G. Bengal Good ..	5.85	Unchanged.
" " Fully Good ..	6.00	
" " Fine ..	6.15	
" Bhownuggar, Good ..	6.29	
" " Fully Good	6.43	
" " Fine	6.58	
M. G. No. 1 Oomra, Good ..	6.35	
" " Fine ..	6.65	
M. G. Broach, "Good" ..	7.55	
" " "Fully Good" ..	7.70	
" " "Fine" ..	7.85	
" Scinde Good ..	5.85	
" " Fully Good ..	6.00	
" " Fine ..	6.15	

Liverpool, Jan. 22nd.

M. G. Bengal Good	5.95
" " Fully Good	6.10
" " Fine	6.25
M. G. Bhownuggar, Good	6.39
" " Fully Good	6.53
" " Fine	6.68
M. G. No. 1 Oomra Good	6.45
" " " Fine	6.75
M. G. Broach Good	7.65
" Fully Good	7 80
" " Fine	7.95
M. G. Scinde Good	5.95
" " Fully Good	6.10
" " Fine	6.25

MANCHESTER MARKET.

London, Jan. 21st.

Tone of Cloths:—Quiet and unsettled. There have been isolated toansactions with India.
Tone of Yarns:—Steady.

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, Jan. 21st.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	14,000
" Forwarded	88,000
" Imports	39,000
" Stock	767,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday, Jan. 22nd.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	8,392,000
Egyptian Visible Supply.....	....
East Indian " "	....
American " "	4,541,000
Other " "	....
Total Sales.....	48,000
East Indian Sales	300
Total Speculation	6,000
" Export	4,000
East Indian Export.....	200
" " Stock	38,000
" " Forwarded	2,700
" " Actual Exports.....	500
" " Imports	1,000
" " Speculation	100
American Afloat	240,000
East Indian "	7,000
Total Afloat	280,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 21st.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ..	39,000
" Exports to Great Britain ..	Nil.
" " to Continent ..	Nil.
Futures at New York Mar.	12.31
Previous closing Price ..	12.21
Futures at New York July	12.68
Previous closing price ..	12.59
Spot Cotton at New York	12.30
Previous price..	12.20
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ..	12.13
Previous price..	12.13
Futures at New Orleans March ..	12.15
Previous price..	12.04
Futures at New Orleans July ..	12.63
Previous price	12.49
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ..	7⅞
Demand Bills	4.76.10
Silver Commercial Bars	56⅞

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports	156,000
" Exports to Great Britain	50,000
" " to France and Continent	22,000
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports	1,758,000
" " at Interior Ports	1,305,000

New York, Jan. 22.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	15,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	19.000
Day's Exports to Continent	Nil.
Futures at New York, March	12.33
Previous closing price	12.31
Futures at New York, July	12.71
Previous closing price	12.68
Spot Cotton at New York	12.35
Previous price	12.30
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	12.13
Previous price	12.13
Futures at New Orleans, March	12.16
Previous price	12.15
Futures at New Orleans, July	12.65
Previous price	12.63
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	7 7/8
Demand Bills	4.76.25
Silver Commercial Bars	57¼

EXCHANGE.

On London at Paris, Francs	27.93
Previous Price	27.93

London, Jan. 22.

Consols 2½ %	59 1/8
Previous Price	59 1/8
Rupee Paper 3½ % nominal	52¾
Previous Price, nominal	52¾
Indian Stock 3½ % (Sterlong Loan).	80¾
Previous Price	80¾
Government Securities 3 %	69¼
Previous Price	69¼

MONEY MARKET.

London, Jan. 20th.

Bar Silver Spot	26 15/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Mint and Continental buying.	
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about	£416,000

London, Jan. 21st.

Bar Silver Spot	27
Closing tone of Silver:—Small offerings.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5% since 8th August, 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	5⅛
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	5¼
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5¼
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5¼
Interest day to day loans	4½
Interest 7 day market loans	4½
Amount Withdrawn from the Bank of England about	£ 141,000
Transfers—Calcutta Rs. 4,00,000 / Bombay " 20,00,000	1-4 5/32
Consols 2½ %	59⅛
Previous price	59
Rupee Paper 3½% nominal	52¾
Previous price	52¼
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	80¾
Previous price	80¾
Government Securities 3%	69¼
Previous price	69¼
Ex: on London at Paris Francs	27.93
Previous Price	27.93

London, Jan. 22nd;

Bar Silver Spot	27 3/16
Closing Tone of silver:—Advanced owing to home & Continental coinage orders and Indian buying	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th Aug. 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5⅛
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5¼
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5¾
" " " " 6 "	5¾
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market laans	4½
Transfers on— Calcutta Rs. 6,00,000 / Bombay Rs. 5,00,000 / Madras Rs. 10,00,000 @ 1/4 5/32.	

WAR LOANS.

London, Jan. 21st.

3½% 1925—1928..	£89⅝
Previous price	89⅝
4½% 1925—1945..	£97½
Previous price	97⅛

London, Jan. 22.

3½ % 1925—1928	£89 5/8
Previous Price	£89 5/8
4½ % 1925—1945	£97 1/8
Previous Price	£97 1/8

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORTS.

London, Jan. 20th.

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Jan.-Feb. Value.	82/6
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb.-Mar.	77

London, Jan. 21st.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rozario Santa Fe—61½ lbs. Nominal.
Barletta Russo—63 lbs—Not offered.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian, Victorian, New South Wales } Not offered

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley, Jan.-Feb. Nominal	50/6

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs ex-Ship Pure Basis. Jan.-Feb. Nominal.	70
Linseed, Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Jan.-Feb. Nominal	84/6
Toria Rapeseed, Jan.-Feb. Nominal	66

London, Jan. 21st.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb.-Mar. Paid	75

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Jan-Feb. Hull Value	14-10-0

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£113
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£89
Copper Braziers	£24
Yellow Metal	14
Hard Spelter nominal.	67½
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
Iron Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge G O.B. 4 % F.O.B. Liverpool	£25-5-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie.	£ 5-6-0

FREIGHT

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal —Nominal.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos, 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Not quoted.	
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi Not quoted.	
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta December	22/6
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi December	22/7½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine stard Cure Jan.-Feb. Paid	3/5 ¾
Ceylon Rubber Plantation First Latex Crepe Feb.-Mar,	3/6½ to 3/7

London, Jan. 21.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. and F. Calcutta Feb.-Mar.	20
Raw Java, C. and F. Bombay and Karachi, Feb.-Mar.	20/1½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta, Feb.-Mar.	24/3
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Feb.-Mar.	24/4½
Tone: Quiet New Crop not quoted.	

London, Jan. 22.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper.	£113
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£89
Copper Braziers.	£124
Yellow Metal.	14
Hard Spelter, nominal.	67½
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14×20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool.	18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 % F.O.B. Liverpool.	£25-5.0
Pig Iron No. 1 Gartsherrie.	£5.6-0

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal, nominal.	

London, Jan. 22.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber, Fine Hard Cure, Jan.-Feb.	3/5½
Ceylon Rubber, Plantation First Latex Crepe, Feb.-Mar.	3/7½

London, Jan. 22.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—61½ lbs., nominal.	
Barletta Russo—63 lbs., not offered.	

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian, April, paid.	70
Victorian. April, paid.	70
New South Wales, April, paid.	70

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley, Jan.-Feb., nominal.	50/6

London, Jan. 22.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata), Feb.-Mar., paid.	75
Linseed Calcutta, Jan.-Feb., value.	82/6

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton), Jan.-Feb., Hull value.	£14-10.0

London, Jan. 22.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship, Pure Basis, Jan.-Feb., nominal.	70
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship, January, paid.	83

FOREIGN SEABORNE TRADE OF INDIA

INCREASED EXPORTS AND DECREASED IMPORTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22.

The report of the foreign sea-borne trade of British India for December 1915, as compared with thht of its immediate predecessor, showed an increase in the total exports and re-exports, but a decrease in the total imports. It should, however, be noted that there were several non-working days in December. The total imports of merchandise were valued at Rs. 8¼ crores, exports at nearly Rs. 15 crores and re-exports at Rs. 47 lakhs. As compared with the preceding month (November, 1915) imports decreased by 31 per cent., while exports increased by nearly 8 per cent., and re-exports by 57 per cent. As compared with December, 1914, imports showed a decrease of 19 per cent., while exports increased by 17 per cent., and re-exports by 40 per cent.

Whoever has tried Zymole Trokeys never goes without them. Every day their popularity increases, simply because they do just what is claimed for them. B10

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Jan. 22.

The market to-day has ruled firm Broach advancing from Rs. 284 to Rs. 287.
A small business has been reported Akolas and F. G. Bengals.
Ready cotton is in poor demand.
We quote:—
F G. Bengal, January 219.
Fine Akola, January 258½.
Good Broach, April 286½.

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE Co., Ltd.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 22nd January, 1916, 5-30 p.m.,

Growths.	Super fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Good. Delivery.
Bengals (H.G.)	..	215	208	..Ready.
Bengals (M.G.)	238	226	218	..Ready.
	..	226	218	.. 25th Jan.'16.
	..	230	222	.. March.
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	222	214	..	..Ready.
	..	221	213	.. 25th Jan.'16.
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	234	222	..Ready.
	..	234	222	.. 25th Jan.'16.
	..	236	224	.. March.
Jalna (M.G.)	..	..	245	..Ready.
Barsee	..	..	270	..Ready.
Oomra M. G. (Fair-Staple)	..	..	..	..
Akola-Kghan. Karanja (M.G.)	..	258	250	..Ready.
	..	258	250	.. 25th Jan.'16.
	..	255	247	.. March.
Oomrawatee descriptions(M.G.)	..	260	252	..Ready.
Dhanangaum Poolgaum(M.G.	..	260	252	.. 25th Jan.'16.
Yeotmal (M.G.)	..	265	257	..Ready.
	..	270	262	..Ready.
Nagpore Kampt (M.G.)	..	275	267	..Ready.
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	..	275	267	..Ready.
Broach (M.G.)	..	292	..	286 April
Mathia(M.G.)	..	230	218	..Ready
Bhagalkote Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	..	..
Sawdg. Dharwar	..	..	..	207 April/May
Westerns(M.G.) (H.G.)	..	..	..	277 do.
	..	..	..	271 do.
Compta (M.G.)	..	..	..	297 do.

Except where otherwise mentioned Up-Country PRESSED AVERAGE STAPLE COTTON is quoted for. The Official Quotations of the Exchange are (unless otherwise started) "Jaitha Terms," i.e.' inclusive of 8 annas per vale of Muccadum allowance.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 21st January 1916:—

Cotton	17,727 Bales.
Wheat	11,318 cwts.
Linseed	3,233 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	33 "
Ginjellyseed	2,796 "
Poppyseed	39 "
Groundnuts	4,386 "
Castorseed	7,506 "
Rice	6,185 "
Myrabollams	616 "
Cottonseed	15 523 "
Mowraseed	32 "
Gram	484 "
Joowar	2,048 "
Maize	40 "
Barley	878 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Jan. 22nd—4 p. m.

	Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30		46 0 0	6 14 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30		45 8 0	6 13 6
Wheat, Karachi Bangla.		45 0 0	6 13 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi.		6 7 0	6 13 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore		6 6 0	6 12 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore		7 6 0	7 12 0
Linseed, Brown Bold ..		8 3 0	8 9 0
Linseed, Brown Thin ..		7 14 0	8 4 0
Teelseed, White 85-15..		43 8 0	....
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25 ..		42 0 0	....
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50 ..		40 0 0	....
Teelseed, Black		36 0 0	....
Poppyseed, White ..		7 8 0	7 15 0
Groundnuts		35 8 0	....
Mowraseed		3 8 0	3 14 0
Forward.		Rs. a. p.	
Wheat April-May. ..		6 11 3	
Linseed May		8 14 9	
Teelseed White 85-15 Dec./Jan.		43 0 0	
Teelseed Gajar 75-25 Dec./Jan.		42 0 0	
Teelseed Gajar 50-50 Dec./Jan.		40 0 0	

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—	
T. T. Ready	1s. 4 1/8d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 40-32d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 4 3-32d. Feb.
Banks' Buying Rates:—	
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 15-32d.
Do. Do. Forward	1s. 4 7-16 Mar.
Do. 6 m-s Ready	1s. 4 21-32d.
Francs 3 m-s Do.	193½
60 d-s Hongkong	141½
Do. Shanghai	190
60 d-s Yokohama	153

BULLION.

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	25-14-0
Australian Do.	25-0-0
Bombay Do.	24-8-0
English Shield Sovereigns	16-1-0
English Dragons	15-4-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	68-10-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Jan. 22.

The Cotton Mill Share Market kept steady to-day and presented a healthy tone.
Tata Iron and Steel shares stood almost unchanged.
In Mill shares for February delivery Davids closed at Rs. 477½.
Fazulbhai improved to Rs. 430, Standards to Rs. 1,032½ and Madhavji to Rs. 1,322½.
Centrals kept firm at Rs. 1,980 and Swadeshi at Rs. 1,485. Ahmedabad Advance kept in demand at Rs. 855.
Currimbhai were quoted at Rs. 225, Crescent at Rs. 105 and Indore-Malwas at Rs. 237½.
Alcock and Ashdown shares changed hands at Rs. 400.
Bank of India shares were placed at Rs. 62½
Bombay Steam Navigation ordinary shares improved to Rs. 217½.
Bombay-Burma Trading shares were placed at Rs. 920 e d.
Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 213.
Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 107 and Deferred at Rs. 277.
Central Provinces Railway shares declined to Rs. 115. Sialkot Narowal Railway shares were placed at Rs. 106 and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 567½.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was done in the vicinity of Rs. 80¾.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were placed Rs. 95½ (long-dated).

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22.

In yesterday's Share Market jute mill shares recovered some of their popularity. Opening dull with an easier tendency they improved in the afternoon with more buyers in evidence and higher rates were paid for several stock. A feature of the day was really in Kamarhattys, which in response to spirited buying advanced ten points during the day. The market closed steady in other directions. Only a small business was reported.

The following sales took place:—

Coal.—Bengal 76/7, Bhalgora 24/12, Equitable 36/4, Nawaghur 14/12, Nodiha 8, Ranegunge 30/8, Seebpore 36, 36/4.

Jute.—Alliance (ord) 322 to 332; Clive (ord) 113, 114, 115, 116; Clive (pref.) 107; Delta (ord) 368 to 392. 395; Empire (ord) 248, 24/12; Hooghly (pref) 13; Fort William (ord) 115, 116, 117; Gourepore (pref) 104; Kamarhatty (ord) 325 to 330, 332; Kankarah (ord) 425, 429, 431; Kelvin (ord) 363. 364; New Central (pref) 119. 120; Soorah (ord) 125, 126; Standard (ord) 270.

Tea.—Bishnauth 28/8, 28/12, 21; Central Cachar 107, 108; Durrubg 62, 63, 64; Rattikhira 30; Kornafuli 120; Terrihannal 20.

Miscellaneous Bowreah Cotton (ord) 171; Cawnpore Cotton (ord) 60; Sara-Sorajgunj Railway 97, 98; Howrah Jute 5% Debentures 105.

Government Paper 3½ per cent. was quoted Rs 80/10 to 80/12 and small lots were done at Rs. 81 to 81/4.

LATER.

Improvement in jute mill shares reported yesterday was continued and a fair volume of business was reported in these securities. Fort Williams advancing to Rs. 120/8, Empires to Rs. 25/4 and Northbrooks to Rs. 23. The market ruled steady. Coal shares did not attract attention and although there was some enquiry for tea shares, sellers were difficult to find.

Following sales took place:—

Coal:—Equitable 35/8, 35/12, Sudamdih 4.

Jute:—Alliance Ordinary 333, 334, Belvidere Ordinary 296, 297, Clive Ordinary 116, 117, Delta Ordinary 395, 396, Empire Ordinary 25, 25/4, Fort William Ordinary 119, 120, 120/8, Gondalpara Ordinary 423, Howrah Ordinary 211 to 214, Hughly Ordinary 35, Kamarhatty Ordinary 332 to 335, Kankarrah Ordinary 433 to 435, Kelvin Ordinary 370, 371, New Central Preference 120, Northbrook Ordinary 23, Standard Ordinary 286, Union Ordinary 372, 373.

Tea:—Bishnanth 28/16, 28/10, 28/14 North Western Cachar 234, Pabargoomiaha 230.

Miscellaneous:—Bank of Bengal 1500, Fort William, Jute Debentures 101/8 Kamarhatty Jute 5½ per cent. Debentures 104/8, Sara Serajganj Railway 97, 98.

Government Paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 80/14 to 81/2 and small lots were done at Rs. 81/4 to 81/6.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY BY TAXI-DRIVER.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday, before the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Spiers charged A. C. Vinney, a taxi cab driver, and Smythe, a motor cleaner, with robbery and abetment. The case for the prosecution was that about 7 p.m. on the 11th instant Mr. M. B. Mathias of the Griffiths Telegram Company, and Mr. J. D'Silva, a house agent, met Gunner Archer and Bombardier Hayward at the Victoria Terminus, and engaged the taxi of the accused. Mr. Mathias asked the first accused to drive them to Foras Road but the latter, instead of doing this, took them to Colaba, where the two soldiers got down. Mr. Mathias and the first accused then had an altercation over the fare, the former saying it was settled for Rs. 2 and the latter demanding Rs. 10. Eventually Mr. Mathias paid Rs. 10 and engaged a victoria. The accused drove away in his taxi, but after going a little ahead, waited for the victoria to come up. On the victoria coming up, the accused accosted Mr. Mathias and his companion and offered to take them to Jacob's Circle for Rs. 2, the fare originally settled. The two then got into the taxi, which, however, had gone only a few paces, when the first accused demanded Rs. 24 in all. Mr. Mathias refused to do anything of the kind, and when the accused slowed the car down, he jumped out and ran into the barracks close by. Here he told what had happened. The accused claimed his legal fare while Mr. Mathias repeatedly stated he had paid more than what was due. The military, finding both the parties unyielding, asked them to get into the taxi and make a complaint at a Police Station. The party then drove away. Mr. Mathias wanted to go to a police station, but, it was further alleged, when they had gone about a furlong or so, the first accused again pulled up, and with the assistance of the second accused, set upon D'Silva and threw him on the road side. They then drove away with Mr. Mathias and demanded from him more money, pointing a big knife at him. Eventually the first accused managed to get Rs. 204 from Mr. Mathias and cleared off. Mr. Mathias had a faint recollection of the number of the taxi and he went to the Colaba Police Station. The Police made enquiries, which resulted in the arrest of the two accused.

The further hearing of the case was adjourned.

INDO-CEYLON RAILWAY ROUTE.

FALSE RUMOUR OF CLOSING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 22.

In connection with various rumours about closing of the new Indo-Ceylon Railway route, the Agent of the South Indian Railway has intimated that there is no truth whatever in the statements.

Weak and delicate children are given a new lease of life by using Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Exeract. Delicious tasting, easily taken, flesh producing and strength promoting. A 1

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 24TH OF JANUARY, 1916.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton.

In the Division Court No. 52.

Appeals for Hearing and final disposal.

54-15-179-14.—Matubhai J & M, The Bombay & Africa Steam Navn Co. Ld. v. Haji Ajum Gulam Hoosein. a firm. Daphtary F and D. Part Heard.

55-15-961-13.—Edgelow G W & Co, Jeulji Cursondas v. Madhowji Thackersey & Co, a firm, Payne & Co.

56-15-640-15.—Little & Co, Mahomed H- Essack Elias v. Abdul Rahman bin Shaik Abdul Aziz El Ebrahim, & anr, Payne & Co, Edg G W & Co.

59-15-1083-15.—Mulji & Tha, Ismail Allarakhia, v. Dattatrya R Gandhi, Amin & Desai.

60-15-1110-15.—Bhai K & Gir, Hardwarimal Murlidhar & ors, v. The Bombay Merchants Bank, Ltd, Mer K & Co.

O S 49-15-958.14.—Mulla & M, Edalji Maneckji Modi, v. Tribhowandas Kaliandas Gajjar, Mer K & Co.

46-15-715-15.—Edgelow G W & Co, Sir Currimbaoy Ebrahim & anr, v. Gulamhussein Ladhabhai & ors. Payne & Co, Kanga & S, Bhai K. & G, Edg G W & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.

In the Division Court No. 53.

For Decree Absolute.

550.15.—Matu J & M, Khetsey Khetsey, & anr. v. Haji Ahmed bin Manson Alkare, Daph F & D.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

134.15.—Unwalla P & P, Maniram Radhakisson, a firm, v. Tilokchand Kalyanmal, a firm, Mer K & Co.

855.14.—Captain & Vaidya, Rao Bahadur Kessowji Nathoo Sailor & ors, v Jamnabai, widow & ors, Payne & Co.

514-14.—Little & Co, Weld & Co, a firm, v. Hari Ganesh Prabhu & Co, a firm, Malvi H M & R.

711.15.—Ardesir H D & Co, Abraham E J Abraham, v. Prier De Saone & Co, a firm, Captain & V.

775-15.—Jehangir M & S, Tullockchand Hookumchand, a firm, v. Abraham E. J. Abraham, Ardesir H D & Co.

448-15.—Captain & V, Suleman Meghji, v. Ismail Jafferbhai & ors, Mulla & M

278-14.—Sabnis & G, Messrs. Soundy & Co, Ltd, v. Mrs C Saraswatibai & anr. Ragh N & Co.

907-14.—Patell & Ez, Bhagwanji Dayaram, v. Vinayeck Moroba, Khund L & M.

823-13.—Matu J & M, Alimahomed Fakir-Mahomed, & ors, v. Fakir Mahomed Haji Abdul Latif, & ors, Sm B & Co.

[illegible]—Motichand & D, Mohanlal Hemchand, v. Manordas Tribhuwandas, Edg G W & Co.

[illegible]—S A Tyabji for a pauper, Dhondu Babu & anr, v. Bhagirathibai, widow, & ors, In Person, Pandia & Co.

938-15.—Little & Co, Lakhmidas Dayalji v. Jethmal Ramdayal, Tyabji D & Co.

912-15.—Tyabji D & Co, Rampartab Ramchand, a firm, v. Vithaldas Monji & anr, Rustomji & G.

957-15.—Motichand & D, Jiwanlal Lukhmichand & Co, a firm, v. Dhanjishaw Dadabhai Chinianai, Purnanand & Co.

[illegible]—Captain & V, Fatmabai, widow, v. Kesserbai, widow, Shroff D & D.

1029.15.—Smetham B & Co, Rajaballi Currimbux, v. Alli Saheb Haji Miya Faky, Captain and V.

1000-14.—Captain & V, Radhakison Ramjiwan, a firm, Manalal Rugnath, & ors, Tyyabji D & Co.

310-15.—Little & Co, Aboobucker Abdul Rahim & Co, a firm, v. Ramchander Luchminarayena a firm, Tyabji D & Co.

[illegible]—Payne & Co, Cooverji Dorabji Powalla, & anr, v. Jamsetji Cursetji Powalla, & anr, Daphtary F & D.

1353.15.—Payne & Co, Karmally Abdulla, v. Personally Jivabhai, a firm, Marwanji D & Co.

S C [illegible]13291-15.—Vachha & Co, Conkarmal Shivbux Motiram, v. Vallabhdas Gopaldas & anr, Tyabji D & Co.

340-15.—Amin & Desai, Dwarkadas Gokaldas v. Jwandas Mulji & anr, Khand L & M.

618.15.—Bhai K & G, Shaik Abdul Latif bin Shaik Mahmed, v. Haji Ahmed bin Ali bin Husein Kayat, Payne & Co.

560-15.—Ard H D & Co, Haji Esmail Haji Noor Mahomed v. Anandrao Narayen Rege.

633.14.—D J Mantri, Yemnabai, widow, v. Jilloobai, widow & ors, Capt. & V, D J Mantri.

347.14.—Rustomji & G. Ruttonbai, widow, v. Marwari Mahadeo Bhagwandas Nemani, Purnanand & Co.

13-15.—Judah & S, Vinayak Shantaram Pandurang, v. Tyaballi Cumroodin. Patell & Ez.

814-15.—Dastur & Co, for a pauper, Ramaya Babaya, v. Vithoba Krishnaji Kasaola, & ors. Judah & S.

527.14.—Vachha & Co, Mathuradas Govindji, v. Purshotam Harjiwan. Mulji & Tha.

441-15.—Payne & Co, Bai Bannbai, v. Erachs

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Education Society's Schools Prize Distribution, Town Hall, 5 p.m.

Municipal Rate-payers' Elections.

P & O. s. s. Kaiser-i-Hind with English mails due at 7 a.m.

FRIDAY, Jan. 28.

Bombay University Special Convocation for conferring Degree of LL. D. on Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji, 4-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 p.m. and 10 p.m. Spartacus.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7; 8-45; and 10-30 p.m.

Notice to Correspondents.

In preparing M.S. for the Press correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only and to have their M.S. typewritten if possible.

All communications intended for publication in "The Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Unauthenticated communications are rejected as such and are at once destroyed.

The Editor does not undertake to return rejected communications, but if a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with the communication it will be returned but if this be not done, the rejected letter or article is destroyed and in any case the Editor does not hold himself responsible. The Editor cannot correspond about the rejection of communications.

Business Notice.

All communications intended for the Editor should be addressed simply "To the Editor," and not to any member of the staff by name.

ALL BUSINESS communications (Advertisement, changes of address, etc.), should be addressed to the MANAGER and all remittances made payable to him.

Subscribers whose copies are delayed in delivery are requested to send the covers to the Manager, previously marking thereon the date of the paper enclosed therein. By this means only can satisfactory investigation be made as to the cause of irregularity.

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATH.

SETHNA.—Rustomjee Tamuljee head cashier Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, died from an accident on Sunday at 2 p.m. Funeral today at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at his residence at Dadiseth Buildings, New Charni Road.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Colonel Stanley Reed, A.D.C., Commanding.

Jan. 24.

Riding School.—Daily for Recruits and members in possession of remounts from 7-15 a.m.

Parades.—"C" and "D" Troops will parade on Tuesday 25th instant, at Santa Cruz at 7 a.m. Dress.—Drill Order khaki shirts, Regimental saddles rifle and sword.

"A" and "B" Troops will parade on Wednesday the 26th instant at 7-15 a.m. punctually. Rendezvous Church Gate Station. Dress.—Drill Order, Khaki shirts, Regimental saddles, rifle and sword.

(Sd.) A. E. BAIRD, 2nd-Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Jan. 24.

318. Range.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Casuals of any Company on Thursday, morning 27th and on Sunday 30th January.

Officers Commanding Coys. who can arrange for parties of 8 men to attend the range on any one day should apply to Headquarters for a special day to be allotted to them.

All those who have not completed musketry must attend during January. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.

Any men who have not fired their Recruits course of musketry must attend the Range on Saturday, 29th instant.

Any men who have only their Standard Test to fire must attend the range on Monday 31st instant.

11. Billets.—Companies are detailed for Billets at Santa Cruz as follows:—

A. E. J. Friday, February, 4th to Monday, February 7th.
B. G. Friday, February, 11th to Monday, February 14th.
F. H. Friday, February, 18th to Monday, February 21st.
C. D. Saturday, February 26th to Monday, February, 28th.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

January, 22.

Corps Orders by Captain Newman Taylor, Commanding.

No 30—Duties.

Duties for the week commencing 23rd January 1916:—

Orderly Sergt. No. 1 Company Sergt. C. B. Binks.

Orderly Sergt. No. 2 Company E. A. Sheren.

No. 31—Parades.

Nos. 1 and 2 Companies will parade as follows:—

Wednesday, 26th instant at 7 a.m. 6" B. L. Battery Drill Mahaluxmi Fort.

Saturday 29th instant at 7 a.m. 6" B. L. Battery Drill Mahaluxmi Fort.

No. 32—Warrants.

Nos. 136 and 137 were issued to C.S.M.I. W. C. Morey to proceed to Ahmedabad on 22nd instant in connection with No. 4 Company and returning on completion of duty.

No. 33—Enrolment.

No. 1738 Gunner R. S. Broomfield having been enrolled is posted to No. 4 Company, Ahmedabad, with effect from 9-1-16.

No. 34—Leave.

No. 1432 Gunner Bazley A. C. is granted one month's leave from 24-1-16.

No. 22—Motor Mechanics.

Motor car and lorry drivers and mechanics are required for service overseas.

Terms of service etc., may be had on application at Headquarters.

NO. 4 COMPANY, AHMEDABAD.

No. 35—Parades.

The Company will parade as follows:—

Sunday 30th instant at 9-15 a.m. Rifle Drill.

Sunday, 30th instant at 10 a.m. Section Gun Drill.

Sunday 30th instant at 11 a.m. lecture.

(Sd.) J. DODDS, 2nd-Lieut.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

B.V.A. RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

A spoon shoot will take place at Ghatkopar on Sunday next, the 23rd instant. Distances 800, 900, and 1,000 yards. Trains leave Colaba at 5-50 a.m. and Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.

NOTICE.

The following surplus stores are for sale and may be purchased from the Quarter Master by members of the Corps:—

Boots brown per pair ..... Rs. 12.
Boots black per pair. ..... Rs. 6.

GOVERNOR'S BAND AT VICTORIA GARDENS

By kind permission of their Excellencies' the Band of his Excellency the Governor under the direction of E. A. Barratt Esq., will play at the Victoria Gardens this evening from 6 to 7-45 p.m. (S. T.) the following programme of music:—

March—"Old Comrades" .....Leike
Suite—"Monsieur Beancaire" .....Rosse
Selection—"The Belle of New York" ...Kerker
Waltz—"Visions d'Amair" .....Joyce
Cornet Solo—"Musica Probita" .....Gastaldon
Serenade—"Osolo Mio" .....Capua
Selection—"The Shamrock" .....Myddleton
Piccolo duet—"The Two Little Finches" Kling
Two-Step—"Everybody's Doing It" .....Berlin

STRING BAND AT BYCULLA MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 5-30 p.m.

HOMEWARD MAILS.

The Homeward mail which left Bombay on January 2nd was delivered in London on Saturday.

TELEGRAMS TO ITALY.

Abbreviated telegraphic addresses registered before the 1st July, 1914 will now be admitted as addresses in telegrams to Italy.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

An ordinary monthly meeting of the Union will be held at the Union Rooms on Saturday the 29th instant at 7-15 p.m. (S.T.) followed by a dinner at 8-45 p.m. (S.T.).

ARRIVALS OF PILGRIMS

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Company's steamer Akbar, 2,902 tons, Captain J. H. Murch, arrived here on Saturday morning from Jeddah which port she left on the 10th instant, with general goods and 1,021 pilgrims on board.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Three attacks and two deaths from plague occurred in the city on Friday the former cases being reported from Middle and Lower Colaba Khara Talao and Parel and the latter from Umarkhadi and Kumbharwada. There were five attacks of small-pox, but no deaths. One attack of cholera was also reported during the day. The total mortality from all causes was 85, as compared with 59 of the corresponding day of 1915 and 82 of 1914. Out of 2,672 rats caught on Friday 26 were found to be plague-stricken.

DEATH FROM OPIUM-POISONING.

The Acting Coroner held an inquest on Saturday morning on the body of a Parsi aged 40.

The deceased who was living with his sister in Cowasji Patel Street was out of his head. On Friday morning the deceased was found by his sister lying in his bed in an unconscious condition and it was discovered that he was suffering from opium poisoning. He expired in the hospital where he had been removed.

A verdict of death from opium poisoning was returned by the jury.

SUICIDE BY JUMPING IN FRONT OF A TRAIN.

The Acting Coroner held an inquest yesterday morning on the body of a Hindu named Shivashanker Nanji, aged about 25.

The deceased was employed as a municipal ward clerk, and was living with his father Nanji Hirjee. His father had objected to the deceased's intimacy with a woman named Bhagvithibai. On Friday he went to see his sister in Bhuleshwar, and on his way went to the Masjid Bunder Station of the G. I. P. Railway. While he was standing on the down platform he saw the Punjab mail coming from the Victoria Station and at once jumped on the rails, the result being that both his legs were severed. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital in an unconscious condition and died after a time.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide by jumping in front of the Punjab mail.

PAY OF GOVERNMENT CLERKS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—With reference to the letter written by one Mr. A. V. Thakkar and published in your issue of the 11th instant I beg to bring to your notice that the statement made by that gentleman is not accurate He says that in all Government Offices the clerks start on plus Rs. 30, Rs. 6 allowance this is true; but they go up to Rs. 70 by Annual increment of Rs. 2 is not true.

There are certain Government offices in Bombay such as Stationery and Stamps and many other Offices where there are Clerks on Rs. 40, Rs. 35, Rs. 30 who have not got any sort of promotion for the last six or seven years. As such things are in existence I am at a loss to know how he says for certainty that all the Government Clerks are fairly paid.

I hope that the Government will also see that they regulate the pays of their clerks according to the Sandard alleged to have been in force in Government Officers.—Yours, etc.,

ONE WHO KNOWS.

P. S.—It is not that I envy my brethern in the Municipality but that I avail myself of this opportunity to bring to the notice of the Government the true state of things to be found at present in *certain* Government Offices.

MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR RECEPTION IN BOMBAY.

Arrangements have been made to accord a grand reception to Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, the Grand Old Man of India, on Friday next when he arrives in Bombay to receive the Honorary Degree of LL.D., of the University of Bombay. Ever since his return to this country ten years ago from England Mr. Dadabhai has lived in retirement at Versova and this being the first opportunity which the public will have of seeing the G. O. M. after a lapse of ten years, arrangements have been made to accord him a reception rivalling even that magnificent welcome extended to him when more than fifteen years ago he landed in Bombay to proceed to Lahore to preside over the deliberations of the Indian National Congress.

After the University function, at which H. E. Lord Willingdon is presiding as Chancellor, is over, a procession will be formed near Watson's Hotel. The procession will be headed by the volunteers of the Indian National Congress, the All-India Moslem League, the Bhattia Conference and the Lohana Conference, and will travel along the Esplanade and Hornby Roads to the Crawford Market, thence to the Mulji Jetha Market, the Bhuleshwar Temple, C. P. Tank, and along the Girgaum Back Road to the Sandhurst Bridge and will terminate at the Cumballa Hill.

In view of the old age of the G.O.M., the organisers of the reception have wisely decided to halt Mr. Dadabhai's motor car only at a limited number of places. This is bound to cause disappointment to the thousands of his admirers who desired to present floral tributes to the venerable patriot but any other arrangement but the one decided upon by the Reception Committee, which met on, Saturday at the office of Mr. Narotam Morarji, would make too great a strain on the health of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, and therefore it has been decided to halt the procession only at the following places along the route:

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

The Swadeshi Stores; the Mangaldas Market; the Mulji Jetha Market; Khara Kuwa; Rukshmani Lying-in-Hospital; China Bag, Parathna Samaj and Sandhurst Bridge.

At most of the schools and colleges and mills a half-holiday will be observed to enable the students and mill-hands to have a look at the Grand Old Man. The scholars will assemble for the purpose near their institutions, where, however, no halt will be made, and those, desiring to make floral presentations will have to go to the nearest halting station.

MUNICIPAL FINANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—In your leader of to-day's issue you criticise municipal finance basing your arguments, I believe, on the estimates. May I draw you attention to the actuals on which all criticism should properly be based.

The municipal income for the last five years (1910-11 to 1914-15) was 6.29 crores and the expenditure over the same period was 5.98 crores, showing an excess of income over expenditure by 29.5 lacs, which works out at an average of 4.75 per cent. If we consider each of the five years individually, we find the excess of income over expenditure in 1910-11 was 7.5 per cent., in 1911-12 5.1 per cent., in 1912-13, 5.9 per cent, in 1913-14 5.7 per cent, in 1914-15, the year in which we had nine months of war the excess of expenditure over income was only half per cent.

I do not think these figures can be characterized as "the recklessness indicated for the past few years in the increasing divergence between expenditure and income." On the contrary, if any criticism is to be levelled, it should be in the opposite direction.—Yours, etc.,

23, Churchgate Street, Fort,
COWASJI JEHANGIR (JUN.)
Bombay, Jan. 20th.

LUNCHEON PARTY AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The following guests lunched at the State Bungalow, at 1-30 p.m., yesterday:—

The Hon. Mr. G. Carmichael and Mrs Carmichael, the Hon. Sir Stanley Batchelor and Lady Batchelor, the Chief of Ichhalkaranji, Major G. B. de Mairis, Major J. C. Loch and Mrs. Loch, Lieut. C. Lane and Mrs. Lane, Mr. C. J. Sissoon, Mr. C. H. Wilson and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. P. Lloyd Bowers, Mr. A. F. Kindersley, Captain R. B. Spence, Captain D. T. MacDonald and Mrs. MacDonald, Mr. R. C. Lowndes, Mr. H. McNeill, Professor J. H. Moulton, Mr. A. C. Rumboll, Mr. F. G. Arnould and Mrs. Arnould, Mr. B. C. Reade, Mrs. Wesché, Mrs. Dangar, Mr. Syed Iskander Ali Meerza and Mr. K. M. Chaubal.

The House Party comprised:—Lord Cecil Manners, H. H. the Maharaja of Idar, H. H. the Raja of Rajpipla, Rao Raja Narpatsinhji, Sir Valentine Chirol, Lady Helen Brassey, Miss E. Brand, Captain Wilson, Captain Fell, their Excellencies and Staff.

UNIVERSITY ELECTIONS.

A meeting of the Members of Faculty of Arts of the Bombay University was held on Friday evening at the Convocation Hall for the purpose of electing two ordinary Fellows. Four candidates were nominated. The successful two were Pro. K. R. Kanitkar of the Fergusson College and Pro. P. A. Wadia of the Wilson College. The non-successful candidates were Prof. Kanga and Khan Bahadur Jamsetji Dalal.

The Faculty next proceeded to elect a Syndic in the place of the Rev. Dr. Mackichan, appointed Vice-Chancellor. The two candidates nominated were Mr. H. J. Bhabha and Mr. K. Subramania Iyer. The former was duly elected.

DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES.

PRIVILEGE TO ELECT PRESIDENTS

The Bombay Government have issued the following resolution:—

At a meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 13th July, 1915, the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel moved a resolution recommending that Government should issue an order under section 23 (2) (c) of the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901, that every city Municipality in the Presidency shall have an elected president.

The resolution was carried at the Council meeting in the following modified form:—

"This Council recommends that the Governor in Council may, under sub-section 2 (c) of section 23 of the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901, be pleased to consider the desirability of directing that every president of a city municipality in the Presidency shall be elected by such municipality."

Government have considered this proposal carefully. There are 23 city municipalities in the Presidency, namely:—

Northern Division.—Ahmedabad, Surat, Broach, Nadiad, Bandra;

Central Division.—Poona, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Jalgaon, Dhulia, Sholapur, Barsi, Yeola;

Southern Division.—Belgaum, Bijapur, Bagalkot, Dharwar, Hubli, Gadag-Bettigeri;

Sind.—Karachi, Hyderabad, Shikarpur, Sukkur.

The Poona City Municipality has enjoyed the privilege of electing its president since the year 1885. Orders have already been issued under section 23 (2) (c) of the District Municipal Act that in future the president of any municipality for which a municipal commissioner has been appointed shall be elected by such municipality. Accordingly the municipalities of Ahmedabad and Surat will, in future, elect their presidents.

The Governor in Council is now pleased to direct under section 23 (2) (c) of the Act that the municipalities of Broach, Nadiad, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Dhulia, Sholapur, Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar, Hubli and Gadag-Bettigeri shall in future elect their presidents, and that the arrangement shall come into force when the offices next fall vacant.

The question of granting the privilege to the Bandra Municipality will be considered at a later date, when the town planning schemes in and about Bandra, which are now under consideration, have been fairly launched.

Government are of opinion that in the case of Jalgaon, which is still in the early stages of its development, and in the case of the municipalities of Barsi, Yeola and Bagalkot, which are comparatively small and far from the district head-quarters, the existing arrangements should, for the present, be maintained.

The Commissioner in Sind, to whom powers under section 23 of the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901, have been delegated, should decide, after taking into consideration the orders which have now been passed, whether the presidents of the city municipalities in Sind are to be elected, or appointed by him whether in accordance with the vote of a two-thirds majority of the councillors or without this preliminary step, or "ex-officio."

MYSTERIOUS DACOITY AT HOWRAH.

STOLEN DOCUMENTS RETURNED TO OWNER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22.

The miscreants who committed the dacoity at Howrah in the house of Mr. Pyne have returned the documents taken away by them. The dacoits, who were armed with revolvers, took away about Rs. 6,000 and some valuable documents. While leaving the house they told the owner that they would return the documents after inspection. On Thursday a cooly came to the house with a basket containing sweets. The owner thought it was a present from a relation, but eventually all the documents were found under the sweets. The cooly could not give any information about the person who engaged him.

WAR RISKS IN INDIAN WATERS.

CLAIM BY CHIEF STEWARD OF A SWEDISH STEAMER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22.

At the Police Court yesterday Mr. Swinhoe, Chief Presidency Magistrate, decided the case which a European named Bergstan, late chief steward of the steamer Nippon, claimed Rs. 40-12, being the balance of his wages at 150 krones a month, including war risks in connection with the submarine danger, from Capt. Lindguist, master of the vessel.

Capt. Lindguist denying the claim said that in terms of his agreement nothing was due to the complainant who had been paid up in full his dues. The agreement, which was written up the Swedish language and explained by the Captain to the Magistrate, distinctly showed that war risks related only so far as European waters were concerned. After Port Said the ship entered Indian waters, hence the petitioner's claim to extra money on account of war risks had ceased.

Petitioner denied all knowledge of these conditions, which had not been previously communicated to him. He based his claim according to the entry in his service book made by the Captain.

The defence pointed out that the petitioner had signed the agreement and the Magistrate being satisfied with it said that he could not interfere. The Magistrate said that so far as the Criminal Court was concerned the petitioner had not made his case. He advised the petitioner to see the Swedish Consul.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

MADAME KEMP'S CONCERTS.

Madame Marion Kemp, the well-known Australian Contralto, who made her first appearance in Bombay a few weeks ago at the Excelsior Theatre, is paying a return visit for a brief season at the Royal Opera House. Her opening concert on Saturday night was not as largely attended as it deserved. The audience, in fact, was disappointingly small, though like most small audiences it did its best to make itself seem substantial by the exuberance of its enthusiasm, which was not always excusable. Madame Kemp, whose qualities as a singer have already been described in our columns, sang first Bohm's "Comme La Nuit" which was encored. This was followed by Paston Cooper's "Ave Maria" with violin obligato, "My Ain Folk" and "The Three Fishers," all of which delighted the audience greatly. She concluded with Elgar's "Land of Hope and Glory" which should have been accompanied by the orchestra, but, owing to a slight misunderstanding among the latter, which resulted in the production of a most weird noise, the singer was obliged to stop and send for her accompanist.

Miss Ivy Wigmore, a very talented and graceful young violinist, played Kreisler's "Liebesfreud," some other similar *morceaux* and a movement from Cesar Franck's well-known sonata for piano and violin. Miss Wigmore has a great future before her. Her beautiful touch, perfection of phrasing, graceful and effective bowing, and generally splendid technique, behind all of which is inspiration and individuality, mark her out as a great artiste in days to come when she has developed more power and her experience has ripened. One would have liked to hear her in something more sustained and classical to judge of her fully, but the Franck composition, which was spendidly played, was sufficient to show that she is not merely a player of pretty and sentimental pieces. So far as the latter are concerned, however, she excels and Kreisler, himself, might have listened with pleasure to her interpretation of his composition.

Mr. Francis Halls, who possesses a very fine baritone, rich in quality and full of tone, does not always do himself justice, owing to defects into which it is not our business to enter. His singing of "Drake Goes West" and the Toreador's song from "Carmen" was not so effective as that of a love ballad and "The Floral Dance." Mr. Harold Proctor was an able accompanist.

Yesterday afternoon Madame Kemp and her party gave a sacred concert which was greatly enjoyed by an audience which was rather larger than that of the previous evening. To-day the party leave for Poona, returning here for two farewell concerts on Thursday and Friday.

BENARES CONSPIRACY CASE

EVIDENCE OF DEFENCE WITNESSES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BENARES, Jan. 22.

In the Benares conspiracy case on Saturday, Abhay Charan Sanyal, overseer, maternal uncle of Jitendra, accused, deposed to the stay of Jitendra with him from the 30th May to 28th June. Witness said that he and Jitendra arrived at Jubbulpore on the 30th May by the Bombay mail and stayed at Raja Gokul Das Sarai for the night, where a register for entering the names of persons staying there is maintained. In cross-examination witness said that Jitendra was certainly with him on June 7.

Dr. Promotha Nath Mukerjee of Serampore deposed to the presence of Sachindra, accused, at Serampore during the illness of his grandmother who was under his treatment. Witness was not positive as to the first date when he saw Sachindra, but he continued to see him from that date till her death. Witness could not give any dates and was not able to identify Sachindra.

Mr. Burrell, Principal, Queen's College, deposed that Nalini Mohan, accused, sat for the geometrical drawing paper on 24th March, 1915.

WITNESS WHO WAS CALLED AN "AVATER."

Sushen Kumar Mukerji deposed to his attending some meetings of the Y. M. A. in 1908. Towards the close of that year he joined the Ram Krishna Mission and remained as a member of the Mission till April, 1912. Witness said he knew Sachindra, accused, but never had any discussion with him about the country. Witness was ignorant of the fact of his being called an 'avatar' (incarnation) by his friends till he saw it in the newspapers.

NEW LIBRARY AT DABHOI.

OPENING CEREMONY BY THE GAEKWAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BARODA, Jan. 23.

H. H. the Maharajah Gaekwar opened the new building of the Dabhoi Library on the 20th instant, in the presence of a large gathering. The event was of special importance because this was the first of the library buildings in the State to be opened by the Maharajah himself.

Dabhoi (ancient Darbhavati) is a small town in the Baroda district, which in library advancement is more progressive than the other districts, claiming 191 town and village libraries out of a total of 445 in the whole State. An interesting report of library progress of the district was read by the Curator of Libraries. The Maharajah also opened the library exhibition which was tastefully arranged. The Gaekwar's short stay at Dabhoi was an occasion for great rejoicing amongst his subjects and the whole of Dabhoi was *en fete*.

ALL INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

Reference to local Governments on the subject of court fees will probably be made very shortly.

Questions connected with the railway budget for 1916/17 are now being considered by the Government of India.

The Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab has commuted the capital sentence passed on one Ghazi of Mianwali District for murder of his uncle.

An Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition and Cattle Show will be opened at Pachora (East Khandesh) by the Hon. Mr. Carmichael on the 29th instant.

A Banpat correspondent reports the death, by throwing herself in a well, of a Brahman girl in a fit of anguish at her husband's moribund condition. The two were cremated together.

A reward of Rs. 1,000 is advertised by the Lahore police for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons concerned in the murder of Mr. A. Priestly in the Lawrence Gardens last month.

One Alfred Hill, lately head cleark of the Station Staff Office at Multan, who had been committed to the Chief Court sessions under section 409 of the Indian Penal Code for alleged criminal breach of trust for Rs. 4,000, will be tried on Monday.

Sir Donald Johnston and Justice Rattigan have recently confirmed the death sentence passed by the Sessions Judge of Lyallpur on one Niamat, who was charged with murder of his wife and child in cold blood.

The replies of the local Governments on the subjects of legislation for the control of usury are now under consideration of the Government of India who are also considering the replies in connection with the suggested amendments of the Provincial Insolvency Act of 1907.

In the Mirowal case in which some Mahomedans, who were sentenced by the District Magistrate of Sialkot to three months' imprisonment for wrongful confinement of a married respectable Hindu girl, Justice Le Rossignol has passed orders acquitting all the accused.

An accident culminating in deaths of five little children took place on Friday in Allahabad city when a wall under which some children were watching a monkey show suddenly collapsed, burying a number of children. When extricated five were found to be dead and two others seriously injured.

At Saturday's meeting of the Lahore Municipal Committee the proposals of Mr. Duni Chand were considered and the Committee resolved that Prof. Geddes might be asked what he would charge for a report on town-planning for Lahore. As to Mr. Duni Chand's other proposals about the exhibition of German and Austrian goods with corresponding Indian made goods with machineries, prices and other particulars and the establishment of a branch of the commercial intelligence department with a reading room, the Committee resolved to ask the Secretary with the help of Mr. Duni Chand to address the secretaries of such exhibitions with a view to ascertaining particulars concerning them.

BEQUESTS TO PERSONS UNBORN.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS OF HON. MR SETALVAD'S BILL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 22.

The Hon. Mr. C. H. Setalvad appends the folloiwng statement of objects and reasons to his Bill:—

The object of the present Bill is to enable the Hindus and Mahmedans to dispose of property by transfer *inter vivos* and by will for the benefit of unborn persons within certain limits. According to the Hindu Law as now administered in British India, a gift in favour of a person not in existance at the date of the gift as void and so also a bequest in favour of a person not in existence at time of the testator's death. The same is the rule of Mahomedan Law, except that under the provisions of the Mahomedans Wakf Validating Act of 1913, it is competent to a Mahomedan to settle property for the benefit of unborn persons even in perpetuity, provided the ultimate disposition is for the benefit of charity. Every lawyer familiar with the Indian courts must have come across a large number of settlements and wills made by Hindus and Mahomedans for the benefit of their children and grand-children. The paramount object of the settler in all these cases has been to provide not only for his children and grand-children then in existance but also for those to be born hereafter. Instead, however, of giving effect to the settler's intention the law as now administered completely defeats it. Even where a donor has only one child in existance at the date of the gift and the gift is made in express terms for the benefit of all his children including those to be born hereafter, the law excludes from the benefit of the gift all children born subsequently to the date of the gift to the entire subversion of the donor's intention. Similarly, the intention of testators to benefit by their wills their children and grand-children not in existance at the death of the testators is also defeated. It is to remedy these evils and to give effect to the settler's or testator's intention that the present Bill is proposed. The sole object of the Bill is to enable the Court to carry out the settler's or testator's intention, which under the present state of the law they are precluded from doing. At the same time, it is recognised that this can only be done within the limits allowed by the rule against perpetuity and these limits are prescribed in clauses 4 and 5. The effect of the Bill if passed into law will be to enable Hindus and Mahomedans to make dispositions of their property to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as other communities in British India.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, January 24, 1916.

THE CAUCASUS.

The Austrian communiqués acknowledging the seriousness of the Russian trust in Bessarabia and Bukovina and the successes in the Caucasus are a happy augury for the winter campaign of our Allies. Climatic rigours do not affect the soldiery of the Tsar and his enemies will find no respite until the thaw sets in. Just as the Central Powers get weaker every day the Allies grow stronger, thanks to their unfettered communication with the outer world and above all to their larger resources. Of these resources Russia has on paper the largest. Indeed, the strength of our Northen Ally is inestimable, inasmuch as she has a population of one hundred and seventy million souls to draw upon. Until now the difficulty with Russia has been armament, but Japanese factories are working night and day in order that a regular supply may reach the Russian armies. The withdrawal of British troops from the Dardanelles must of course react more swiftly on Russia than on the other Allies, for it is patent that a very large percentage of the troops detailed by the Turks to guard the gateways to their capital will now be available for the Caucasus campaign. It is safe to assume that such reinforcements will mean about half-a-dozen divisions at least, and it is expedient that the Russians should be able to meet this new menace.

It is unlikely that Ottoman troops will play any large role in the Balkan theatre, owing to the friction which is likely to ensue from their presence on Bulgarian soil. Rumours have been current for some time that the enemies of 1912-13 were not getting on as well as might be desired. It was recently pointed out that it is easier to get Turkish troops into your territory than to get them out, and none knows this better than the Bulgar. On the other hand, there seems to be no likelihood of the menace against Egypt materialising in the near future, and if this be actually so then almost the whole of the Turkish force recently engaged in Gallipoli will be available for the Caucasus front. It is unlikely that the Allies have not provided for this, since the immediate object of the Dardanelles expedition was to relieve the pressure on the Russian front. Indeed the latest telegrams regarding activities in this quarter are eloquent of the fact that the offensive is entirely in the hands of the Russians and that they are vigorously pursuing the enemy in to his own territory. But we must remember that no Turkish reinforcements have as yet had time to reach the Caucasus, and that when they arrive they will be the very flower of the Sultan's Army, with a years fighting experience in Gallipoli behind them. Owing to the sudden changes of the last few months the Caucasus Campaign looms large again. In ordinary times the Tzar's forces in this region number three army corps with two cavalry divisions with their base at Tiflis. In war time this could be raised to six army corps with four cavalry divisions but it in now probably much larger. When reinforced the Turks will have about eight to nine army corps and four cavalry divisions. From these figures it will be seen that a stiff task still lies before over Ally unless we are able to continue a vigorous offensive in Mesopotamia. Besides this, Russia has a large number of troops in Azerbaijan and Persia. The complexities of the situation in the latter country are of a nature that require strong action, and this means the detachment of mobile columns from the main interest of the war. It is unlikely that the Russians will make any big attempt on the fortified plains of Erzeroum, and it is more than likely that they will for the present content themselves with the infliction of severe blows on the Turk and keeping him well within his own frontiers till the time comes for a general advance, when the tremendous superiority of Russia in the cavalry arm, and her splendid communications and strategic railways, will bring down on the Turks the full force of her finally developed strength.

GOVERNMENT AND EDUCATION.

The Educational Conference of the United Provinces to which we referred on Thursday was perhaps the most important of the conferences that has met in those provinces ever since British rule was established. Its representative character, along with the fact that there is no question which concerns the people more deeply than that of education, combined to make it a memorable conference. "It is a conference," said Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya who presided over it, "which has been called because of the conviction which has gone deep into the hearts of the people that things educational are not as they should be. Never before in these Provinces has the public mind been agitated over the condition of education as it is at present." These words are true as much of any other province as of the United Provinces and we trust that other provinces will soon follow the example of the U. P. in organising conferences which should serve to focus public opinion on the educational problems and needs of the provinces and should be a means of carrying on a programme of continuous work from day to day until the problems are completely solved and the needs are adequately satisfied. It is from this standpoint that the broad features of the speech of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya have a close bearing on the state of education in every part of the country. The Educational Dispatch of Sir Charles Wood, of 1854, he said, was rightly regarded as the educational charter of the people. This dispatch laid down that education should be made available to everyone as far as possible. The Government of the United Provinces, as of other provinces, have followed a policy which is not in keeping with that enunciated in the dispatch. The reason why the Government have failed to recognize that it is their duty to devote their revenues to educating the people is, said the Pandit, that they are not of one mind with the people in the matter. Nothing illustrates this point so clearly as their insistence on the fetish of efficiency as a plea for the slow progress of education. Referring to this the Pandit pointed out that it was almost ridiculous to talk so much of efficiency when it was found that the percentage of boys and girls at school was so miserable in every part of the country as compared with any other civilized country. "When the Government," the Pandit said, "talk of buildings, of inspectors who have to go about to see if the teachers are teaching well, and of such other things, they expose themselves to the charge that the extension of education is not much at their heart, that they even want to limit it. What matters most in fact is not furniture for the school or the inspector or other paraphernalia, but more schools and more schools,—be they of the simplest type,—in as many villages as possible." As the speaker very vividly expressed it, "when a man is dying of hunger, he cannot wait for beautiful chairs and well laid out tables. He wants food urgently even though it may not be the ideally good." The question of efficiency does not arise until the needs of the people are satisfied to the fullest extent and this cannot be done until in the matter of education the people have a real measure of self-government.

Among the resolutions passed at the Conference those which arrest attention are the ones dealing with the limit imposed on admission into college classes and urging municipalities to levy a special education tax to make education free and compulsory and to spend at least 7½ per cent. of their normal income on primary education. A feature which characterized the proceedings of the Conference was the frank outspokenness of many speeches. Thus, speaking on the resolution regarding the attempts being made to restrict admission into colleges, Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru candidly said that the present-day policy of the Government with regard to higher education was a most regrettable policy. Higher education, he significantly added, had not been without some of its inconvenient disadvantages to the Government. "It made the people articulate, it taught them their rights, and therein lay a great deal of inconvenience. I am not therefore surprised that there should be such an outcry against higher education being spread over a wider area in the 'efficient' manner in which Indians want it to be spread, When I remember that some of the greatest men of our country are the products of those days of 'inefficiency' I wish to go back to those days rather than remain in these days of efficiency."

Notes of the Day.

The Montenegrin Mystery.

It seems improbable that we shall ever know the actual truth about the Montenegrin mystery. If we remember aright, the Montenegrin Consul-General in Paris was responsible for the admission that King Nicholas and his Government had been forced to accept the inevitable. Now we learn that the inevitable was so far from being inevitable that the Montenegrin Consul-General in Rome confirms, according to one telegram, the "rupture" of the peace negotiations with Austria, and announces the next day, according to another telegram, that Montenegro never capitulated or even negotiated with Austria for peace. Thus the sequence of events is as follows. Montenegro accepted the inevitable and unconditionally surrendered. Then there was a rupture of the negotiations and fighting was resumed, and then there were never any negotiations at all! What with the Montenegrin Consuls and the Censors it is impossible to make anything out of this amazing jumble of telegrams. We must content ourselves with the satisfactory outcome of it all, and the fact that Montenegro is not only still fighting but has given the Austrians another hard knock.

Educative Political Propaganda.

The most immediately important part of the Resolution on "Self-Government" passed at the last session of the Indian National Congress related to the need of an active and vigorous educative propaganda regarding the political needs of the country, especially among the masses. Arrangements for this purpose are being pushed forward in Madras and Bengal and are also in contemplation in Bombay. We understand that at a meeting of the Secretaries of the six Ward District Congress Committees of this City held during the second week of this month, it was wisely decided that, with a view to joint action, the secretaries should form themselves into a general Secretarial Board. It was also decided to appoint a Sub-Committee of six members from this Board to draw up a programme of educative and propagandist work and submit it to the Board. The Sub-Committee has, we understand, finished its work and has submitted some practical recommendations. Its important recommendations are, that a series of public and popular lectures on different problems of Indian administration should be arranged jointly; that members of the District Committees should be invited to read papers either at joint or separate meetings of the committees, that these papers should be followed by a general debate; that the speech of the President of the last Congress should be translated into Gujarati and Marathi and be published and distributed broadcast. All these recommendations of the Sub-Committee, and others regarding the maintenance of a special fund and a quarterly journal, will be considered by the joint meeting of the Managing Councils of the District Committees and we trust that they will soon be given effect to. We also hope that this propagandist and educative work will be carried on in co-operation with the Provincial Congress Committee.

The Final Law Examination.

In accordance with the recent changes introduced, the University examinations in all subjects are to be held in March. The final examination in Law which used to be held in July and November every year will thus take place in March and October this year and henceforward. This would however, mean that those students who passed their first examination in Law in July last will be made to appear for the final examination after a preparation of less than eight months. This arrangement, is obviously injust,—inasmuch as every student appearing for any examination is entitled to have a year's preparation. A petition has been addressed on behalf of these students to the Syndicate of the University urging that the final examination in law for this year should be held in June instead of in March.

News from the Fronts.

The announcement in the House of Commons a few days ago that the Government is considering the feasibility of the publication of daily bulletins from all the theatres of war where British troops are engaged will be received with general satisfaction. At present General Haig is the only commander who sends a daily bulletin, but in these days of easy communication there is no reason why the commanders of armies in other fields should not do so, even when there is "nothing to report." The veil which perpetually hangs over the East Africa campaign, for instance, for some reason which no one can fathom, ought to be lifted. "Truth" complaining of the manner in which the public at Home are kept in the dark remarked recently that

the belated news supplied by the India and Colonial Offices leaves the public very much in the dark about the progress of the war in Mesopotamia, the Cameroons, East Africa, and elsewhere. As in Germany France, Russia and Italy, so in England, the Chief of the General Staff is the right man to compile a daily communiqué of official news. The reports from the various fronts should be passed on to him directly they have been seen by the Secretary of State for War, and the India and Colonial Offices should be relieved of a duty which they have hitherto performed with a perfunctory and inadequate appreciation of its importance.

The German "Camel Corps."

"Corsair" whose frequent tirades against the Hun must one day draw on him the grotesque warnings recently given to "Punch," writes in "The Near East"—

I see that the camels of the Zoological Gardens at Berlin are being pressed into the service of the German army. In view of the proposed capture of Egypt the formation of a camel corps has been considered necessary, and, making the best of a lack of colonial possessions where such corps are frequently found, the gentle Hun is settling down to master the precarious game of cup and ball in his own country. I scarcely know which to pity most, the camel or the Hun. I have seen many Germans on camels in Egypt and somehow the angular lines of the one animal always seemed painfully out of sympathy with the generous contour of the other. Even a lean man requires many yards of flannel tightly swathed round his waist if during his first long ride he is to avoid the sensation of being dissected by a drunken surgeon during a storm at sea; and the German is not, as a rule, a lean man. The amateur camel rider is, too, assailed by the least pleasant of boyhood's memories for many painful days after his first ride is done; so as he is usually too stiff to walk, the only place of rest is in bed. And from my personal acquaintance with many camels, I know they will not hesitate to say exactly what they think concerning the weight of their new riders over and above that of the normal white man. I am a man of few recreations, but I should dearly like to see the Berlin Camel Corps on parade.

A Story of Prince Henry of Reuss.

A good story is told of Prince Henry XXXI. of Reuss, the former German Consul-General in India, when his Serene Highness left Simla for his mysterious mission to Teheran. He sold all the wine that was left in his cellar to his acquaintances, keeping back only a few bottles of specially good champagne, which he purposed taking with him for use on his journey. One man bought from him twelve dozen bottles of German dark beer, which were delivered to him some days before H. S. H. departed. When the first bottle was opened it was found that the beer was bad, and on investigation it transpired that not a single bottle was drinkable. Thereupon the indignant purchaser invited the Prince to lunch, and gave him a bottle of the beer. The Prince tasted it, but could not drink it, and at last said he fancied the beer was flat. His host replying bluntly that so far he had not found a single bottle that was fit to drink, the Prince, with the best grace he could muster up, offered to take back what was left. Shortly after he took his departure, not much pleased with his entertainment. But worse still was in store for him. After he was well started on his journey to Teheran, he found that his servant, misunderstanding the order to take with them all the wine that had not been sold, had carefully packed nearly twelve dozen bottles of beer, while the champagne had been left in Simla.

Some Lord Welby Stories.

Sir Algernon West contributes to the January "Cornhill" some anecdotes of the late Lord Welby. Frequently when seeing him on some point of official business, after talking for a long time on every sort of irrelevant matter, his visitors found that the subject which they came to discuss was not even touched upon. As such interviews were usually connected with applications for expenditure, it has been said that these apparently idle conversations were on his part a diplomatic avoidance of the application. His table at the Treasury was a chaos. At the time of the Wainwright murder, when the poor victim's limbs were cut up and distributed in various places, a cynical colleague was heard to say, "What a fool the murderer was!—if he had put the body on Welby's table it would never have been discovered"; and yet some papers he would collect, docket, and arrange with the greatest exactitude.

Sir Edward Clarke and Lord Alverstone.

Sir Edward Clarke, K.C., in the "Church Family Newspaper" pays a tribute to the memory of the late Lord Alverstone, with whom he was long on terms of intimate friendship. Both were in office together, and were often detained late at the House of Commons:

These late hours were more trying to Webster than to me (says Sir Edward). Our habits of work had always been quite different. He was wont to go to bed quite early, to rise at five or six o'clock in the morning, to make his coffee and set to work, and spend a couple of hours with his papers before going out for his morning exercise. A nursery rhyme was quoted about us:

Richard and Edward were two pretty men,
Dick went to bed when the clock struck ten.

Sir Edward's habit, on the other hand, was never to go to bed until he was absolutely ready for the work of the coming day.

"An Exceptional Capacity."

Sir Edward does not think Lord Alverstone could have stood the strain of the House of Commons but for an exceptional capacity which he has heard attributed to the great Duke of Wellington and to Lord Roberts, but he thinks to one else. Had not Mr. Gladstone also this power? He could at any time go to sleep and wake up at a predetermined hour. Lord Alverstone often in the course of a long sitting asked Sir Edward if he would stay on duty in the House while he would take an hour or two hours of sleep, and at the end of the time named he would come back wakeful and refreshed.

Official and Personal.

The Maharajah of Mysore and party left Bangalore for Bombay on Saturday night, where they will stay till about the end of February, probably also visiting other parts of Northern India.

General Rajkumar Hari Singh of Kashmir was invested by the Maharaja of Kashmir with the title of Raja at a Durbar held at Jammu on the 20th instant, in which the Hon. Mr. Fraser, the Resident of Kashmir, was present.

Lord Carmichael on Friday visited the Burmese colonies in the Sunderbuns near Barisal and Khulna districts. His Excellency went over to Lota Chapi island on the sea-face, colonised exclusively by the Burmese and paid a visit to the Buddhist shrine. The tenants of Kheporpara entertained his Excellency with the Pegu dance.

When the Hon. Mr. Straight proceeds on leave in April Mr. A. B. Forde I.C.S., at present on leave in England, will act as Inspector-General of Police, United Provinces.

It is likely that Mr. Thomson, Revenue Secretary, will act as Chief Secretary, Punjab, when Mr. Barron goes on leave, Mr. Craik, now Sessions Judge, Montgomery, acting for the former.

With reference to their nomination as candidates for election from the C. Ward as Councillors of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, we are given to understand that the Hon. Mr. Abdul Husein Adamjee Peerbhoy and Mr. Ebrahim Adamjee Peerbhoy have intimated to the Municipal Commissioner that they do not intend to stand for election.

A Bankipore telegram says that His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar has given Rs. 15,000 towards the Hindu University.

POONA VOLUNTEERS.

ANNUAL CAMP AT CHINCHWAD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
POONA, Jan. 23.

The annual camp of exercise of the Poona Volunteers began at Chinchwad on Saturday, the 22nd instant and will last till the end of the month The camp had been pitched and furnished some days in advance and the men assembled at their headquarters at 10 o'clock on Saturday, and half an hour later headed by a couple of officers, marched to the railway station, where they took train for Chinchwad. There was only a small muster of men, but more were expected to join the camp later on.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Jan. 22.

The disturbance now in East Bengal has only given a few light falls of rain in Assam. Conditions are again slightly unsettled in Baluchistan.

Forecast:—No great change.

Dr. George Adam Smith, Principal of Aberdeen University, who has just been chosen Moderator of the United Free Church of Scotland, is regarded in the North as the greatest Orientalist since his namesake, William Robertson Smith. One of Dr. Smith's sons has lost his life as an officer in the war, and the Principal himself has addressed many recruiting meetings, where his celebrated powers as an orator have done much to stir the youth of Aberdeenshire.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

TURKS' FLIGHT IN CAUCASUS.

KING NICHOLAS AT BRINDISI.

AIR RAID ON EAST COAST.

BRITISH SUBMARINE SUCCESS.

The Turks attempted in the Caucasus to drive back the Russians, but failed disastrously. The Turks were repelled and driven into the forts of Erzerum.

The Russian forces in Persia surrounded and defeated a band of 1,000 men which threatened their communications.

A hostile aeroplane visited the east coast of Kent at one in the morning yesterday and dropped nine bombs. There was no naval or military damage. One man was killed, and two men, one woman and three children injured.

A British submarine sank an Austrian seaplane in the Adriatic capturing the crew and also sank an Austrian torpedo-boat coming to the rescue.

The King of Montenegro and Prince Peter, have arrived at Brindisi "en route" for Lyons. Prince Mirko and three Ministers have remained in Montenegro to continue the fight.

An Allied squadron bombarded Porto Lagos and landed a reconnaissance party and simultaneously a seaplane scoured the town and suburbs.

It is reported that through the good offices of the United States, enemy consuls arrested at Salonica now on board a French warship, will be released.

The British and French Ministers had a long conference with M. Skouloudis, to which much importance is attached.

The glorious feat of the little gunboat Comet is told in the "London Gazette," when advancing towards Kut to examine and if possible destroy the obstruction across the river. Lieut.-Commander Cookson, who was killed whilst carrying out the work, has been awarded the V. C.

The personnel of the Navy has been increased to 350,000.

The House of Commons has passed the second reading of the new Trading with Enemy Bill. The measure was cordially received.

TURKS DRIVEN INTO THE FORTS OF ERZERUM.

BRITISH SUCCESS IN THE ADRIATIC.

GERMAN AIR RAID.

AN AEROPLANE VISITS KENT.

ONE KILLED : SIX INJURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 23.

The War Office announces that taking advantage of bright moonlight a hostile aeroplane visited the east coast of Kent at one in the morning, dropped nine bombs in rapid succession and made off to the sea.

No naval or military damage was done but there was some damage to private property.

An incendiary bomb caused fires which were extinguished by two in the morning.

It is regretted that the following civilian casualties were caused:—One man killed; two men, one woman and three children slightly injured.

GERMAN TYRANNY IN BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS AND SCHAERBEEK FINED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

Von Bissing has fined Brussels half a million marks and Schaerbeek 50,000 because no information has been forthcoming against the man who killed the betrayer of Nurse Cavell. That man's body was found at Schaerbeek with two bullet wounds.

CAPTAIN FINCH OF THE ARABIC.

HONOURED BY GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

The Lord Mayor of Liverpool presented Captain Finch, the captain of the Arabic with a piece of plate awarded him by the British Government.

Admiral Stileman mentioned that 2,329 lives had been lost on liners and other vessels as the result of submarine attacks. Of that number half were lost on the Lusitania. Captain Finch's feat in saving 400 in ten minutes was unexampled.

PERSONNEL OF THE NAVY

INCREASED TO 350,000.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Jan. 21.

The supplementary estimate increasing the personal of the Navy to 350,000 was agreed to without discussion.

ANIMATED SCENES AT RECRUITING

MEN MOST CHEERFUL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Animated scenes occurred at recruiting stations on the calling up of the first attested groups. The men were most cheerful and were singing.

OVATION TO BRITISH TROOPS AT ROME

TAKEN TO SEE COLISEUM AND OTHER SIGHTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 21.

A party of British troops passed through Rome yesterday. They received an ovation and were taken to see the Coliseum and other sights.

COLONEL HOUSE'S MISSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Jan. 23.

Colonel House, President Wilson's special envoy to Europe said in an interview that his mission was to inform the American diplomats precisely the President's views on the grave questions they have to treat on with the various belligerents, especially the submarine warfare and blockade.

He would also report to the President his impressions of the positions and sentiments of the belligerents. His mission now is connected with eventual mediation.

TURKS' RETREAT IN CACUASUS.

FLEEING TO ERZERUM.

GUNS AND STORES ABANDONED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 22.

An official statement says that the Turkish attempt in the Caucasus to drive back the Russians on a broad front, ended disastrously.

The Turks were themselves repelled with heavy loss and fled.

The Russians pursuing them captured the town of Hassankala and drove the Turks into the forts of Erzerum, sabring and capturing 1,500 men, capturing a gun, much munitions and the tents of the entire camp.

The Turks are retreating precipitately in all directions to the shelter of the Erzerum forts abandoning magazines, guns and stores.

Everywhere cartridges and rifles litter the ground and stragglers crowd the roads.

TURKISH SAILING VESSELS SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 22.

A communiqué says:—

Russian destroyers in the Black Sea sank forty sailing ships off the Anatolian coast.

RUSSIAN SUCCESS IN PERSIA

ENEMY FORCE SURROUNDED AND DEFEATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 21.

A Teheran telegram says that after a most difficult march over snow-covered passes the Russian forces surrounded and defeated a band of a thousand men which threatened the communications of the Russian Expeditionary Force in Persia in the region of Enzeli and Resht. Numerous prisoners were taken.

RUSSIANS OCCUPY SULTANABAD.

ENEMY'S FLIGHT TO BURUJIRD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 21.

The Russians have occupied Sultanabad. The enemy with the German consul have fled to Burujird.

LATER.

An official announcement says the Russians on the southern shore of lake Van drove back the Turks westward of Vastan.

An official announcement says:—

The Russians, south of the lake Urumia, drove the Kurds beyond the River Djagata.

RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE IN BUKHOVINA.

ISOLATION OF BULGARIANS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 21.

The press emphasises the importance of the Russian offensive in Bukhovina in drawing off large German forces from the Balkans and isolating the Bulgarians who are thus unable to attack Salonika and operate in Albania.

RUSSIANS REPULSE ATTACKS.

DESPERATE ACTION IN PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 22.

A communiqué says:—The enemy repeated vain attempts to recapture the hill north of Czartorysk.

The Russians repulsed attacks on the Middle Strypa and the Lower Strypa and the Dniester and opened an attack on a hill occupied by the enemy northeast of Izalowice and the village of Dabrova southeast of Latacz village. Dabrova has already been stormed and a desperate action is in progress round the craters of four mines exploded by the enemy north-east of Izalowice.

CAPTURE OF GERMAN AEROPLANE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 21.

An official communiqué says:—

The Russians on the Western front captured a German aeroplane near the station of Vileyka. An enemy balloon exploded and burst into flames in the air north-west of Zbarash. The car fell into the Russian lines.

The attempt of the enemy to capture a hill north of Czartorysk was repulsed.

AUSTRIAN NAVAL LOSS.

SEAPLANE AND DESTROYER SUNK.

BRITISH SUBMARINE'S EXPLOIT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Jan. 22.

A British submarine sank an Austrian seaplane in the Adriatic capturing the crew and also sank an Austrian torpedo-boat coming to the rescue.

The seaplane had fallen into the sea near Grado in the Gulf of Trieste and two officers were endeavouring to make the machine fly when the submarine approached. The aviators promptly surrendered and the submarine had just destroyed the seaplane when the Austrian torpedoboat rushed up and was torpedoed amidships.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF DEDEAGATCH

BULGARIAN REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 21.

A Bulgarian communiqué says that twenty-four warships bombarded Dedeagatch for four hours on Tuesday morning and four horses were killed.

Simultaneously sixteen warships cruised in the bay of Porto Lagos, which they started bombarding at one in the afternoon, ceasing fire at half past five in the evening. There were no casualties.

ALLIES BOMBARD PORTO LAGOS

RECONNAISSANCE PARTY LANDED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Jan: 21.

The Allied squadron which bombarded Porto Lagos landed a reconnaissance party and simultaneously a seaplane scoured the town and suburbs.

ARRESTED CONSULS.

TO BE RELEASED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.

Through the good offices of the United States the Austrian, German, Turkish and Bulgarian Consuls arrested at Salonika now on board a French warship, will be released.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE AT ATHENS

ALLIED MINISTERS CONFER WITH GREEK PREMIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, Jan. 21.

The British and French Ministers had a long conference with M. Skouloudis to which much importance is attached.

LONDON, Jan. 22.

An Athens message to the "Evening News" says that the interview between the British and French Ministers and M. Skouloudis reached a satistactory agreement concerning Corfu.

GERMANS AND BULGARS.

LAVISH EXCHANGE OF DECORATIONS

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 21.

There has been a lavish exchange of decorations between the Germans and Bulgarians.

The Bulgarian Grand Cross for bravery has been awarded to the Kaiser.

BRITISH PURCHASE OF ROUMANIAN GRAIN.

A CONTRACT FOR £10,000,000.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BUKHAREST, Jan. 22.

The "Independance Roumanie" says the British Legation and Roumanian Central Commission for the purchase and exportation of grain have concluded an agreement for the acquisition of 80,000 wagon loads for ten millions sterling.

KING NICHOLAS ARRIVES AT BRINDISI.

ARMY TO CONTINUE TO FIGHT.

TO REJOIN THE SERBIANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BRINDISI, Jan. 22.

The King of Montenegro and Prince Peter have arrived here *en route* for Lyons.

Prince Mirko and three Ministers remain in Montenegro at the request of the army which is commanded by General Vukotitch to continue the fight and endeavour to rejoin the Serbians in Albania.

It is hoped in co-operation with the Allies to defend Albania with a base at Skutari.

QUEEN AND PRINCESS PROCEED TO LYONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Jan. 21.

The Queen of Montenegro and the Princesses have gone to Lyons. The Queen of Italy accompanied them part of the way and the King of Italy and Princess bade them farewell.

AUSTRIANS REPULSED.

KING NICHOLAS ISSUES A PROCLAMATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Jan. 22.

The Montenegrin general Martinovitch has repulsed the Austrians at Berana.

King Nicholas in a proclamation says it were better to die than accept Austrian peace.

The Vienna newspapers are now declaring that peace negotiations will only begin when the Montenegrins have been disarmed. They add that disarmament will take time.

"MONTENEGRO NEVER CAPITULATED."

EMPHATIC STATEMENT BY CONSUL-GENERAL AT ROME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Jan. 21.

The Montenegrin Consul-General announces that Montenegro never capitulated or negotiated with Austria for peace.

GENTLY BREAKING THE FACT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.

The German press is breaking gently the fact that Montenegro has not surrendered and says that something has gone wrong in the negotiations.

It appears that the Montenegrin army refused to give up its arms.

AUSTRO-GERMAN DISILLUSIONMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 23.

To-day's Austrian communiqué must have completed the Austro-German disillusionment with reference to Montenegro.

It says:—The disarming of the Montenegrin Army which is the condition of further peace negotiations is proceeding. The Austrian and German troops have for this purpose begun their march to the interior. The Montenegrin soldiers they meet must surrender their arms. Those who do so without resistance will be allowed to remain in villages. Those who resist will be forcibly disarmed and made prisoners. This solution is based on military reasons, the peculiarity of the country and its population.

The communiqué adds that the Russians have resumed attacks on the Bassarabian front.

ATTEMPT TO SAVE GOVERNMENT'S FACE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 23.

The painfulness of the Montenegrin development for the Germans is evidenced by the remarks of the "Frankfuter Zeitung" yesterday morning.

After lamenting that no information could be obtained officially regarding the reports of the rupture of peace negotiations, the journal says that it refrains from comment on a matter which if true, will be an unpleasant surprise.

Subsequently the Berlin papers were allowed to publish an Austrian semi-official statement which thus tries to save the Government's face:—The Montenegrin Government is experiencing much difficulty in disarming the Army owing to great distances, bad roads and lack of telephonic communication. Some portions of the Army and population have not yet clearly understood the necessity for capitulation.

The hollowness of Germany's starvation cry is exposed by an article in the "Koelnische Zeitung" gloating over the starvation of the Montenegrins as an "effectual inducement to the most warlike souls to incline their thoughts to peace."

A telegram from Rome states that the Austrians have appointed the Bulgarian Voletich, the Governor of Cetinje. His first act was to erect gallows in the town.

SERBIAN REFUGEES AT BRINDISI.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Jan. 23.

The British and American Relief Expeditions have brought to Brindisi the last 2,000 Serbian refugees.

WESTERN FRONT.

TRENCHES DAMAGED AND BATTERY SILENCED.

OBSERVATION POST IN VOSGES DESTROYED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Jan. 21.

A communiqué says our artillery started several fires in German trenches in the Dunes and silenced the enemy battery between Soissons and Reims.

We damaged trenches and destroyed an observation post in the Vosges.

The communiqué says the enemy exploded three mines west of Fricourt without doing any damage. We exploded a mine east of Festubert. Our artillery dispersed four working parties.

We successfully bombarded gun positions and trenches east of Fleurbaix.

Elsewhere there was reciprocal shelling.

MINOR OPERATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Jan. 21.

This afternoon's communiqué reports only minor operations.

ARTILLERY FIRING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Jan. 22.

This afternoon's communiqué reports some artillery firing in Belgium, Champagne and the Vosges. Otherwise there has been calm.

ENEMY'S WORKS BOMBARDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

A British communiqué says that artillery has been mutually active at Frieburt.

We successfully bombarded the enemy's works about Hulluch, Richebourg and Pilken.

The enemy sprang a mine near the Comines Canal and did some damage to our trenches.

We occupied the crater.

VIOLENT ARTILLERY ACTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

Last night's Paris communiqué reported somewhat violent artillery actions in various sectors.

THE PARTY TRUCE.

INTERESTING MODIFICATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

When the Parliamentary Bill becomes law next week there will be an interesting modification of the party truce, the Whips deeming the moment opportune to give effect to a number of resignations hitherto kept in abeyance.

It is understood that the resignations will include that of Radical Neilsen who is now in Amercia.

AREA UNDER WHEAT IN FRANCE.

A SLIGHT SHRINKAGE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Jan. 21.

It is officially estimated that the area under wheat in France is five million hectares as compared with five and a half million hectares last year.

CONVERSION OF SOVEREIGNS INTO JEWELLERY.

LEGISLATION UNDER CONSIDERATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Jan. 22.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London correspondent cables:—

London, January 21:—Mr. McKenna in the House of Commons said that the Treasury was considering legislation to prevent conversion of sovereigns into jewellery.

ENEMY TRADING BILL.

SECOND READING PASSED.

MEASURE TO PREVENT ENEMY PROFITTING AT END OF WAR.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

In the House of Commons Sir G. Cave, who is in charge of the new Enemy Trading Bill, said that the object of the measure was to stop the gaps in the existing law. He pointed out how companies with many enemy shareholders might have profits including increased war profits, which would continue to accumulate to the credit of these shareholders. Thus a fund was being set aside which at the end of the war might be of great use to our enemies in the economic struggle.

He emphasised also that the shipping position was intolerable. Germans before war had been able to get all the benefits of our laws and those conditions must be changed. There was no idea of confiscation of property, but the State should have its hand on enemy property until they saw how British property in Germany was treated.

Subsequent speakers approved the provisions of the Bill and urged the Board of Trade to take vigorous proceedings.

MEASURE CORDIALLY RECEIVED.
LATER.

The House of Commons passed the second reading of new Trading with Enemy Bill. The measure was cordially received.

ECONOMIC STRENGTH OF THE EMPIRE

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

In the Commons Mr. Bonar Law announced that the resolution moved by Mr. Hewins in the House on January 11th regarding the utilisation of the economic strength of the Empire and the report of the debate on the resolution had been communicated to the Dominions and the subject was receiving the earnest consideration of the Imperial Government.

DILUTION OF SKILLED LABOUR.

MR. ASQUITH ON THE NEEDS OF THE SITUATION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

Speaking in the House of Commons Mr. Asquith affirmed that the dilution of skilled labour by the employment of partially skilled and unskilled and by women offered the only prospect of securing a sufficient supply of munitions to enable the war to be ended speedily and successfully.

He regretted that they were still lamentably short of labour. Consequently, the Government would take steps to carry out the policy of dilution, relying on the co-operation of employers and workers.

GOVERNMENT'S SCHEME,

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

The important provisions of the Government's scheme for the dilution of Labour are the wide extension of controlled establishments and the standardisation of wages and also the utmost possible home production of munitions, thus helping British financial and shipping positions.

It is announced taht the Ministry of Munitions will take over Hotel Metropole for administrative purposes.

MINERS AND OLD AGE PENSIONS.

DEMAND FOR AN INCREASE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

Mr. Asquith to-day received a deputation from the Miners' Federation and promised to consider increasing the Old Age Pensions from 5s. to 7s. 6d.

Mr. Samuel referred to the Military Compulsion Bill as it applied to miners and also explained the amendments removing the possibility of industrial compulsion.

MILITARY BILL AND TRADES UNIONS

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

A joint committee of railwaymen miners and Transport Workers Unions has asked the Executive to take the views of the respective bodies with reference to the Military Bill with a view to a joint meeting of the three Unions on the subject if necessary.

SWEDISH STEAMER SEARCHED.

MUCH RUBBER ON BOARD.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

The Swedish steamer Stockholm from New York has been brought to Liverpool and searched.

Her cargo has been mostly discharged.

It consisted for the most part of foodstuffs.

It is stated that she carried exceedingly heavy parcels post which contained much rubber.

CAMEROONS CAMPAIGN

GERMANS PRESSED HARD BY ANGLO-FRENCH FORCES.

EBOLOWA AND AKONOLINBA EVACUTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

An official statement says that after the occupation of Jaunde in the Cameroons on 1st. January, Anglo-French columns were dispatched in various directions with a view to pressing the enemy towards the coast and cutting off his retreat into the Spanish territory of Muni.

One of these columns released seventeen English and seven French civilian prisioners, three French officers and non-commissioned officers.

Reports received on 18th January state that the Germans have evacuated Ebolowa and Akonolinba and that the German Governor Ebermaier and Commandant Zimmerman have reached Muni.

Fighting is reported further south close to the Spanish border, where two small French columns from the coast and French Congo are trying to prevent the escape of the Germans into Muni.

IMPENDING PAPER FAMINE.

SWEDEN PROHIBITS EXPORT OF PAPER PULP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

An important matter to newspapers has arisen owing to the decision of Sweden to prohibit the export of paperpulp.

It is reported that this step has been taken as a reprisal for the alleged British seizures of Swedish cargoes.

Experts express the opinion that there will be a big rise in the cost of paper, especially the kind used for newspapers. It is pointed out that Great Britain is almost wholly dependent on Sweden for paperpulp; the little made in Canada is mostly absorbed by the United States.

It is expected, that although there are large stocks of paper at present in Britain the size of newspapers will be cut down unless the embargo is speedily removed.

ONLY CHEMICAL PULP PROHIBITED.

LONDON, Jan. 22.

The Swedish Chamber of Commerce in London declares that the prohibition of the export of woodpulp applies only to chemical and not to mechanical pulp. Licences for the exportation of the former can be obtained.

PAPERMAKING MATERIALS.

VAST AREAS IN INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

The papers are of opinion that the modification of the Swedish order regarding the export of woodpulp is due to the threat of British reprisals.

The incident is cited as another example of the folly of Britain in depending on foreign countries for important necessaries which can be produced in the Empire.

The Imperial Institute dwells on the fact that papermaking materials could be supplied in many parts of the Empire, especially India, and points out that in Central and Northern India there are enormous forest areas covered with waste grasses which yield pulp of first class quality. In Mysore district forests already explored, would yield 60,000 tons of grasses yearly for paper material purposes.

Large tracts of bomboo are also available in lower Burma.

A letter appears in "The Times" saying that it is estimated that in Burma alone bamboo areas within the economic range of river transport could produce twelve million tons of pulp yearly.

MANCHESTER PAPER TO SUSPEND PUBLICATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 23.

The "Manchester Courier" which was established in 1825 announces its approaching suspension of publication owing to the dearness of paper.

SWEDEN AND FOREIGN STATES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Jan. 22.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London Jan. 20: The Danish Press draws attention to the omission from the Swedish speech from the Throne of the usual declaration of friendliness to foreign States.

M. Sazonoff interviewed by a Stockholm paper referred to the improvement in Russo-Swedish relations.

The "Morning Post's" Stockholm correspondent says that Sweden has protested strongly to Berlin against the seizure of two steamers in Swedish waters.

London Jan. 20:—30 Danish labourers profitably engaged in Germany have returned to Denmark owing to food conditions.

INCREASE IN MILITARY AGE LIMIT.

CONSTERNATION IN AUSTRIA.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
ZURICH, Jan. 22.

The increase in the age limit for military service has caused consternation in Austria-Hungary. The people fear that the announcement means that the Austrian losses have been greater than have been officially admitted.

AUSTRALIAN EXPORTS TO HOLLAND PROHIBITED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MELBOURNE, Jan. 21.

A proclamation is gazetted prohibiting all exports to the Netherlands.

APPEAL TO MAINTAIN HUNTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

The War Office has circularized the masters of Foxhounds asking them to do their utmost to maintain the hunts in view of the importance of the continuance of breeding for the raising of light cavalry horses.

The masters are asked to employ ineligible men as far as possible but where eligible are indispensable an appeal for exemption should be made.

THE RUSSIAN POSITIONS.

VARIATIONS IN WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Jan. 23.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—London, January 21.—Petrograd telegrams dwell on the variations of the weather. The surface of the ground on the fighting front which is adamant to-day, may resemble porridge to-morrow. Rivers have been transformed in a few hours from highways into foaming torrents.

During one night recently the Russian position at Lake Drisviatz, two German detachments met and each deluged the other with shrapnel for some minutes. The Russians then attacked and drove back the enemy to his own lines with heavy loss. The Germans are employing thousands of prisoners in restoring the Grodno fortifications and hurriedly building the railway from Grodno to Brest Litovsk.

NEW GERMAN MOTORS.

The "Echo de Paris" Salonika correspondent states that the Germans on the Dwina front have new large armoured motors provided on both wheels with snow runners carrying light artillery in addition to maxims. On the only occasion of their appearance in action they were caught by Russian artillery and hastily retreated. The persistent reports of German movements northward from Monastir are attributed to lack of supplies.

BULGAR-GERMAN LACK OF FOOD.

The "Echo De Paris" Salonika correspondent states that mixed Bulgar-German patrols parade Monastir to prevent looting of bakers' shops. The troops feel the lack of food keenly, only 30,000 Germans now remain with 30,000 Bulgars left towards Elbasan. The German officers with the Bulgar regiments have been recalled to the Russian front.

According to the "Idea Nazionale," King Nicholas broke off negotiations with Austria on account of the threats of the Montenegrin Army headed by General Martinovitch.

ALLIES' PRESSURE ON GERMANY.

London, January 21.—The "Morning Post's" correspondent at Petrograd is of the opinion that if the Allies continue their concerted pressure the Germans with their armies reduced both in quality and quantity must abandon at least one of their over-extended fronts and thus open a breach in their defences which should lead, after perhaps six months' desperate fighting, to a general ruin of the German schemes of conquest. The reduction of Germany itself will remain and possibly prove the most formidable task of all.

FUTURE OF THE FAR EAST.

RUSSO-JAPANESE AGREEMENT TO BE ANNOUNCED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
TOKIO, Jan. 23.

Grand Duke Mikhailovitch has left Tokio after a continuous round of entertainment and exchange of farewell visits with the Emperor.

Prince Kanan, other members of the Royal Family Count Okuma and members of the Cabinet bade him farewell at the station.

The Grand Duke now tours the interior accompanied by Terauchi, Governor-General of Korea and the Russian Minister.

He will then stay at Seoul where he will be elaborately entertained by Terauchi.

LONDON, Jan. 23.

The Japanese newspapers say that the visit of Grand Duke Mikhailovitch has materially advanced the prestige of Russia among all classes.

The frequency of Cabinet Conferences and the Foreign Minister's audiences with the Emperor during the Grand Duke's stay have aroused general speculation.

The responsible newspapers state that a definite agreement regarding the future of the Far East will shortly be announced.

CENTRAL BRADFORD BYE-ELECTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

Alderman Hill has been returned unopposed for Central Bradford.

REVOLUTION IN INNER MONGOLIA.

REBELS DESTROYING CHINESE VILLAGES.

PETROGRAD, Jan.22.

A Mukden telegram says that two divisions of Manchu troops are being sent to Yunnan, Prince Tushtu is directing the revolution in Inner Mongolia.

The rebels in three detachments of 1,000 each are destroying Chinese villages on their route.

FURTHER HAVOC IN HOLLAND

FLOODS AGAIN INCREASING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.

The floods at Purmerend have again increased and a new portion of the town is completely inundated, the water reaching a record level.

In Westernpolder also further 800 hectares are flooded.

Elsewhere news is continually being received of the collapse of houses.

The military authorities have ordered the evacuation of Uitdam and Zuiderwoude.

TROUBLE IN MEXICO

GENERAL VILLA CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
ELPASO, Jan. 21.

It is confirmed that Carranza troops have captured General Villa.

REPORT DENIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

The report of the capture of Villa is denied.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieutenant H. Ball, East Yorkshires.
Lieutenant F. Crathorne, General List.

NOW KILLED.

Lieutenant J. E. Kennedy, Seaforths.

DIED.

Lieutenant J. L. Mavety, Medicals.

MISSING.

Second-Lieutenant S. L. Glover, West Ridings.

WOUNDED.

Captain H. Cheesmond, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Captain R. Erskine, Scots Fusiliers.
Lieutenant H. B. Milling, Motor Machine-gun Service.
Lieutenant L. H. Robinson, East Surreys.
Lieutenant C. G. Beatson, Middlesex.
Lieutenant E. G. Bowen, Artillery.
Lieutenant R. E. Thomas, Medicals.
Second-Lieutenant V. H. Barrett, Engineers.
Second-Lieutenant K. Brodie, Dorsets
Second-Lieutenant R. A. Denne, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieutenant J. H. Herring, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieutenant T. Marburg, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieutenant S. T. Welch, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieutenant H. B. Grey-Edwards, Artillery.
Second-Lieutenant W. R. Wareing, Liverpools.

WOUNDED IN EAST AFRICA.

Second-Lieutenant S. T. Welch, Fly-Major J. S. Leitch, Royal Fusiliers.

LONDON, Jan. 22.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Major C. G. Casswell, York and Lancasters.

WOUNDED.

Major B. L. Maddison, Yorkshires.
Captain A. G. Taylor, Artillery.
Lieutenant M. H. Firmin, North Lancashires.
Lieutenant A. Hillis, Hampshires.
Lieutenant C. R. Mullings, Artillery.
Lieutenant W. A. Pilkington, Shropshire Light Infantry.
Lieutenant C. R. Sherwin, Engineers.
Lieutenant R. S. Wells, Artillery.
Second-Lieutenant F. G. Salter, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieutenant M. Frisch, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieutenant G. H. Havelock-Sutton, King Edward's Horse.
Second-Lieutenant P. M. Pridmore, Warwicks.
Second-Lieutenant V. N. Vincent, King's Royal Rifles.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Jan. 22.

The following additional casualties have been reported from Mesopotamia:—

DIED OF WOUNDS.

51st Sikhs, Capt. A De T Mouillet.

WOUNDED.

19th Battery R F A, Lt H W Rakin, 20th Battery R F A, Lt. H Turner, 28th R.F.A., Capt. E C Creasy, 2nd Dorsets, 2nd Lt. F V Goode, 1/5th Buffs, Lt. L E Holyman, 9th Bhopal Infantry 2nd Lt. F C Roberts, 53rd Sikhs, Lt. A B Carter, 128th Pioneers, 2nd Lt. E H N Gill (I A R O).

The 158th list of casualties from Mesopotamia contains amongst others the names of Gunner F. W. Leeky Thomson (Volunteer Battery) and 2nd Lt. D. F. Cunningham Reid, Royal Flying Corps as killed.

ALLEGED TRADING WITH THE ENEMY.

CHARGE AGAINST MESSRS. MCDOWELL CO'S MANAGER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Jan. 22.

The argument of the Crown Prosecutor in the case against Hooper of Messrs. McDowell & Co., occupied the whole of Friday before the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The principal points dealt with were with regard to the nationality of Ruppell and evidence of the witness Hermans, now interned at Ahmednagar. The accused in a written statement stated that Ruppel was a naturalised British subject. Counsel controverted this statement and said that Ruppell resided in Hamburg, wrote letters in German and bore a German name and the burden was upon the defence to show if that would help them to show that Rupell was a naturalised British subject.

Commenting upon the evidence of Hermans, Counsel said that he had stated at the very outset that Hermans was not a witness of truth and had refrained from calling him until the Court said that evidence was necessary to prove the letter written to Blum Brothers of Goch. The letter bore every evidence that Hermans was acting on behalf of the firm when he wrote it and that Hermans and the accused had talked together before it was written. The story put forward by Hermans that he had written the letter without the accused's knowledge and that he got a commission from Blum of Goch on purchases of tobacco unknown to the accused was on the face of it absurd and unbelievable. Counsel submitted that the prosecution had made out a *prima pacie* case and a charge should be framed and accused put upon his defence.

The case stands adjourned till the 31st instant.

A HEROIC SENIOR SUB-ASST. SURGEON

D.S.M. FOR GALLANTRY IN MESOPOTAMIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Jan. 22.

Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon T. N. Swaminadha Naidu, Subedar, I.S.M.D., who is now serving with the 96th Berar Infantry at Bushire has been awarded a Distinguished Service Medal for conspicuous courage and gallantry in an action in Mesopotamia. Subedar Swaminadha was a year ago in sub-medical charge of the 86th Carnatic Infantry at St. Thomas Mount and though nearly 50 years of age and not likely to have been called upon to proceed to the front, he managed to get away. Captain Batchford, I.M.S., in charge of British troops on H.M.S., Juno wrote to him as follows after the action:—"In my report to the senior naval officer I pointed out on all occasions on both days you rallied yur bearers and carried yourself with admirable courage. I shall not be on shore with our party this time, but on any future occasion I could not wish better luck than to be associated with you again. I fell sure you will, my dear Subedar, allow me to give you my salutations not only as a skilful colleague but as a brave man."

ATTEMPT ON COUNT OKUMA.

FOUR ARRESTS MADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
TOKIO, Jan. 22.

Four arrests have been made in connection with the attempt to bomb Count Okuma. The police say that the attempt was intigated by politicians who intended to intimidate the Premier into resignation.

The principal prisoner is a well-known journalist who is a member of an anti-Government political club.

MILITARY CORRESPONDENT'S WAR GLEANINGS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Jan. 23.

The "Pioneer's" military correspondent at London writes:—About two thousand journalists are serving in the war and fifty-five have been killed, ninety have been wounded and ten have received honours. Eight of them have been selected for service on the staff and Miss Kathleen Barrow of the "Evening Standard," sister of General Sir Edmund Barrow, holds a responsible nursing post.

The "Times" has thirty-one members of its editorial rooms on active service and the "Morning Post" has twenty-five of its writers serving, including the whole of its military staff, of whom one is a director at the War Office, another is on the headquarter staff of the 1st Army at home and one in the Gunners.

The "Standard" has seventeen away, the "Daily Express" and "Daily Mail" twenty each, the "Daily Chronicle" seventeen, and the "Financial News," "Evening News" and "Daily Telegraph" a dozen each.

Lord French is the close confident and friend of the Premier in these days and it is quite correct to say, with Lord Kitchener, the trio will be directing the spirit of the campaign. Lord Kitchener, Lord French and Sir William Robertson will form a sound advisory committee on strategic policy.

Our main zone is of course the western front but in essence the army in Flanders and France is the chief force of the group of armies operating on a concerted plan. The success of one will always have its effect upon the others. Lord French has never wayered from the true principle of campaign which is to destroy the enemy in Western Europe. He has never held the view that a strong army on the Danube would prove a vital point in the campaign. "Do not weaken my front," he had said, and events have proved the wisdom of his words.

GUNBOAT COMET.

GLORIOUS FEAT IN MESOPOTAMIA.

V. C. TO LT.-COMMANDER COOKSON WHO WAS KILLED.

LONDON, Jan. 21.

The glorious feat of the little gunboat Comet is told in to-day's "London Gazette," which announces the award of the Victoria Cross to her Lieut.-Commander E. C. Cookson and of Distinguished Service Crosses to Surgeon D. Loughlin, Engineer T. Keer and Flight-Lieutenant V. G. Blackburn.

LIEUT.-COMMANDER'S HEROISM.

The Comet advancing towards Kut was ordered on September 28th to examine and if possible destroy the obstruction across the river. She was subjected to very heavy machine-gun and rifle fire from both banks. The Comet attempted to sink the centre dhow of obstruction by gun-fire. Having failed, Cookson ordered the Comet alongside so as to board the dhow and cut the ropes. Cookson was killed on board the dhow while hacking with an axe at the wire-hausers connecting the dhow to two others.

THREE RECIPIENTS OF DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSSES.

Loughlin tended the wounded under very heavy fire, Keer kept the Lascars in the engineroom in excellent order and also carried the wounded and Blackburn carried dispatches between the General and the Comet

KUT-EL-AMARA ADVANCE.

AWARDS FOR DISTINGUISHED SERVICE

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

The "London Gazette" announces the award of the Distinguished Service Cross to Sub-Lieutenant L. C. Tudway for remarkable ability and coolness during the Kutelamara advance in manoeuvring the armed launch Sumana under fire.

The following officers are mentioned:—Naval Lieutenants K. Singleton, and W. V. Harris and Sub-Lieutenant J. H. Brown.

BLUEJACKETS' GALLANTRY IN TRENCHES.

AWARD OF D. C. M'S.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

An interesting sequel to the visit of a naval party to the western front at the beginning of the month is the announcement of the award of Distinguished Service Medals to Ships Corporal Hatherly and Petty Officer Bright.

When the naval party was in the front line trenches the explosion of several mines rendered the local position temporarily critical.

The Bluejackets rose to the occasion splendidly.

Hatherly and Bright, seeing the machine gun team knocked out, immediately manned the gun while other members of the naval party took rifles, all keeping up a sustained fire.

The Brigadier-General was present and expressed his admiration to the ranks, of the naval party's conduct.

DUTCH STEAMER SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 22.

The Dutch steamer Apollo has been sunk.

Three persons were killed and many injured.

The survivors were picked up by the Dutch steamer Prinses Juliana.

FLUSHING, Jan. 23.

The captain and fifteen of the crew of the Apollo, which was sunk near the Galloper Lightship, have been brought in.

The mate and two sailors were drowned.

BRITISH STEAMERS SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

The British steamer Sutherland reported at Bombay on December 12th was sunk on January 17th. The crew was picked up on the 19th and landed at Malta the following day. One Lascar is dead.

LONDON, Jan. 23.

The British steamer Trematon has been sunk. The crew has been landed.

CORFU A GERMAN SUBMARINE BASE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Jan. 22.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London Jan. 20:—The "Gazette Adel Popolx's" Corfu correspondent states that a German warship brought to the island a year before the war iron reservoirs for storing petrol. Submarines recently took in water at Corfu.

DEATH OF MISS T. DAVIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 21.

The death of Miss Trehawke Davies the first woman to fly the Channel is announced.

RACINC AT MAHALUXMI

EIGHTH EXTRA MEETING.

A REGULAR TERROR.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

There was a good attendance at Mahaluxmi last Saturday and the racing generally was a great improvement on what was provided on the previous Tuesday. Terror's victory in the Bushire Plate evoked some comment, after his ignominious display in the Matoonga Plate on Tuesday, with Hardy up. On Saturday Mr. Dara Cowasjee's erratic bay had the services of Buckley, with a couple of furlongs further to travel, and these modifications appeared to make all the difference, for he won quite convincingly. As he returned only 3½ to 1, Terror must have been well supported, indicating that his previous failure was satisfactorily accounted for. In official circles, I believe, this horse's vagaries are accepted as the outcome of roguish tendencies, developed through his ripe experience of Western India racing. Assuming this to be the case I see no more reason for tolerating the malpractices of an equine rogue than one of the human species, and much as I sympathise with his sporting owner in being possessed of such an unprincipled brute, I really think the Police Commissioner's attention should be drawn to his delinquencies, and he should be marched off to Pinjrapol to atone for his misconduct as a deterrent to other old stagers, who might be tempted to act likewise as the result of a bad example.

Last year Terror nearly got his owner and jockey into trouble with a somewhat analagous eccentricity by running down the street in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Plate, at the Fifth Day of the Big Meeting, when Gowalajmer ran second, and then giving the latter a most pronounced drubbing by winning the Bussorah Plate two days later, with a small advantage in weight and change of jockey. There was, however, this difference in the two exploits, that last year Terror lost the 1¼ mile event and won the mile, and this season it was *vice versa*, which further tends to intensify this horse's extraordinary idiosyncracies. Sir Knight was much fancied for the race, and not without reason, but ran a disappointing fourth. Majbur and Mexico both ran well and will win races very shortly.

The Dadar Place was disappointing inasmuch as it did not reflect the correct form of some of the ponies. Durban has already shown us that he is clean off colour, and it has been now left to us to conclude that Hidalgo, Ace of Hearts, and Young Majub are not yet at the top of their form. Mr. R. R. S.'s brilliant grey was said to have hurt himself in Poona, and if this was the case it will account for much, as his trainer will probably have to go easy with him. Ace of Hearts was generously treated in the handicap and should certainly have run better at this advanced stage of the proceedings. Saidan always runs consistently and it was his misfortune, in Poona, not his fault, that he did not earn a couple of more brackets.

Defender's attractive performance in the Powai Plate, a week previous marked him as a fairly good thing for the second division of the Lamington Plate, but as the handicap was an excellent one with a number of known speedy ones to cope with, betting favours were fairly evenly distributed amongst four or five others. Pharoah, Paradise, Shatra, and Tawakul all having a following. It was apparently a good race, though I confess to a surprise when Defender's number went up, the peculiar angle of view from the stand being most misleading.

Apart from unrevealed merit in the Newcomers Fontenoy and Stiff Neck,—beg pardon,—Athlete, Pretty Good Sort in point of class stood out by herself, even with her 9st. 11lbs. crusher. Giving North 3st. 2lbs. she could not be expected to canter the race, but won all out comfortably, so to speak, very capably ridden by Barrett, who set his own pace and took no chances. Six to four against was a good price, attributable mainly to a cock-and-bull story set afloat about Persistence having beaten Ute in a gallop. Possibly he did, with Pa Harrison up, on Ute and his son on Persistence. Anyhow, a lot of money poured in upon Mr. Ainsworth's gelding, who ran an indifferent fourth. St. Alban was whispered round and wasted a lot of good money. North ran a good horse, and on this running it looked as if Partial Eclipse might have put up a good fight had she not been withdrawn.

From what could be gathered from hearsay and the official returns, the first division of the Lamington Plate must have been a capital race, won by Saood by the narrow margin of a short head from the top-weight Quality, Flying Machine a neck further away. Mujeed in this instance appeared to get more out of Mr. Mutlag's chestnut than Trenoweth was capable of in his two previous essays, returning a remunerative dividend of Rs. 105/8. Monaco was the public fancy, though on what form the General's horse was so highly appraised, it is difficult to say. Monaco won the Coorla Plate, carrying 8st. 9lbs., when he was disqualified for crossing, but as he took 1min. 9secs. to travel the distance, he must have been accredited with having a lot up his sleeve to cope with Hurchan and Quality, even with a stone less to carry. Hurchan seems to have gone to sleep again, for with 9st. 7lbs. up I am of opinion he can easily do 1min. 7secs. and should therefore have been in the fighting line. Cardiff is another frost: he has gradually come down in the weights to the feather-weight division and on his earlier running might have been expected to account for Saood at a stone and four pounds. I imagine he must have got off badly or was shut in. Hongkong, after being tried in blinkers, has been accorded a brand new owner and a new name in Mount Pleasant without appreciable effect. This pony can gallop and will win one of these odd times.

The last race, the Arabian Plate, was won by Ajmer and not out of turn, as he has been a consistent performer as things go. The feature of this race, to my mind, was the backward running of Makbul, steered by A. Templeman. To begin with he was lucky in not being allotted ten or twelve pounds more in the handicap and I was extremely surprised to note he did not run away with the race at 8st. 13lbs. Another horse that ran badly was the diminutive Malayeb: he is small, but a good one over a mile with a decent racing weight like 8st. 6lbs. Pasha ran a game horse and passing the stand it appeared as if he would get up to Ajmer, which, however, he failed to do by a neck.

THE DADAR PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs. Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 1st Division.

Mr. N. Jehangir's SAIDAN, 7-13, Zamil ... 1
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's POLISH, 8-8, Purtoosingh ... 2
Mr. R. R. S.'s HIDALGO, 8-6, Pullin ... 3
Mr R. H. Gahagan's WELLINGTON, 9-7, Buckley ... 4

Also Ran:—Young Majub 8-10 Trenoweth, Durban 8-4 A. Templeman, Dhaidan 8-2 cd. 8-4 Hardy, Ace of Hearts 7-7 Harrison.

The Race:—Dhaidan led the way followed by Durban and Saidan. At the half-mile, Polish was running second and Hidalgo third. At the turn Saidan went to the front and Dhaidan retired. Won comfortably by 9 lengths—neck—1.

Time:—1-20 2/5

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 37/8. Places Rs. 17/8, 54/8, 21

Total Investments:—Win Rs. 20,010. Place Rs. 23,730.

THE LAMINGTON PLATE. Division II.—Distance 5 furlongs (straight).

Winner Rs. 750; second Rs. 200; third Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 3rd Division.

Messrs. Dakeel and Syed Ahmed's DEFENDER, 9-7, Trenoweth ... 1
Mr. Johnson's TAWAKUL, 8-0, Buckley ... 2
Capt. Amir Ahmed's PEPUL, 7-12, Purtoosingh ... 3
Mr. M. Mahomed Salim's LADAKH, 7-0, cd. 7-6, Mujeed ... 4

Also Ran:—England 9-7 A. Templeman, Pharoah 9-3 Zamil, Aircraft 8-12 Hardy, Paradise 8-12 Barrett, English Spot 8 3 Pullin Shatra 8-2 Harrison, Ajaney 7-11 cd. 7-12 Native, British Consul 7-7 cd. 7-10 Mitchell. Alman 7-6 Dhondi.

The Race:—Run on the straight course, and from what could be seen of it, Pepul appeared to get a big break and from the Grand Stand angle of vision seemed to win by lengths. He didn't. Defender won by a length—short-head—½.

Time:—1-6 1/5

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 53. Places Rs. 28, 18, 28.

Total Investments:—Win Rs. 18.000. Place Rs. 24,980.

THE BUSHIRE PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles. Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 300 A High Weight Handicap for Arab in the 1st Divisions.

Mr. Dara Cowasji's TERROR, 8-0, Buckley ... 1
Mr. R. R. S.'s MAJBUR. 9-1, Hardy ... 2
Messrs. Goculdass and P. Mathradass's MEXICO, 7-10, Zamil ... 3
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's SIR KNIGHT 8-11, A. Templeman ... 4

Also Ran:—Money Gold 7-12 Harrison. Excelsior 7-4 Purtoosingh.

The Race:—Money Gold showed up with Excelsior Sir Knight and Majbur next. At the mile post Excelsior dropped back and Majbur ran up to Money Gold, Sir Knight close up. At the five furlongs Excelsior and Sir Knight closed on leaders and a furlong further Excelsior was in front. Nearing the turn Majbur spurted into the lead and Terror and Mexico began to improve. In the straight Terror came through and won easily by 2 lengths—neck—2.

Time:—2-21.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 45/8. Places Rs. 29/8, 45.

Total Investments:—Win Rs. 21.440. Place Rs. 19.050.

THE NEWMARKET PLATE.—Distance 1 mile. 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

Mr. Goculdass's PRETTY GOOD SORT, 9-11, Barrett ... 1
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's NORTH, 6-3 cd. 6-9, Harrison ... 2
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's ST. ALBAN, 6-10, Purtoosingh ... 3
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's PERSISTENCE, 7-5 cd. 7-9, Buckley ... 4

Also Ran:—Fontenoy 8-3 Mitchell, Athlete 8-2 cd. 8-7 Hardy, Monsoon 8-0 Bullock, Strathroyale 7-9 Pullin.

The Race:—Pretty Good Sort had it won all the way, but had to extend herself in the last three furlongs, when North and St. Alban made an effort to get up. Won by 1¼—1¼—3.

Time:—1-55.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 25. Places Rs. 12/8, 13/8. 15/8.

Total Investments:—Win Rs. 18 940.

THE LAMINGTON PLATE. Division I.—Distance 5 furlongs (straight).

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Ebraim Mutlag's SAOOD, 8-10, Mujeed ... 1
Mr. Dara Cowasji's QUALITY, 9-7, Hardy ... 2
Mr. Nasar Abdoola's FLYING MACHINE, 8-9, Trenoweth ... 3
Mr. Abdoola Faras's CARDIFF, 7-6, Harrison. ... 4

Also Ran:—Hurchan 9-7 Barrett. Jawan 9-5 Templeman, Lord Sutu 9-3 Pratt, Cyprus 9-1 Bastian, Ben Hur 8-13 Luckman, Mount Pleasant (late Hongkong) 8-0 Pullin, Galloping Lad 7-12 Buckley, Columbus 7-11 Fahad, Present 7-11 Mitchell, Monaco 7-10 Purtoosingh.

The Race:—Run on straight course. Galloping Lad, Quality and Cyprus appeared to be prominent for the first part, with Saood and Cardiff well up. Won by short head—neck—1.

Time:—1-7

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 105/8. Places Rs. 80/8, 32, 54.

Total Investments:—Win Rs. 23,660. Place Rs. 23,300.

THE ARABIAN PLATE.—Distance 1 mile. Winner Rs. 1,200; second Rs. 400; third Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd Divisions.

Mr. Towfik Esmail's AJMER, 8-7, Trenoweth ... 1
Mr. Ali bin Talib's TAMMOOZ, 8-4, Pratt ... 2
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's PASHA, 8-1, Bullock ... 3
Mr. Khalif bin Saif's SOCRATES, 7-5, Mujeed ... 4

Also Ran:—Harry Johnson 9-10 Zamil, Black Hussar 9-2 Buckley, Makbul 8-13 Templeman, Bhatty Chief 8-7 Barrett, Malayeb 8-6 Purtoosingh. Section 8-3 Harrison, Minerva 8-0 Pullin, Powerful 7-12 Ebraim, Partner 7-10 Native.

The Race:—Tammooz, Section and Bhatty Chief showed up in front. At the six furlongs the order was Bhatty Chief, Tammooz, Section, Ajmer. Then Partner ran to the front for a furlong. At the half-mile Bhatty Chief was leading from Tammooz and Socrates. At the bend Bhatty compounded and Pasha with Ajmer came into the picture. A good race down the straight resulted in Ajmer winning by a neck—head—2.

Time:—1-54.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 42/8. Places Rs. 18, 73. 24/8.

Total Investments:—Win Rs. 25,680. Place Rs. 21,070.

SUMMARY OF CALCUTTA RACING.

BOMBAY AGAIN TO THE FORE.

FAST TIMES RECORDED.

At the close of the second meeting Calcutta Races the position of owners trainers and jockeys stood as follows:—

Mr. Goculdas stands first with Rs. 62,155 his credit. Then comes Mr. Lauder with Rs. 45,525, Mr. R. R. S. stands third with Rs. 43,125. General Obaidulla Khan runs the latter close and has won Rs. 41,230. Mr. Thaddeus has won Rs. 30,690 and stands fifth.

Among the trainers Robinson saddled nineteen winners. Then comes Thomas with eleven winners, Ferguson, nine, Scott and Byramji eight each, Ramshaw six, Bence and Butlin four each, Northmore three, Piper two, Beaumont and McOwen one each. Only one winner, Pilot, was trained privately.

It should be noted that Bandit from Byramjee's stable and Orloff from Ramshaw's dead-heated in the District Plate, so each trainer has been credited with a win.

Among jockeys Whalley rode twelve winners, Stokes ten, F. Templeman nine, Bowley seven, Hoyt six, Firth, Mason, Williamson, and Wing four each. Northmore three W. Huxley, and Gregory two each, Barker Fitzgibbon, E. Huxley, Nundlal A. Templeman and Lynch one each. The crack gentleman rider, Mr. Roddick, rode two.

Among the horses Kiltoi won in stakes Rs. 32,140, Bachelors wedding Rs. 29,310. Second Edition Rs. 21,145, Symrex Rs. 16,280, Evett, Rs. 14,000, Matchlock Rs. 13,045, First Venture Rs. 12,260, Plitian Rs. 10,770, Criton Rs. 8,220, Pastime Rs. 8,130, Pantomime Rs. 7,330, St. Andrews Rs. 7,200, Vanity Box Rs. 6,800 and Gipsy's Advice Rs. 5,880, others have won smaller sums.

Bence has done remarkably well with his samll string.—Kiltoi has established a record over 1¾ miles and Bachelors Wedding over a mile,—Pantomime's 1-13 over six furlongs in the Sandowne Park Plate and Arlingtons (a pony 14-1) 1-2 4/5 over five furlongs in the Scurry Handicap are creditable performances.—Forward 111 proved a great disappointment.

SECOND MEETING: FOURTH DAY.

(Specially Reported for The "Chronicle.")

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22.

The attendance at the fourth day of the Second Meeting was up to the usual standard. Out of the seven events, four were won by outsiders. The weather was slightly warm.

HASTINGS PLATE.—Distance 2½ miles.

Mr. Curtis Hayward's PILOT, 11-0, Williamson ... 1
General Obaidulla Khan's PARKHILL, 10-9, Ferguson ... 2
Mr. Butler's SHOLTO, 10-11, Barker ... 3

Also Ran:—Betty Birr 10-1 (refused).

Betting:—4 to 6 Pilot. 5 to 2 Parkhill, sixes rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 16. Places Rs. 12 and 13.

Betty Birr refused at the first flight. Parkhill led once round then Pilot went to the front, winning ultimately by 3½ lengths, 2 lengths between second and third.

Time:—5 mts. 10 secs.

BHAWARIPORE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Pallonji's PENNY PIE, 9-12, F. Templeman ... 1
Mr. Galstaun's WAITTEAU, 9-6, Wing ... 2
Mr. Thaddeus' LOUISE DUVAL, 9-5, Huxley ... 3

Also Ran:—Done Again 9-5, Yuan 9-9, Chobham 9-0, Blusterer 8-13.

Betting:—3 to 2 Yuan, threes Done Again and Louise Duval, fours Penny Pie, sixes Watteau, longer prices the rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 61. Places Rs. 20, 23, and 22.

Done Again streaked out the moment the gate went up, followed by Penny Pie and Watteau. There was no change till the field swung into the straight where the leader compounded, leaving Penny Pie to win by 3 length from Watteau, who was 2½ lengths in front of the third.

Time:—1 min. 14 2/5 secs.

HOOGHLY PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Thaddeus' PASTIME, 8-2, Wing ... 1
Capt. Hilliard's LAKME, 7-8, Billet ... 2
Mr. Lauder's SYMREX, 8-2, Stokes ... 3

Also Ran:—Criton 8-9, Fire Finch 8-6, Vanity Box 8-4, Twa Brigs 7-12, Hoppner 7-10, Pantomine 7-9, Water Colour 7-0.

Betting:—5 to 2 Vanity Box, threes Lakme, fives Fire Finch, sixes Symrex, Pastime and Criton, longer prices rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 90. Places Rs. 29, 20 and 22.

Lakme was first out of the gate and soon established a long lead, the rest of the field being in a cluster behind. A furlong from home Pastime, Symrex and Criton darted forward and after a tremendous finish the horses passed the post in the order named above. Half length and length separating them.

Time:—1 min. 13 2/5 secs.

MERCHANTS PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles.

Mr. Lauder's SECOND EDITION, 8-13, Stokes ... 1
Mr. Goculdass's MATCHLOCK, 9-3, Huxley ... 2
General Obaidulla Khan's SPENSER, 8-1, Bowley ... 3

Also Ran:—Freddie 7-0, Knight's Key 9-1, Manilla 8-5, Shining Way 8-4 Santa Barbara 7-7, Midsand 7-4, Cherrywood 7-0.

Betting:—5 to 2 Spenser, threes Second Edition, sixes Matchlock longer prices the rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 36. Places Rs. 14, 23, and 24.

Second Edition led from start to finish, winning comfortably by three quarters of a length. Matchlock came with a wet sail at the end of the journey and robbed Spenser of his second place by two lengths.

Time:—2 mts. 35 secs.

CITY PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Mr. Lauder's WINCHESTER, 8-6 Stokes ... 1
Mr. Thaddeus' WAYWARD and WILD, 8-8, Huxley ... 2
Mr. Galstaun's STAGE FRIGHT 6-6, Wing ... 3

Also Ran:—Sugar Loaf 9-13.

Betting:—Evens Stage Fright, twos Sugar Loaf sixes the others.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 61. Places Rs. 27, and 23.

Winchester led with Wayward and Wild second. Then Stage Fright and they finished in that order, 2¼ lengths and length dividing them.

Time:—2 mts. 12 1/5 secs.

BELVEDERE PONY PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

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Mr. Goculdass's GIPSY'S ADVICE, 10-10, Whalley ... 1
Mr. Butler's NAREB 9-7, Huxley ... 2
Mr. Rossco's NAINI, 7-0, Lynch ... 3

Also Ran:—Tatler 7-11, Sea Lad 9-5, Go On 8-7 Masonic 8-7.

Betting:—4 to 6 Gipsy's Advice, fours Sea Lad, sixes Nareb, longer prices the rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 19. Places Rs. 13, 20 and 33.

Gipsy's Advice played with the field winning very easily by 1½ lengths, half length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 43 secs.

BHOWANIPORE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Lauder's CATCH, 9-12, Huxley ... 1
Mr. Butler's I. E. 7-8, Lynch ... 2
Mr. Bartlett's LARRIKIN, 7-9, Wing ... 3

Also Ran:—Bellower 8-9, Arkangelo 9-13, Landore 9-9, Kilmarnock 9-7, Tickle Hugh 8-11, Lucky Thought 8-8, Tom Chaucer 7-10.

Betting:—5 to 4 Arkangelo, fours Catch, sixes Kilmarnock, long prices the rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 71. Places Rs. 22, 29 and 36.

A miserable start, half the field suffering badly. I. E. led but opposite the stands Catch collared him and sailing away to the front won by 3 lengths, 2 lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 16 secs.

CIVIL SERVICE CUP.

HANDICAPS.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Jan. 22.

The following is the handicap for the Civil Service Cup to be run on the 29th January:—Symptoms 9.13, Arlington 9.12, Frisette 9.9, Kiora 9.7, Ormy 9.4, Village Girl 9.3, Pier 8.13, Grey Light 8.13, Alice 8.11, Beryl 8.10, Maud 8.8, Lady Bunny 8.8, Little Arch 8.7, Dick Turpin 8.7, Sincere 8.6, Wallace Plaid 8.4, Maori King 8.3; Imperialist 8.2, Little Sim 8.0, Yod 7.6, Token 7.6, Lucky Maid 7.3, Little Wonder 6.9, Muriams 6.7, and Bonnie Blush 6.7.

PROPOSED RACING ASSOCIATION.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your issue of the 22nd instant "Old Punter" has suggested measures to ensure "clean racing," some of which might with advantage be adopted by punters. But, forsooth, what are the W. I. T. C. Stewards doing? They have, doubtless, many difficulties to contend with but unless they are able to deal with the situation with an iron hand racing in Bombay is doomed to remain as it is. Punters, therefore, cannot do better than form an association, which is not a difficult task, and fight their battles constitutionally. They can then demand such reforms as are calculated to benefit the racing public and render it impossible for the W. I. T. C. Executive not to institute the necessary reforms. The Racing Act protects the interests of the racing public and if matters do not improve, the public have only to keep aloof from the "Tote" or to appeal to Government to withhold its license. In either case the W. I. T. C. would have to close its doors, a contingency which no sportsman desires.—Yours, etc.,

HONESTY.

Bombay, Jan. 23.

ALL-INDIA CRICKET MATCH.

The All-India Cricket Match already announced will take place at Benares on 5th and 6th February between Maharaja of Kashmir's team and a picked eleven from the students of Allahabad, Agra, Aligarh, Bareilly, Benares and Lucknow colleges.

A representative meeting of Indian ladies to consider the present state of female education and suggest means of its improvement was held at Lahore on Saturday under the presidency of Mrs. Sarala Devi Choudhrani, B.A. Among the conveners of the meeting were Mrs. Shah Din, wife of Justice Shah Din of the Punjab Chief Court, and several educated Arya, Brahmo, Sikh and Sanatanist Hindu ladies.

LAWN TENNIS.

BENGAL CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22.

There were no games this evening in connection with Ladies' or Men's singles. Of the five games in Men's doubles that between Drury Davies and E. G. Bisseker, v. Yusuf brothers proved most interesting. In the Mixed Doubles there were four games of which L. S. Deane and Mrs. Lamond Walker v. N. B. Deane and Mrs. Marshall proved exciting. Mrs. Marshall being younger showed much activity but Mrs. Walker was wonderfully steady and played remarkably well. The results were as follows:—

MEN'S DOUBLES.

Second Round.

H. J. Stowe and A. L. Hosie beat N. H. Y. Warren and the Hon. H. H. Green 6—4, 1—6, 6—0.

Drury Davies and E. G. Bisseker beat Anwar Yusoof and Azhar Yusoof 6-4, 3—6, 6—3.

Third Round.

A. W. Shallow and F. N. Warren beat Major Sitwell and J. J. Floyd, 6—2, 6—1.

L. S. Deane and E. M. Atkinson, beat Z. Shimidz, and M. Seo, 6—1, 6—3.

H. J. Stowe and A. L. Hosie, beat C. C. Fink and J. Delanougerede, 6—3, 6—3.

MIXED DOUBLES.

A. W. Shallow and Mrs. Bethoud, beat F. N. Warren and Mrs. Warren, 6—2, 6—4.

L. S. Deane and Mrs. Lamond Walker, beat N. B. Deane and Mrs. Marshall, 5—2, 1—6, 6—4.

C. Carrol and Miss Mcnought beat A. D. Cox and Mrs. Alexander, 6—2, 6—1

E. M. Atkinson and Mrs. Leshie Jones beat the Hon. H. H. Green and Mrs. Donald, 6—0, 6—3.

EXAMINATIONS FOR PLEADERS

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall feel obliged by your giving publicity to this letter in your very widely circulated paper. The Government of India has decided to abolish all High Court pleaders' examination from 1917; it has issued a resolution that this examination will take place for the last time in 1916. According to the present rules a non-graduate is permitted to appear, and duly qualify himself as a pleader. But it is not now open to him to do so under the recent Government resolution, under which only graduates have been made eligible. This practically means the entire exclusion of poor and middle class men who have no means whatsoever to prosecute their higher studies in the college. Among them one finds some very brilliant youths who would make most eminent lawyers. I venture to suggest that the existing rules which permit non-graduates to appear be maintained at all events; but if that is not found possible, then it is only fair, that the operation of the resolution be postponed to 1918 at least for two years and two examinations held per year as is done by the universities in the case of LL.B., examinations. Bombay University, when it effected some changes in its curriculum allowed the candidates at least three opportunities Lord Hardinge whose name will go down to posterity as the most sympathetic and broad-minded Viceroy will, I hope, take a personal interest in this matter before he leaves India and thus earn the everlasting gratitude of thousands of Indian youths whose future solely depends on their passing the High Court Pleader's examination.—Yours, etc.,

"INDIAN."

HINDU UNIVERSITY.

APPROACHING FOUNDATION CEREMONY.

(Associated Press.)

BENARES, Jan. 22.

The preparations for the Hindu University Foundation Ceremony are approaching completion. The amphitheatre, which is a fine one, will provide accommodation for 6,000 people. The recent acceptances of invitation include that from his Highness the Maharaja of Jodhpur, whose contributions to the University fund amount to two lakhs lump and a permanent grant of Rs. 24,000 a year. Prince Harisingh of Kashmir is also coming and there is a large demand from the general public for admission. Sir Prabhashanker Pattani has arrived with Lady Pattani and will take part in the preliminary religious ceremony.

CONSECRATION OF THE SITE.

The Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya with Pandit Adityaram Bhattacharjee, Sir Gurudas Banerjee, Sir Prabhashanker Pattani, the Maharaja of Darbhanga and several local Pandits will begin from Sunday the 23rd instant to invoke the blessings of God to consecrate the site selected for the Hindu University and perform "pooja" and "path."

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

DEFENCE STATEMENTS RECORDED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LAHORE, Jan. 22.

In the Lahore conspiracy supplementary trial on Saturday the Special Commissioners continued to examine the accused and record their statements. The accused generally denied the allegations against them and such of them as had already made confessions before the magistrates repudiated the confession, except Ganda Singh Nihang who partially admitted his. They protested their innocence and a few also complained of police maltreatment and enmity of prosecution witnesses.

TRAMWAY OFFICIALS AND PASSENGERS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read the letter of date sent to your papers by "Shahani Gopaldas Tuljaram" regarding the Tramway Company Officials and Passengers" I can give a much worse instance than that. Some time ago I was in a car reading the daily papers. I noticed the conductor of the carrush passed me and on looking in his direction I saw him and the driver of the car lay hold of a European by his throat and chest trying to push him down the car, as the passenger was trying to come in by the front door. The passenger pushed both of them, came in and took a seat. The car just reached Pydownee. The conductor called the starter who asked the passenger to get down from the front and come in by the back doors. The passenger refused, his name was taken and I daresay was reported accordingly. Have these two officials instructions to handle a passenger thus? If a passenger committs a breach of a by-law take his name and report the matter. Why this rough treatment.—Yours, etc.,

"DISGUST."

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(Continued on Column 6.)

MACHINERY, ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL AND MOTOR SECTION.

(Published every Monday.)

COBALT PLATING.

NICKEL PROCESSES EXCELLED IN TIME AND COST.

It is refreshing amidst the turmoil of war to discover a department of science or engineering which is engaged upon constructive and not destructive work—a group of men who are working to give to the world of art and industry some agent or medium which it did not previously posses, writes "The Standard."

One such department is the Canadian Bureau of Mines. This department exists to develop the mineral sources of Canada, and the great problem before it is to extend the market for cobalt, a metal in which certain of the mining areas are known to be particularly rich.

Cobalt, it may be explained, is closely allied to nickel in many of its chemical and physical properties. Nickel, by reason of its immunity from oxidisation under ordinary atmospheric conditions, has been found useful for preserving iron and steel. The most effective means of obtaining thin protective coatings of nickel is by electro-deposition, or what is commonly known as electro-plating. Articles so coated with nickel are said to be nickel-plated.

During the last decade nickel plating has enjoyed great commercial popularity, but cobalt, curiously enough, has received very little attention. The difficulty in obtaining cheap supplies of cobalt has undoubtedly acted adversely.

The Canadian Bureau of Mines, as the result of collaboration with the chemists of Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario, have recently demonstrated that cobalt can actually be made to show commercial advantage over nickel when used for plating purposes.

The questions which amongst others had to be solved by research were:—Can cobalt be plated on iron, steel, brass, tin, German silver, lead, etc., to yield as uniform, as adhesive and as satisfactory a finished surface as nickel? Is cobalt plate harder and less corrosive than nickel under ordinary atmospheric action? What bath is most suitable for commercial conditions? Can nickel be deposited at a speed superior to cobalt? What are the relative current efficiencies under the best conditions, and what is the relative cost of cobalt and nickel plating?

TWO VALUABLE SOLUTIONS.

Over thirty various solutions were employed. Although several were found to be suitable for cobalt plating under commercial conditions two were selected as of outstanding value.

The first solution, consisting of 145 grams of anhydrous cobalt-ammonium sulphate to the litre, was found to be capable of cobalt-plating on the various sizes and shapes of objects met with in commercial practice at a speed at least four times that of the fastest satisfactory nickel solutions. The second solution, consisting of 312 grams cobalt sulphate, 19.6 grams solium chloride, boric acid (nearly to saturation), to one litre of water, was found to be capable of plating on similar objects to those used with the first solution at a speed 15 times as great as that of the fastest satisfactory nickel solutions.

Cobalt plating performed with these solutions of brass, iron, steel, copper, tin, German silver, lead, and Britannia metal articles, resulted in firm, adherent, hard, and uniform deposits. These may readily be buffed to a satisfactorily finished surface, having a beautiful lustre, which, although brilliantly white, posses a slightly bluish cast.

The two cobalt solutions already mentioned are stated to be remarkable for their ability to deposit in indentations. The cobalt deposited is stated to be so much harder than nickel that one-quarter the weight of cobalt is required to provide the same protective coating of nickel. This means a relatively smaller consumption of electrical power.

Ornamental work on brass, copper, tin, or German silver is shown to require only a one minute deposit. Even wares exposed to serve atmospheric influences, or friction, can be admirably coated with cobalt in 15 minutes. "The tremendous possibilities of this rapid plating," say the investigators, "are not to be completely realised until mechanical devices are applied to reduce hand labour to a considerable extent."

Thick deposits of cobalt are also stated to be vastly superior to any that are produced from nickel solutions. The tendency to distort thin articles is less pronounced, while electrotypes and electrodies have been given a superior thick deposit in a most satisfactory manner. The lines were hard, sharp, and tough, and the surface smooth. Nickel does not equal cobalt for excellence of massive plates.

These eminently satisfactory results, carrying the authority of the Canadian Bureau of Mines, will undoubtedly receive careful attention in England when business reverts to normal conditions.

RINGWORM AND ECZEMA CURED.

MAGIC ZAM-BUK GROWS HEALTHY SKIN.

Undeniable evidence of Zam-Buk's marvellous healing power is furnished by the experience of Satya Kinker Ghose 37/1 Mundel Street, Calcutta, who writes as follows:—

"My page has been cured by Zam-Buk of that loathsome disease, ringworm. My aunt has also used Zam-Buk with excellent results. She had been suffering from eczema on her wrist for a year and a half and all the prescribed ointments and lotions of many Doctors failed to cure her. After applying Zam-Buk, however, new and smooth skin appeared on her wrist, and we are very glad to say that her skin is now quite clear and healthy.

"I have used Zam-Buk on various occasions for cuts from penknives and also for mosquito bites. The great benefit I have derived from Zam-Buk has so impressed me that I have sent a few pots to my native home so that others may share the benefit to be gained from this splendid healer.

"I can say, without any hesitation, that Zam-Buk possesses wonderful healing power, and I am only too glad to tell other people about the benefits I have derived from your 'Magic Pot,' as I call it."

Khetranath N. Singh, Provincial Judicial Service, Jeipur P. O. District Cuttach Orissa, writes as follows:—

"I am very pleased to testify that I have used Zam-Buk personally, and found it to be highly efficacious in cases of foot-soreness and cuts, etc. No home should be without a pot of Zam-Buk."

Zam-Buk contains no animal fat and is unequalled for eczema ulcers poisoned sores, bad legs, piles, jungle sores stings, insect bites ringworm, black rot, etc. Re. 1 or Rs. 2-4 per pot of chemists and medicine vendors. Direct from Kemp & Co., Bombay.

Zam-Buk

OZONIZERS IN PARIS WATERWORKS

In order to operate the new waterworks in the suburbs of Paris for sterlizing water of the Marne river with the ozone process, there is erected an elaborate outfit of electric apparatus for supplying current and for the production of ozone. Three-phase current comes from the suburban circuit at 5,000 volts and 50-cycle frequency and on the cables are connected three transformers of 200 kilowatt size which supply low-tension current at 110 volts. All the motors of the plant are run upon this current, and besides the various pumps, etc, the motors serve to drive three alternators or rather rotary converters, of 70 kw. capacity each and these convert the three-phase current to single-phase current of 220 volts and 500 frequency; for the ozonizers require single-phase current. But this is raised by sets of transformers to a high tension of 15,000 and 8,000 volts for use in the ozonizers. The plant contains five batteries of one type of ozonizer and eight batteries of another. In the former type, using 8,000 volts, each battery contains sixteen elements made up of glass plates of large size, coated with tinfoil so as to produce the electric discharge between the plates. Water cooling, by a suitable arrangement of water jackets, is provided for the pairs of plates, and the air passes through the spaces so as to become charged with ozone. Each battery of ozonizers is mounted in a closed chamber with plate glass sides, and the air passes through this chamber and then goes to the water tanks for purifying the water. The batteries of the other type of ozonizer, are made up of concentric cylinders instead of flat plates, and are also provided with water cooling. They operate on 15,000 volts. The new plant can treat 2,500,000 cubic feet of water daily.

PETROL ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVE.

"Engineering News" recently gave a description of the new petrol-electric locomotive, used by the Minneapolis, St. Paul, Rochester and Dubuque Electric Traction Co., in operating what are known as the "Dan Patch Electric Lines." This line, running from Minneapolis for 107 miles to Mankato, is entirely worked with this motive power. For light traffic, use is made of a 70 feet petrol-electric motor car seating 89 passengers, to which a trailer may be added, but for extra heavy traffic a train is made up of trailers and a 60 ton petrol-electric locomotive. The locomotives are double-ended and carried by two two-motor four-wheeled bogies. The cab is arranged in a single compartment and has in it two generating sets. Only one engineman is required. Each set has a 175 h.p. 550 revs. per min. 8-cylinder petrol-engine directly connected to a 600 volt compound-wound commutating-pole generator. Ignition is from low tension magnetos. The sets are started by air pressure; but with one set running, the second set may be started electrically. Either or both of the generating units may be used to operate the locomotive in either direction. Each of the four motors is a 100 h.p. 600 volt type. The tractive effort at starting is 32,200 lbs.

AN UNUSUAL ACCIDENT.

A flash of lightning during a thunderstorm is credited with causing an explosion in a mine shaft in South Africa which killed and injured several people. According to the report on the case, the foreman in charge of sinking the shaft had connected up his wires preparatory to a blast at the bottom of the shaft, and with his helper was being hoisted from the shaft when the charges exploded and the two men were thrown out at the top. It is supposed that a flash of lightning during a severe thunderstorm that was raging struck the hoisting or guide ropes, by which the electricity was conducted down the shaft to some point where contact was made with the wires connected with the explosives.

HIGHER EFFICIENCY.

PROBLEMS IN MODERNISATION OF POWER PLANTS.

It is a good sign that that inexhaustible problem, the modernisation of power plant in factories, should again be receiving the attention of our engineering institutions, for it is evident that much work of this character will have to be performed in England before or when peace is declared, if we are to meet foreign competition on an equal ground in the world's markets, says the "Standard."

That many British industrial plants are not designed and equipped in a manner conducive to the highest efficiency is not altogether the fault of the proprietors. It has to be remembered that many British industrial firms are of great age; that their plant has expanded from small beginnings; and that the expansions have been governed, and often hindered, by adverse Income-tax laws. The time has come when the Government must overhaul the laws governing the relations between British industry and the State.

Most would-be reformers have directed their attention to what they term the financial handicaps upon British industry, particularly the sections dealing with engineering. They point out that Germany's rapid progress in the world's markets was not secured by a superiority in produce, but by the more convenient terms of payment offered by her representatives. It is asserted that whilst German bankers have backed German industry by concessions often open to serious dispute, British bankers have failed to support the engineering industries in many very reasonable propositions. Until the banking professions states the case for its defence, it is difficult to obtain a fair judgment on this important side of the problem.

Mr. W. A. Tookey, who recently discussed the wide problem of modernisation before the Junior Institution of Engineers pointed out that much of the wastage now going on in British factories was due to the result of undue caution in the spending of capital. It was quite a simple matter, he said, to decide that such and such a rearrangement would be worth doing, but it was not quite so simple to arrange for the money to be available when it had to be saved out of income or when it necessitated a permanent increase in capital. Much inefficiency, on the other hand, was due to the purchase of unsuitable apparatus—the result of parsimony induced by the desire of proprietors to limit outlay upon tools.

A more serious cause of inefficiency in factories was the well-intentioned but unwittingly indiscriminate individual who, with no technical knowledge and but commercial ability, accepts or declines propositions in respect to new schemes of power production, transmission, and other subjects of paramount importance without soliciting the technical guidance of professional engineers.

GAS VERSUS ELECTRICITY.

Dealing with the relative merits of steam engines, international-combustion engines, and electric motors as power sources, Mr. Tookey grouped trades and industries into those demanding the generation of power only, and those also requiring the provision of a proportionately small amount of heating; and those that involve more heating than power generation. In the first group, clothing factories, wood-working and saw mills, jobbing printers, cement works, engineering shops, grinding plants, stone-working, and other industries would be included. The second would comprise newspaper printing, bookbinding, cardboard-box making, tanneries, laundries, and similar undertakings. In the third would appear chemical works, distilleries, soap works, breweries, and linoleum factories.

The ideal conditions from the point of view of maximum efficiency include continuous working over long periods, and, in the case of large factories, the utilisation of various products resulting from coal carbonisation which are entirely destroyed in the usual practice of steam and gas generation. Although many factors governed a comparison between the running costs of gas engines and electric motors in small towns, it might be accepted for general purposes that electric current at 1d. per unit was equivalent to gas at 46d. per 1000 cubic feet. There were, however, many conditions under which electricity would preferably be installed. Considerations of space and general cleanliness frequently made it possible to exercise a preference for electrical driving. The two methods amount to but a small sum when expressed in terms of £ s. d. per anuum after the cost of running repairs, oil, etc., have been duly taken into account.

In the case of larger factories, where steam power might be considered, it was generally found that the internal combustion engine using gas from bituminous coal realised lower fuel costs than the steam engine from a coal-fed boiler.

A matter also deserving of careful attention when undertaking the modernisation of existing factories is that of securing the highest efficiency of the devices used in power transmission.

After discussing at some length the problems involved where a factory requires a preponderance of heat over power, Mr. Tookey concluded with an appeal for the removal of the "three years' average" in the scheme of Income-tax assessment, and for a better adjudgment of depreciation allowances. The moral effect induced by allowances from taxation in respect of rational expenditure on improvements and machinery would, he contended, stimulate much healthy progress and improve the conditions under which workpeople in the smaller factories at present often labour.

PROTECTING BRIGHT ARTICLES FROM RUST.

In the "American Machinist," Mr. A. L. Haas remarks that the ease with which bright surfaces of steel or iron will tarnish is one of the vexations of the machine builder. Machines and other goods for export are often subject to tropical temperatures before reaching their destination; the temperature may be sufficiently high to melt grease, and the atmosphere such that rust will easily form. Under such conditions special care is necessary. The low melting-point of many greases and the subsequent troubles incident to complaints from over-sea destinations have led some shippers to revert to the old white-lead and tallow-coasting. This is mixed with 4lb. of tallow to 1lb. of white lead, the latter being stirred into the melted tallow. Because of the acid in the tallow this coating must be removed at the earliest opportunity, using kerosene or turpentine; but there is no doubt that it protects from rust. The question of protective coatings against corrosion is most difficult in the case of quantities of small-size articles. It is difficult to slush them effectively; to pack in solid grease is out of the question; simple oiling is insufficient and to apply lacquer by hand is prohibitive on cheap goods. A method which has been giving first-rate results in the case of buckles, rings and harness fittings generally may help to solve this vexed question elsewhere. Cheap varnish is diluted to two or three times its volume with methylated spirits. On account of evaporation, the mixture is made up as required. The apparatus consists of two oil drums, each minus one end. An ordinary 5-gallon drum, which is 11 inches in diameter, has ¼ inch holes punched in the bottom and sides. The other drum may be of 6¾ gallon capacity, of 12 inches diameter, or a 10-gallon drum which is larger still. The larger vessel is filled about one-quarter full, and the articles to be treated are put in the smaller vessel. The perforated drum is lowered into the liquid, immersing the articles to be coated. Withdrawing the smaller vessel immediately, the major portion of the fluid drains back again in a minute or so. To finish draining and to harden the coating, the contents are then shot out on a wire draining surface and in 15 minutes are ready to pack. The process is really a cheap and effective form of cold lacquering in bulk. The articles remain bright for long periods of time, while the coating is not in the least obvious—in fact, it can hardly be detected—so that the appearance of the goods is not altered. Articles so treated will stand a long sea voyage, arriving at their destination in perfect condition, and will then keep free from rust for 12 months. The quantity of bright buckles 5 gallons of the mixture will cover has to be seen to be believed. Hundreds of gross can be treated daily by the addition of ½ to 1 gallon per day. An effective draining bed can be procured in the shape of a wire mattress. An inclined pan beneath it with a draining hole at one corner, completes the apparatus.

FOR THE PHOTOGRAPHER.

The fact that it is recommended to wash the floor in the dark-room when hypo has been spilt indicates that one chief cause of markings and stains on plates and papers is even now not as widely recognised as it should be. Spilt hypo solution, unless mopped up and the floor wiped, dries up in time, and the solid hypo then becomes ground to fine particles, which may find their way to all manner of places in the dark-room. Hence the advice which rightly is constantly given to have a floor-covering for the dark-room which can be swabbed clean with a wet mop. After all, that is only to remedy an evil which is better prevented at the start. In any commercial dark-room, or, in fact, even in that of the amateur worker, there should be no occasion for slopping hypo solution on the floor. The means of avoiding it are to set aside a sink for the hypo baths, and to place also in the same sink a tank, or basin, of clean water, in which plates can be rinsed before they are carried about in the dark-room or are removed from it for placing in the washing tanks. Still better is to provide just above this sink a lamp fitted with white light, against which the negative can be examined while still held over the sink. Even the amateur worker who has not the facility of a water supply in his dark-room can nevertheless make provisions of this sort in the shape of a special bench or table for the hypo baths, and along with them tanks or dishes at least equal in capacity to those occupied by the fixing baths.

ORE HANDLING.

In 1880 Alexander E. Brown installed the first mechanical ore unloaded to take ore from the hold of a boat and deliver it either to cars or to stock piles without rehandling, an invention that marked the first step in the remarkable American system of ore handling. No radical improvement in the principle of ore unloading was made for nearly twenty years.

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(*Continued from 1st column.*)

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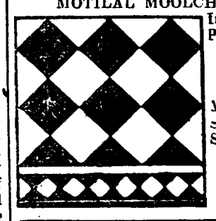

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CAST METAL SHELLS.

The repeated statements by responsible Ministers that victory will largely be determined by a preponderance of heavy ammunition gives considerable weight to Mr. James Keith's persistent advocacy of the use of cast metal shell casings in addition to the forged shell casings now under construction. Mr. Keith contends that our output could be enormously increased by this process and our cost relatively lowered.

When the proposal was first made some six months ago objections were raised to the effect that cast metal shells would be liable to serious defects; that their flight would be uncertain and their employment a danger to our gunners. To the layman these arguments seemed sufficient to justify a continuance under the old regime.

Now Mr. Keith comes forward with new facts. He points out that the French army, whose artillery is understood to be the best in the field, is now using cast metal shell casings; that not only is a special mixture of metal for the shell casings being regularly sent over to France from this country but that thousands of these cast casings are actually being manufactured in England and Scotland for the French Government.

Detailing the manner in which the cast metal shells behave under explosive force, Mr. Keith states that the unannealed cast casings break up like glass, whilst the annealed ones behave very similarly to the forged steel shells. It is contended that 50,000 tons of the special metal required for cast steel shells could be produced and supplied weekly from the various smelting works throughout the kingdom.

"DEVIL POSSESSION."

In the "Indian Medical Gazette" for January an officer of the I. M. S. describes a typical case of what he calls "devil-possession." A sepoy, a Punjabi Mahomedan, was brought into hospital suffering from frequent attacks of "fits." The story was that while marching by night with a convoy across the desert he had inadvertently desecrated a grave, which in that part of the country may be only a raised mound, barely marked by stones, and a very common object along the caravan routes. Both this sepoy, a youth of 18, and his comrades were certain that the spirit of the departed would avenge the desecration, unintentional though it was. The lad brooded over this till the idea dominated his mind and he became demented. With reference to the treatment, the writer of the article is careful to explain that he did not think it wise to begin arguing with his patient about the folly of the belief in devil-possession in general. He spoke to him quietly but firmly, telling him he had seen many such cases and that the majority of such cases, his own included, were simply due to worrying and brooding over some similar accident. He dissuaded the patient's friends from telegraphing to Rawalpindi for a noted exorcist, and he had the satisfaction of seeing his patient discharged well after some fifteen days in hospital. It would seem that the only medicinal treatment was the application of smelling salts to the nostrils to avert an impending fit.

HEADLIGHT FOR ELECTRIC FLATIRONS

A novel electric flatiron has appeared on the market which is provided with a headlight. The latter consists of a small lamp of four candlepower operated at six volts. The beams of this lamp are projected down upon the work directly in front of the point of the iron, and enable the operator to see just what he is doing. The lamp is arranged to burn only when current is flowing through the iron, and for this reason it operates as a signal to show whether the current is turned on or off. Although the lamp is small it is so near the work that it gives plenty of light, and its rays are shielded from the eyes of the operator.

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CHRISTMAS IN TH TRENCHES.

NO FRATERNISING WITH ENEMY.

OCCASIONAL SNIPING.

There was little in Flanders on the eve of Christmas to show men were keeping in mind an old tale of wonderful meaning to humanity, and that the time of it had come round again, says Mr. H. W. Tomlinson, the "Daily News" correspondent, writing from British Headquarters on Christmas night. In the town best known to some of us here, a place future Englishmen will visit because the destiny of their country once depended on the urgent decisions of some of their fellows who were forced to live there for a period, only a few supergaudy postcards in the shops signified that a thought other than of war was in our minds. There was some holly and mistletoe for sale, of course; and the provision shops remembered the festival. Also our post from home was larger than usual, and our various messes passed amusing documents between themselves. But the general remembrance of Christmas was kept submerged, by common consent. The carols which all of us know—well, sometimes somebody gave way and began to sing a verse; but its sinister irony was not suffered. He was promptly closured. In the ruthless actuality of war the church of a community is the place shelled first, and shelled always; and in the same way any man prompted beyond his parapet in the firing line this Christmas by a tender and generous recognition that the fellow with a gun in the opposite mud-hole was his very brother, got it in the neck, as the men say. This had better be said at once One has to admit the fact, as one does shell fire when it is close. The men in the trenches knew quite well—the worse their luck—it was Christmas time; but kept their heads down.

IN EVERYBODY'S THOUGHTS.

The rain yesterday morning was adding more to the saturated levels of Flanders. A little way off form where we were the mule teams of a convoy seemed to be prancing mutinously into a sea. They were making for a far inky smear of poplars which stood between the sullen light of the clouds and the lower placid light of an expanse where land used to be. Sometimes the mules thought they knew where the road was to be found, and now and then the drivers. Between them they kept a fair average—about the level of the girths, with fountains through which the drivers occasionally appeared. A battery of guns passed our car on the road and shot black liquid into our eyes and mouths—the compliments of our season. A white gate stopped us, and while we waited an elderly French sentry crooned something to himself about Noel and a marvellous babe. But we only heard the beginning of his song because of the rumble of an interminable train conveying cannon and things. What was in everybody's thoughts was clear; but with so many guns about thoughts which are expressed in a lower key are at a distinct disadvantage. Later there was an interesting but unpleasant village, and the rain had stopped. The clouds opened, watery sunlight made the ranges plain, and a shell opened the road by a street corner; more of a house front fell into the road. Our men about ducked and laughed.

"God rest you merry, gentlemen," greeted the officer we had come out to see. "No, our men will have no fraternising to-morrow."

There really seemed to be no promise of it, anyway. A salvo of ours banged from somewhere about. Howitzers were roaring methodically in their lairs. Ours again. The upper air was full of screaming and dolorous cries, most of it made by us; most, by a long way. The noises from the unlucky direction were surprisingly less, by last summer's standard. This was certainly exhilarating.

"The Germans have made their bed," said this officer, who had a noticeable chin and an embarrassingly straight eye, "and they shall lie on it. This is what they asked for, and they are getting it. When they have had enough let them say so. In the meantime there are no holidays, not even at this time of the year."

In certain desolated headquarters, where sacking kept out wind and rain from unlucky holes, there was holly behind coloured pictures from the illustrateds, and frosted cake and puddings and such on the tables. Men were a little bit more thoughtful, and their fun was ironic; but they kept their guns going incessantly.

Christmas Day began with rain, and then became gleamy and mild, the very likeness of the day before. The aqueous roads past those farms and cottages which often stood isolated in meres were crowded with the traffic of war. Screened by a shrubbery, I began my Christmas in the trenches by discovering the bottom of the mud too late But with a sudden noise like downfall behind you it is rather difficult to take care where you put your feet. The murk of a little copse was on our left, its branches lopped, some of the trees curiously splintered off short, as though ravaged by a gigantic animal. Sometimes the bottom of the liquid communication trench is fairly close; at other times not. One never knows till one has tried; and as the parapets have been in some places partly dissolved, it is better not to stand about experimenting, because a German machine gun may begin doing that while you wait, and with complete results. But men who are used to it take the yellow mud apparently with complete indifference. Anyhow they take it, even on Christmas Day. What they do say is, "Here we are again."

That being the only way to go, when snipers are looking on intently, you continue, and don't complain so much as comfortable people at home might think, though water is cold just now. Therefore if you find less of the right spirit of the season in this narrative than might have been expected, now you've got the reason. We ducked, as some German shells went overhead to burst on the road behind.

Luckily in my section the communication path rose towards the firing line, where an occasional crack or the sound of a harp overhead showed that the day might be what it liked, but things were as usual. I found the firing line, as one does generally, with surprise. The approach seemed interminable; I squeezed past a barrier of sandbags that were oozing evil grey slime, getting mud even on my cap at last, and a sharp crack passed overhead. A still figure opposite me, so merged in the tone of the grey and oozing muck about him that he was not seen till his boots squelched and he moved, cautiously opened a port in the slimy wall against which he had been leaning, slowly thrust through a rifle, waited a few seconds, and fired. He then turned to regard me with a face like doom.

THE SILENT YOUNGSTERS.

"That fellow's a nuisance," said an officer to him. "He's always potting at that corner."

"Yes, sir," said the figure of mud darkly, "but I know where he is, and I'll get the beggar yet." Our own sniper then looked gravely about him, saw what he wanted, and touched iron. Slithering above the ankles in well-worked paste to the breastwork, I leaned against its greasy and foul-smelling surface with a periscope, looking for the nuisance opposite. But all I could see was a chaffinch perched on the barbed wire outside our barrier.

"Come and see our crater," said my guide. "It's a fine crater. The Germans made it, but we've got it. Only don't say a word while you are there, and go quietly, for the beggars are only a few yards away."

One's feelings are mixed in such cases, but one goes. We splashed and squeezed about between those stacks of hard grey bags, and ooze was everywhere, repulsive to touch and to smell. Within dark recesses of the bags I saw recumbent figures, covered with new mud, fast asleep; others jammed themselves against the muck to allow us to pass as cleanly as possible. You would have liked the eyes of those lads. They were the only bright objects there, except the bayonets. We got to our crater, a deep disruption of the clay, barbed wire spilled into it, and banked with bags where its rim was too dangerous. Through the indirect eye of a cautious mirror I could make out beyond a still land, ominous in its astonishing quietude, with some fantastic ruins beyond, through which showed the forlorn light of this Christmas Day.

Beside me stood a silent youngster, who might have been your son, muffled, intent gripping a rifle with a fixed bayonet, his thoughts heaven knows where, watching the few yards of earth between us and the foe, with a box of bombs close at hand, and around him a wreckage of wet clay and barbed wire.

A YEAR OF CRISIS.

ARCHBISHOP OF YORK'S SOLEMN MESSAGE FOR 1916.

Writing a New Year's letter to the members of the Church of England Men's Society, the Archbishop of York says:

"There can be no question of the solemnity of this New Year; it will be one of the most fateful in the history of our country and of Europe. Yet we must meet it with hope—hope that it may bring a just and lasting peace; hope that whatever happens our country may be found united and determined, gathering a strength out of which may come not only victory but a new and deeper spirit in the national life; hope that each of us—whatever the year may bring—may be found full of fortitude and faith, and ready to play the man. Many (C. E. M. S. members who are soldiers) have already died the death of honour. . . . What I want mainly to urge is that C. E. M. S. should hold itself in readiness during the year for whatever call may come to the Church from its appointed leaders. In the course of 1915 I had the great privilege of spending a fortnight with the Grand Fleet. I think the most abiding impression of those memorable days is the sense of exhilaration which came through living in the atmosphere of a great comradeship in which each man had his place and was standing ready at it.

"It was a vision of what Christ's Church was meant to be, and might be; and, I will add, of what I hope the comradeship of the Men's Society will prove to be, if the Church is called this year to fulfil, in a manner and on a scale worthy of the times, its mission to the nation. Truly, this will be a year of crisis, that is, of sifting for us—for Europe, for this country, for the Church, yes, for the C. E. M. S. and each of its members. This is not the time either for the nation or for us in C. E. M. S. to raise doubts and complaints, to report disappointments, or to discuss signs of weakness, any more than it is a time to boast of any signs of success. It is a time rather for girding up the loins of our mind, for putting a wholly new strength into our prayer and service, for hearing the call as we have not heard it before, and going steadily ahead in obedience to it."

The Archbishop concludes: "I close this letter with the words with which I closed my annual message: 'Solemn, solemn beyond all words, is the responsibility of the men of the present generation, who have been called to pass through a greater ordeal of spirit than any of their fathers have gone through before them.'"

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THE NEW GOVERNMENT IN MEXICO

AFTERMATH OF ANARCHY.

GENERAL CARRANZA'S DEFFICULTIES.

The new regime io Mexico has been formally recognised by the United States with the transfer of Mr. Henry P. Fletcher, Ambassador to Chili, to the vacant Embassy at Mexico City, writes the New York correspondent of the "Standard." For nearly three years diplomatic relations between America and Mexico have been either partly or wholly severed, while the revolutionists struggled for mastery. The end has now come with General Venustiano Carranza as President, but Washington is by no means satisfied that the new executive will prove capable of settling the many disturbing problems which confront his administration. Nevertheless, every possible assistance which General Carranza may request will be given to him, and if he fails to establish in Mexico a firm and orderly foundation of representative government, it will be because the Mexicans themselves are not yet ready for a complete system of democracy.

The United States Government, having suffered the revolutionary parties to wage their barbarous conflicts until exhaustion defeated one faction after another, is not now inclined to demand too much of the successful survivors. Mexico will be given all the time necessary to recover her poise, and though the process requires years, it will not be hastened by arbitrary interference by America. Europeans having large interests in Mexico will have to bear patiently the slow processes of readjustment, just as they were compelled to put up with the destructivenes of the revolutionary movements. Nevertheless, President Carranza undoubtedly recognises that Mexico requires, above everything else, to regain the confidence of foreign nations by restoring Mexican finance on a sound basis.

Arrangements for meeting the huge national debt of the Republic are now proceeding tentatively, and are being studied by the best advisers the new President can secure. The primary source from which the Government will obtain money is by confiscation. The enemies of the Carranza regime can expect no mercy from the victors The Carranzists are proceeding as if the defeated rebels were soldiers of a foreign nation, so overwhelmingly beaten as to be compelled to pay an indemnity. There are many gold and silver mines owned by leaders of the factions that opposed General Carranza, and these are to be taken over by the Government and administerd as State property.

CONFISCATIONS IN MEXICO CITY.

In Mexico City real estate owned by Mexicans antagonistic to Carranza has already been confiscated and placed under control of the Sub-Secretary of Commerce. The confiscations number more than 500, and the end has not yet been reached. Those persons who were prominently identified with the Huerta regime, and those who were faithful to Porfirio Diaz at the time of his downfall, are feeling with especial severity the enmity of the new Government. Not only in the capital itself are they losing their property, but also in the provinces. Vast estates in rural districts are being acquired in this fashion, and President Carranza expects to sell them to purchasers friendly to the new regime. It is questionable whether persons can be found willing to acquire title under these circumstances, except at prices far below the real worth of the plantations. Nevertheless, the Government must sell, and is stable conditions prevail, there will be many bargains that can be picked up by venturesome capitalists.

The foreign business world in Mexico City is uneasy concerning General Carranza's attitude toward legitimate industrial enterprises. The President realises this fact, and also sems to understand the necessity for quieting all alarms among foreigners. Little that can cause complaint has as yet occurred. But foreigners do not wnow with any certainty where the Government's passion for making quick money by confiscations will end.

Side by side with the confiscations General Carranza is showing an appreciation of popular needs by prohibiting the export of cotton. The manufacture of cotton goods is a very important Mexican industry, and the new Government has resolved that factory hands shall not suffer through a lalck of raw material. Mexican cotton, especially that in the Laguna district, is said, by many judges to be the finest in the world. Nevertheless, the planters are not the gainers by this fact. The Government has shown no evidence of being willing to regulate prices in keeping with the high quotations offered abroad for Laguna cotton. Primarily, the Mexican mill workers must keep their machines going, and high prices for raw materials will not be tolerated by the Government.

SUSPICION AMONG WORKING CLASSES.

How the working classes of Mexico will take to the Carranza Government is causing much concern. There is no belief that the people themselves have any aversion toward the regime as such, but it is evident that after three years of irresponsible, revolutionary life, the peons are not in favour of a return to a more orderly existence. They are opposing all efforts to reestablish a firm rule. The peons under previous Mexican administrations have invariably been brutally treated except during the brief Presidency of Medero. They have been held in a bondage of debt, almost impossible to avoid, which has been scarcely less brutal in its operation than the actual condition of slavery.

The peons do not want to return to the devastating conditions that they knew when General Diaz was President. They have had their first taste of liberty on the revolutionary battlefields and in the military camps of the recent contestants for the Presidency, and they want more of it. How General Carranza will meet this problem is unknown. It is certain that for a long time to come revolutionary bands will be at large in many parts of the Republic A new military policy will have to be adopted, which will require the formation of a large mobile force of military police. There is no other method available for running down the disturbers of the public peace, and it will prove expensive.

This armed force, too, will unquestionably be a constant temptation to Mexican generals to try to secure control of it, and bring about a coup d'etat. The risk is one that General Carranza must face, however for it will be impossible to permit the untamed rebels to roam unhindered over the country. It is evident, therefore, that with all its present power the possibility exists that an attempt to overthrow the Carranza Government may occur at any time. For the moment, General Carranza's control is indisputable; but the duration of his rule is beyond the kin of prophecy.

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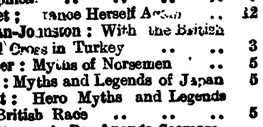

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